SAFETY DATA SHEET

PPG VIKOTE 56 RED 6188



Date of issue 12 November 2024

Version 2

1. Product and company identification

Product name	: PPG VIKOTE 56 RED 6188
Product code	: 00475155
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Supplier's details	: PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777
Emergency telephone number	: 078 574 2777

2. Hazards identification

	Japan Page: 1/1
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Signal word	: Danger
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	
GHS Classification	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 2

Product code 00475155 Product name PPG VIKOTE 5	Date of issue 12 November 2024 Version 2 6 RED 6188
2. Hazards identifi	cation
	Causes damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs) Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), hearing organs, nervous system, respiratory organs) Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
CSCL number	: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	25 - <50	64742-95-6	Not available.
Xylene	15 - <20	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	10 - <12.5	95-63-6	3-3427; 3-7
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro	3 - <5	63449-39-8	2-68; 2-71
Ethyl Benzene	3 - <5	100-41-4	3-28; 3-60
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	1 - <2	108-67-8	3-3427; 3-7
propylbenzene	1 - <2	103-65-1	3-21
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	1 - <2	526-73-8	3-3427; 3-7
Octadecanamide, N,N'-1,6-hexanediylbis	0.5 - <1	55349-01-4	2-3055
[12-hydroxy-			
Cumene	0.2 - <0.5	98-82-8	3-22
Ethanol	0.2 - <0.5	64-17-5	2-202
Cyclohexanone	0.2 - <0.5	108-94-1	3-2376
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	0.1 - <0.2	13463-67-7	1-558; 5-5225

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. 	
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.	
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. 	
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. 	

Most important sympt	oms/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health	<u>n effects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	 Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs	/symptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering

	redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. 	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	

4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides carbonyl halides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non- sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original

with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
x ylene	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023)
	OEL-M 8 hours: 50 ppm. OEL-M 8 hours: 217 mg/m ³ . Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020) [xylene] TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023) OEL-M 8 hours: 25 ppm. OEL-M 8 hours: 120 mg/m ³ .
	Japan Page: 5/16

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

1		
ethylbenzene		Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023) Absorbed through skin.
		OEL-M 8 hours: 20 ppm.
		OEL-M 8 hours: 87 mg/m ³ .
		Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,
		6/2020)
		TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
mesitylene		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 5/2023)
		OEL-M 8 hours: 25 ppm.
1.0.2 trimethylbonzone		OEL-M 8 hours: 120 mg/m ³ .
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene		Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023)
		OEL-M 8 hours: 25 ppm.
		OEL-M 8 hours: 120 mg/m ³ .
cumene		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 5/2023) Absorbed through skin.
		OEL-M 8 hours: 50 mg/m ³ .
		OEL-M 8 hours: 10 ppm.
		Technical Guideline Concerning the
		Applications, etc. of Concentration
		Standard for Preventing Health Hazards
		(Japan, 4/2023)
		TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.
cyclohexanone		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 5/2023)
		OEL-M 8 hours: 25 ppm.
		OEL-M 8 hours: 100 mg/m ³ . Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,
		6/2020)
		TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
titanium dioxide		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 5/2023) [titanium dioxide]
		OEL-M 8 hours: 1.5 mg/m³ (as Ti). Form:
		Respirable particulate matter.
		OEL-M 8 hours: 2 mg/m ³ (as Ti). Form:
		Total particulate matter.
		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 5/2023) [titanium dioxide
		(nanoparticle)]
		OEL-M 8 hours: 0.3 mg/m³. Form: nanoparticle.
		·
Recommended monitoring		riate monitoring standards. Reference to
procedures		nods for the determination of hazardous
	substances will also be required.	
Appropriate engineering		se process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation
controls		worker exposure to airborne contaminants limits. The engineering controls also need to
		s below any lower explosive limits. Use
	explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Environmental exposure		ocess equipment should be checked to ensure
controls		environmental protection legislation. In some
cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the proc		
	will be necessary to reduce emissions	
	,	

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before Hygiene measures eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eye protection : Chemical splash goggles. Skin protection Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Gloves : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: May be used: nitrile rubber Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task **Body protection** being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be Other skin protection selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the **Respiratory protection** hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	: Liquid.		
Color	: Red.		
Odor	: Aromatic.		
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)		
Flash point	: Closed cup: 39.6°C (103.3°F)	
Relative density	: 0.97		
Solubility/ico)	Media	Result	
Solubility(ies)	cold water	Not soluble	

10. Stability and reactivity

-	-
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides carbonyl halides

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
5	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Paraffin waxes and	LD50 Oral	Rat	26100 mg/kg	-
Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro				
Ethyl Benzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
propylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	6040 mg/kg	-
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	11.4 g/kg	-
Cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2260 mg/kg	-
Ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	17100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
Cyclohexanone	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1800 mg/kg	-
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

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Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 1	-	central nervous
			system (CNS),
			kidneys, liver,
			respiratory organs
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
			irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Ethyl Benzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
			irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
			irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
			irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Cumene	Category 1	-	nervous system
	Category 3		Respiratory tract
			irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Ethanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
			irritation
Qual a barran an a	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Cyclohexanone	Category 1	-	respiratory system
	Category 2		central nervous
	Catanamia		system (CNS)
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
			Pago: 9/1

Japan

11. Toxicological information

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X ylene	Category 1	-	nervous system,
			respiratory organs
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 1	-	central nervous
			system (CNS),
			respiratory organs
Ethyl Benzene	Category 1	-	hearing organs,
			nervous system
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Category 1	-	central nervous
			system (CNS),
			respiratory organs
Cumene	Category 2	-	respiratory organs
Ethanol	Category 1	-	liver
	Category 2		central nervous
			system (CNS)
Cyclohexanone	Category 1	-	bones, central
			nervous system
			(CNS)
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	Category 1	-	respiratory organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethyl Benzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. **Skin contact** : Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. Ingestion : Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics : Adverse symptoms may include the following: Eye contact pain or irritation watering redness Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effec	ts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure		
<u>Short term exposure</u>				
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	4	Not available.		
Long term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.		
Potential chronic health effects				
General	1	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.		
Carcinogenicity	1	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.		
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Reproductive toxicity	:	May damage fertility or the unborn child.		

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
PPG VIKOTE 56 RED 6188	N/A	2977.7	N/A	16.7	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	N/A
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro	26100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethyl Benzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	24	N/A
propylbenzene	6040	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	11400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cumene	2260	12300	N/A	11	N/A
Ethanol	7000	17100	N/A	124.7	N/A
Cyclohexanone	1800	300	N/A	3	N/A

Other information

Product code 00475155

Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 RED 6188

11. Toxicological information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Ethyl Benzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours -
Ethanol Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	Acute EC50 7640 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours 48 hours

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
Ethyl Benzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
₩ylene Ethyl Benzene Ethanol	- - -		- -		Readily Readily Readily	/

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
X ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
Paraffin waxes and	7.46 to 11.48	-	High
Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro			
Ethyl Benzene	3.6	79.43	Low
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	3.42	186.21	Low
propylbenzene	3.69	-	Low
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	3.66	194.98	Low
Cumene	3.55	35.48	Low
Ethanol	-0.35	-	Low
Cyclohexanone	0.86	-	Low

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)	Not applicable.

Additional information					
UN	: None identified.				

UN	: None laentified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Product code 00475155 Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 RED 6188

15. Regulatory information

Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name			
Vylene Trimethylbenzene Chlorinated paraffin (limited to those C10-13 and the	17 13 4.3	Class 1 Class 1 Class 1	80 691 72
mixtures thereof) Ethylbenzene	3.9	Class 1	53

Industrial Safety and Health Act

Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
ethyl benzene	≤10	Special Organic Solvents	3-3

Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Petroleum naphtha	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	330
Xylene	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	136
Trimethylbenzene	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	404
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Ethanol	≤10	Listed	61

Chemicals requiring notification

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Petroleum naphtha	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	330
Xylene	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	136
Trimethylbenzene	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	404
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Cumene	≤10	Listed	138
Ethanol	≤10	Listed	61
Cyclohexanone	≤10	Listed	231
Titanium(IV) oxide	≤10	Listed	191

Carcinogens based on Article 577-2 of the Ordinance on ISH

None of the components are listed.

<u>Mutagen</u>

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid

: Not listed

Occupational Safety and Health Law

: Inflammable, Combustible

15. Regulatory information

0 7	
Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	: Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	: Not listed
Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	: Not listed
ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances	: Inflammable, Combustible
Lead regulation	: Not listed
Organic solvents poisoning prevention	: Class 2

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
⋉ ylene	≥10 - ≤20	Priority assessment	125
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	≥10 - ≤20	Priority assessment	49
Polychlorinated normal paraffin (It is limited that the	≤10	Class I Specified	32
number of carbon is 10 to 13 and the content of chlorine is		-	
more than 48% of the total weight.)			
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	50
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	201
Cumene	≤10	Priority assessment	126
Cyclohexanone	≤10	Priority assessment	131
Toluene	≤10	Priority assessment	46
Benzene	≤10	Priority assessment	45
Naphthalene	≤10	Priority assessment	76
Salt of N,N,N-trimethyldodecane-1-aminium	≤10	Priority assessment	229
1-Butanol	≤10	Priority assessment	124
2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-Octamethyl-	≤10	Monitoring	40
1,3,5,7,2,4,6,8-tetraoxatetrasilocane		-	
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol	≤10	Priority assessment	64
N,N-Dimethyldodecylamine	≤10	Priority assessment	165

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available. Law

Explosives Control Law

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Not available. of pollution of the ocean

Maritime Safety Law

Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

15. Regulatory information

Container class

None of the components are listed.

JSOH Carcinogen	:	Group 2B
List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste	:	Not listed
Japan inventory	:	Not determined.
Road law	:	Not available.

16. Other information

History	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12 November 2024
Date of previous issue	: 12/21/2023
Version	: 2
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.