# SAFETY DATA SHEET

SIGMACOVER 380 BASE GREY 5100



#### Date of issue 13 November 2024

Version 9.01

1. Product and company identification			
Product name	: SIGMACOVER 380 BASE GREY 5100		
Product code	: 000001090001		
Other means of identification	: 00250042; 00272767; 00369525		
Product type	: Liquid.		
Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	: Consumer applications, Professional applications, Used by spraying.		
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.		
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.		
Supplier's details	: PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777		
Emergency telephone number	: 078 574 2777		

## 2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 1
	HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD -
	Category 1
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

# 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements		Flammable liquid and vapor.
nazaru statements	1	Causes skin irritation.
		May cause an allergic skin reaction.
		Causes serious eye irritation.
		Suspected of causing genetic defects.
		May cause cancer.
		May damage fertility or the unborn child.
		Causes damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs)
		Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing
		organs, immune system, kidneys, nervous system, respiratory organs) Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
General	1	Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not esult in classification	:	Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers			
CAS number: Not applicable.CSCL number: Not available.			
Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns) Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz) bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	25 - <50 15 - <20 10 - <12.5	14808-60-7 14807-96-6 1675-54-3	1-548 Not available. 4-209; 7-1279; 7-1283
Xylene 4-Nonylphenol branched	5 - <7 3 - <5	1330-20-7 84852-15-3	3-3; 3-60 3-503
aluminium metal Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100) Phenol, methylstyrenated</mw<=1100) 	3 - <5 3 - <5 3 - <5	7429-90-5 25036-25-3 68512-30-1	Not available. Not available. Not available.
Crystalline silica (quartz) Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	3 - <5 2 - <3 2 - <3	14808-60-7 13463-67-7	1-548 1-558; 5-5225
isobutyl alcohol Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes,	2 - <3 2 - <3	78-83-1 64742-48-9	2-3049 Not available.
	1	Japan	Page: 2/16

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

cyclics, < 2% aromatics			
Ethyl Benzene	1 - <2	100-41-4	3-28; 3-60
Octadecanamide, N,N'-1,6-hexanediylbis	0.5 - <1	55349-01-4	2-3055
[12-hydroxy-			

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.</li> <li>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>

Most important symptom	ns/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health e	ffects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sy</u>	r <u>mptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### 4. First aid measures

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.		
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.		

See toxicological information (Section 11)

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam. media Unsuitable extinguishing : Do not use water jet. media Specific hazards arising : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In from the chemical a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. Hazardous thermal : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides decomposition products nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides **Special protective actions** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable for fire-fighters training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. **Special protective** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. equipment for fire-fighters

### 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### 6. Accidental release measures

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
vystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023) [Respirable crystalline
	silica]
	OEL-C: 0.03 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Respirable dust.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023) [Class 1 dusts (Activated
	charcoal, Alumina, Aluminium, Bentonite,
	Diatomite, Graphite, Kaolinite, Pagodite,
	Pyrites, Pyrite cinder)]
	OEL-M 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Total dust
	(Class 1 Dust).
	OEL-M 8 hours: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form:
	Respirable dust (Class 1 Dust).
xylene	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023)
	OEL-M 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	OEL-M 8 hours: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,
	6/2020) [xylene]
Aluminium neuder (stebilized)	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023) [Class 1 dusts (Activated
	charcoal, Alumina, Aluminium, Bentonite,
	Diatomite, Graphite, Kaolinite, Pagodite,
	Pyrites, Pyrite cinder)]
	OEL-M 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Total dust
	(Class 1 Dust).
	OEL-M 8 hours: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form:
	Respirable dust (Class 1 Dust).
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023) [Respirable crystalline
	silica]
	OEL-C: 0.03 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Respirable dust.
titanium dioxide	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023) [titanium dioxide]
	OEL-M 8 hours: 1.5 mg/m³ (as Ti). Form:
	Respirable particulate matter.
	OEL-M 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Ti). Form:
	Total particulate matter.
	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023) [titanium dioxide
	(nanoparticle)]
	OEL-M 8 hours: 0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form:
	nanoparticle.
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023)
	OEL-M 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	OEL-M 8 hours: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,
	6/2020)
athulhanzana	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
ethylbenzene	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023) Absorbed through skin.
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# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	OEL-M 8 hours: 20 ppm. OEL-M 8 hours: 87 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020) TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.	
Recommended monitoring procedures	: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measu	res	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.	
Skin protection		
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	
Gloves	: butyl rubber	
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.	
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.	

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance</b>			
Physical state	: Liquid.		
Color	: Gray.		
Odor	: Aromatic.		
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)		
Flash point	: Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F)		
Relative density	: 1.55		
	Media	Result	
Solubility(ies)	cold water	Not soluble	
Viscosity	: 🗲 100 s (ISO 6mm)		

10. Stability and reactivity				
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.			
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.			
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.			
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.			
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides			

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	23000 mg/kg	-
phenyl]propane				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15000 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
4-Nonylphenol branched	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-
aluminium metal	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15900 mg/kg	-
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw< td=""><td>LD50 Dermal</td><td>Rat</td><td>&gt;2000 mg/kg</td><td>-</td></mw<>	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
<=1100)				
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Phenol, methylstyrenated	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Titanium dioxide (excluding	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
nanoparticle)				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
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# 11. Toxicological information

	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
isobutyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
Ethyl Benzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	-
	Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	0.4	24 hours	-
	Skin - Edema	Rabbit	0.5	4 hours	-
	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	0.8	4 hours	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	4 hours	-
Xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
4-Nonylphenol branched	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	4	-	-

#### **Sensitization**

•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	Route of exposure	Species	Result
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz) Xylene	Category 1 Category 1	-	respiratory organs central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
4-Nonylphenol branched	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
aluminium metal	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
isobutyl alcohol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
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## **11. Toxicological information**

	Category 3 Category 3	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract	
	_	irritation	
	Category 3	Narcotic effects	

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz)	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Xylene	Category 1	-	nervous system, respiratory organs
4-Nonylphenol branched	Category 2	-	kidneys, liver
aluminium metal	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Crystalline silica (quartz)	Category 1	-	immune system, kidneys, respiratory organs
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Ethyl Benzene	Category 1	-	hearing organs, nervous system

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Xylene Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethyl Benzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

•	
Potential acute health effect	<u>ts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the pl	usical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

# 11. Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effect	ts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>
General	:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	1	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
Reproductive toxicity	1	May damage fertility or the unborn child.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMACOVER 380 BASE GREY 5100	14920.1	10019.1	N/A	102.8	N/A
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	15000	23000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
4-Nonylphenol branched	1300	2140	N/A	N/A	N/A
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>2500</td><td>2500</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw<=1100)<>	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Phenol, methylstyrenated	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
isobutyl alcohol	2830	2460	N/A	11	N/A
Ethyl Benzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A

#### Other information

Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

### 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - daphnia magna	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
4-Nonylphenol branched	Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l	Crustaceans - Moina macrocopa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
isobutyl alcohol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Ethyl Benzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
Ethyl Benzene	-	79 % - Rea	idily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	-		-		Not rea	adily
Xylene Ethyl Benzene	-		-		Readily Readily	

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
4-Nonylphenol branched	5.4	251.19	Low
Phenol, methylstyrenated	3.627	-	Low
isobutyl alcohol	1	-	Low
Ethyl Benzene	3.6	79.43	Low

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or

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### 13. Disposal considerations

grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### 14. Transport information

-			
	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III		III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane)	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq$ 5 L or $\leq$ 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

# **Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### **15. Regulatory information**

#### Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

#### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Xylene	6.3	Class 1	80
Alkylphenol (limited to those the alkyl group is C9)	4.9		320
Ethylbenzene	1.1		53

#### **Industrial Safety and Health Act**

Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

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#### Product name SIGMACOVER 380 BASE GREY 51

### 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
ethyl benzene	≤10	Special Organic Solvents	3-3

#### Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Crystalline silica	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	165-2
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Titanium(IV) oxide	≤10	Listed	191
Butanol	≤10	Listed	477
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70

#### **Chemicals requiring notification**

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Crystalline silica	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	165-2
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Aluminium and its water-soluble salts	≤10	Listed	37
Titanium(IV) oxide	≤10	Listed	191
Butanol	≤10	Listed	477
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70

#### Carcinogens based on Article 577-2 of the Ordinance on ISH

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
quartz	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	-
quartz	≤10	Listed	

#### <u>Mutagen</u>

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid	: Not listed
Occupational Safety and Health Law	: Inflammable, Combustible
Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	: Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	: Not listed
Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	: Not listed
ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances	: Inflammable, Combustible
Lead regulation	: Not listed
Organic solvents poisoning prevention	: Class 2

#### Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

### 15. Regulatory information

None of the components are listed.

#### **Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)**

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Polycondensate of 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (liquid only)	≥10 - ≤20	Priority assessment	87
Xylene	≤10	Priority assessment	125
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	50
Toluene	≤10	Priority assessment	46
Phenol	≤10	Priority assessment	62
Isopropenylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	48
Benzene	≤10	Priority assessment	45
4,4'-(Propane-2,2-diyl)diphenol	≤10	Priority assessment	75
Epichlorohydrin	≤10	Priority assessment	22

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available.

#### Law

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#### **Explosives Control Law**

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Not available. of pollution of the ocean

#### Maritime Safety Law

#### Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

#### **Container class**

None of the components are listed.

JSOH Carcinogen	: Group 1
List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste	: Not listed
Japan inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.
Road law	: Not available.

### **16. Other information**

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 13 November 2024
Date of previous issue	: 5/24/2024
Version	: 9.01
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association



### **16. Other information**

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

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