# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue 7 November 2024

Version 1.05

### Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name Product code Other means of identification Product type

- : SIGMACOVER 350 HARDENER
- : 000001172489
- : 00220294; 00272755; 00480544
- : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### **Identified uses**

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	: PPG Industries Uruguay SA Av. Italia 5846 esq. Ancona – Montevideo Uruguay Tel. +598 26000514 Fax. +598 26003032
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Hospital de Clinicas- CIAT- 1722

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3</li> </ul>
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

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Section 2. Hazard	
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, brain.
	Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 21.2%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 21.2%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 56%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 34.6%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul><li>Flammable liquid and vapor.</li></ul>
	May be harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Harmful to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

### Section 2. Hazards identification

result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	1	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	00220294; 00272755; 00480544

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number	: Not applicable.
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Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil	20 - <30	68082-29-1
fatty acids and triethylenetetramine		
Amides, from C18-unsatd. fatty acid dimers, tall-oil fatty acids and	20 - <30	68953-09-3
triethylenetetramine, reaction products with bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin		
polymer		
xylene	12.5 - <15	1330-20-7
2-methylpropan-1-ol	12.5 - <15	78-83-1
benzyl alcohol	12.5 - <15	100-51-6
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	5 - <7	90-72-2
ethylbenzene	2 - <3	100-41-4
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	2 - <3	112-24-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first	t aid measures
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate med	ical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.</li> <li>The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.</li> </ul>

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# Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	Causes severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	May be harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ersonal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures						
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.						
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".						

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	1	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways,
-		drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused
		environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material.
		May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a **Precautions for safe** history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in handling which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. Conditions for safe storage, : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store including any in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated incompatibilities area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental

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### Section 7. Handling and storage

contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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#### Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
xylene 2-methylpropan-1-ol		Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil, 11/2001) [Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)] TWA 8 hours: 78 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 340 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil, 11/2001) TWA 8 hours: 40 ppm.
ethylbenzene		TWA 8 hours: 115 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . <b>Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil,</b> <b>11/2001)</b> TWA 8 hours: 78 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 340 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
Recommended monitoring procedures		appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to for methods for the determination of hazardous ed.
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engineerin contaminants below any reco	ation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust g controls to keep worker exposure to airborne mmended or statutory limits. The engineering controls or dust concentrations below any lower explosive entilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or they comply with the requirem cases, fume scrubbers, filters	work process equipment should be checked to ensure ents of environmental protection legislation. In some or engineering modifications to the process o reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measured	res	
Hygiene measures	before eating, smoking and us Appropriate techniques should Contaminated work clothing s contaminated clothing before showers are close to the work	
Eye protection Skin protection	: Chemical splash goggles and	face shield.
Hand protection	be worn at all times when han this is necessary. Considerin check during use that the glov should be noted that the time different for different glove ma	s gloves complying with an approved standard should dling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates g the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, res are still retaining their protective properties. It to breakthrough for any glove material may be anufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of ction time of the gloves cannot be accurately
Gloves	: nitrile neoprene	

English (US)

Uruguay

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Section 8. Expos	Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection					
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.					
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>					
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.					

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	: L	.iquid.
Color	: (	Colorless.
Odor	: A	Amine-like.
рН	: N	Not applicable.
Melting point	: N	Not available.
Boiling point	: >	•37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: (	Closed cup: 31°C (87.8°F)
Evaporation rate	: N	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: N	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: N	Not available.
Vapor pressure	: N	Not available.
Vapor density	: N	Not available.
Relative density	: 0	).95
Solubility(ies)	. [	Media Result
Solubility(les)		cold water Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: 1	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 3	335°C (635°F)
Decomposition temperature	: N	Not available.
Viscosity	ŀ	Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

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# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredie	nts.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur	
Conditions to avoid	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	
Incompatible materials	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	
Hazardous decomposition products	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following ma carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds	aterials:

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., limers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	
riethylenetetramine					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	
kylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-	
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-	
penzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-	
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) ohenol	LD50 Dermal	Rat	1280 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	_	
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours	
,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	_	
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1465 mg/kg	-	
· •	LD50 Oral	Rat	1716 mg/kg	-	

#### Irritation/Corrosion

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result			Species	Score	•	Exposure	Observation
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	Eyes - Severe irrit		s - Severe irritant		-		-	-
xylene	Skin - Irrita Skin - Mod		ant	Human Rabbit	-		- 24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary							0	I
Skin	: There ar	e no data	availa	ble on the mi	xture itsel	lf.		
Eyes	: There ar	e no data	availa	ble on the mi	xture itsel	lf.		
Respiratory	: There ar	e no data	availa	ble on the mi	xture itsel	lf.		
Sensitization								
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	S	pecies			Resu	t	
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	skin	M	louse			Sensi	tizing	
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	skin	G	iuinea p	big		Sensi	tizing	
Conclusion/Summary				-				
Skin	: There ar	e no data	availa	ble on the mi	xture itsel	lf.		
Respiratory	: There ar	e no data	availa	ble on the mi	xture itsel	lf.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>								
Not available.								
Conclusion/Summary	• There ar	e no data	availal	ble on the mi	xture itsel	lf.		
Carcinogenicity								
Not available.								
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	e no data	availa	ble on the mi	xture itsel	lf.		
<b>Classification</b>								
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP					
xylene	-	3	-					
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-					
Carcinogen Classification of IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be OSHA: + Not listed/not regula	a human carci	nogen; Rea	asonably	anticipated to	be a humai	n carcin	ogen	
-								
Reproductive toxicity								
Not available.								
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	e no data	availa	ble on the mi	xture itsel	lf.		
Teratogenicity								

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Not available.

#### **Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Amides, from C18-unsatd. fatty acid dimers, tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine, reaction products with bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin polymer	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

#### Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, brain.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2-methylpropan-1-ol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
benzyl alcohol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effec	<u>ts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.
Symptoms related to the ph	uysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. Exposure to amine vapor has been reported to cause transient corneal edema described as blue haze, halo effect, foggy or blurred vision for several hours. This condition is typically temporary and does not cause permanent visual effects. When the proper eye protection specified in Section 8 is worn, exposure is significantly reduced and the condition has not been observed.
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GMACOVER 350 HARDENER	2154.1	2201.1	N/A	30.7	3.9
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A
benzyl alcohol	1200	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1200	1280	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	1716	1465	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### **Other information**

: Not available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and	EC10 1.78 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
triethylenetetramine			
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
2,4,6-tris	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
(dimethylaminomethyl)pheno	1		
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/I Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
2,4,6-tris	OECD 301D	4 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-
(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Ready			
	Biodegradability -			
	Closed Bottle			
	Test			
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-

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### Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	-	-	Not readily
xylene benzyl alcohol 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol		-	Readily Readily Not readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

#### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	Low
2,4,6-tris	0.219	-	Low
(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol			
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	-1.66 to -1.4	-	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

#### Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3469	UN3469	UN3469	UN3469
UN proper shipping name	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE
Transport hazard class(es)	3 (8)	3 (8)	3 (8)	3 (8)
Packing group	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(Polyamide)	Not applicable.

Additional inform	nation		
UN	: None identified.		
Brazil	: None identified.		
<b>Risk number</b>	: 38		
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq$ 5 L or $\leq$ 5 kg.		
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.		
Special precautio	<b>ons for user</b> : <b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.		
Transport in bulk to IMO instrumen			
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### Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

# Section 16. Other information

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Date of previous issue	: 10/9/2024
Version	: 1.05
	EHS

Code	00000117	72489	Date of issue	7 November 2024	Version	1.05
Product nam	ne	SIGMACOVER 350 HARDENER				

# Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
	ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of
	Dangerous Goods by Road
	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
	UN = United Nations
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.