

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2015.

Date of issue/Date of revision 15 November 2024

Version 1.02

## Section 1. Identification

**Product name** : SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE GREY 9515  
**Product code** : 000001099286  
**Other means of identification** : 00211282; 00224178; 00467283  
**Product type** : Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Professional applications, Used by spraying.  
**Use of the substance/mixture** : Coating.  
**Uses advised against** : Not applicable.

**Supplier** : PPG Architectural Coatings Canada, Inc.  
1550, rue Ampère, bureau 500  
Boucherville (Québec) J4B 7L4  
Canada  
+1 450-655-3121

PPG Industries, Inc.  
One PPG Place  
Pittsburgh, PA 15272

**Emergency telephone number** : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)  
(514) 645-1320 (Canada)  
SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México)  
SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)

**Technical Phone Number** : 888-977-4762

## Section 2. Hazard identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4  
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1  
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1  
Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1

### GHS label elements

## Section 2. Hazard identification

**Hazard pictograms****Signal word**

: Danger

**Hazard statements**

: Flammable liquid and vapor.  
Causes skin irritation.  
May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
Causes serious eye damage.  
Harmful if inhaled.  
May cause respiratory irritation.  
May cause cancer.  
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)  
Causes digestive tract burns.  
Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

**Precautionary statements****Prevention**

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

**Response**

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

**Storage**

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**Disposal**

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Supplemental label elements**

: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Do not taste or swallow. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 18.3% (oral), 51.9% (dermal), 65.8% (inhalation)

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture  
**Product name** : SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE GREY 9515  
**Other means of identification** : 00211282; 00224178; 00467283

#### CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Talc; magnesium silicate monohydrate (talc) not containing asbestiform fibres	10 - 30*	14807-96-6
Epoxy Resin (700<MW<=1100)	phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane] (700<MW<=1100)	10 - 30*	25036-25-3
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	alpha-quartz; Silica, crystalline (quartz); Silica, Crystalline Quartz; SILICA, CRYSTALLINE, QUARTZ; Silica-Crystalline, Quartz; Silica - Crystalline Quartz; Silica-Crystalline : Quartz; Silica, crystalline - quartz	10 - 30*	14808-60-7
xylene	Benzene, dimethyl-; Xylol; Benzene, dimethyl-, mixed isomers; xylene, mixed isomers, pure; xylene, crude; Benzene, dimethyl-; Xylene (mixed); xylene (total); Xylenes; Dimethylbenzene; XYLENES (Isomer Mixture)	10 - 30*	1330-20-7
aluminium powder (stabilised)	aluminium powder (stabilised)	1 - 5*	7429-90-5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Kerosine - unspecified; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic; (Polyethyl) benzenes; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy arom. - ultra low naphthalene; Heavy aromatic solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic; Heavy solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom; AROMATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE; Solvent Naphtha (petroleum)	1 - 5*	64742-94-5
2-methylpropan-1-ol	iso-butanol; 1-Propanol, 2-methyl-; Isobutyl alcohol; Isobutanol; 2-Methyl-1-propanol; Isopropylcarbinol; IBA; i-Butyl alcohol; isobutanol; iso-butanol; Isobutyl alcohol (I,T); 1-Propanol, 2-methyl- (I,T)	1 - 5*	78-83-1
ethylbenzene	Benzene, ethyl-; Phenylethane; Ethylbenzol; photosensitive emulsion consisting of cyclized polyisoprene containing: — 55 % or more but not more than 75 % by weight of xylene (CAS RN 1330-20-7) and — 12 % or more but not more than 18 % by weight of	1 - 5*	100-41-4

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	ethylbenzene (CAS RN 100-41-4); EB; Mono-(or di-) methyl (ethyl,bromoallyl, bromopropoxyxycarbonyl orchloropropoxyxycarbonyl) benzene	1 - 5*	64742-48-9
1-methoxy-2-propanol	monopropylene glycol methyl ether; 1-methoxypropan-2-ol; 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-; Propylene glycol monomethyl ether; Dowtherm 209; Propylene glycol methyl ether; 1-Methoxy-2-hydroxypropane; 2-Methoxy-1-methylethanol; PGME; mixture containing by weight: — 69 % or more but not more than 71 % of 1-methoxypropan-2-ol (CAS RN 107-98-2), — 29 % or more but not more than 31 % of 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (CAS RN 108-65-6); methoxyisopropanol	1 - 5*	107-98-2
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	alpha-quartz; Silica, crystalline (quartz); Silica, Crystalline Quartz; SILICA, CRYSTALLINE, QUARTZ; Silica-Crystalline, Quartz; Silica - Crystalline Quartz; Silica-Crystalline : Quartz; Silica, crystalline - quartz	1 - 5*	14808-60-7
4-nonylphenol, branched	Phenol, 4-nonyl-, branched; Branched 4-nonylphenol (mixed isomers); Nonylphenol, 4-branched; N-NONYLPHENOL; Nonylphenol; C9-Branched alkyl phenol; Branched p-nonylphenol; 4-Nonylphenol; branched; Monoalkyl(C3-9)phenol; C9 branched alkyl phenol	0.5 - 1.5*	84852-15-3
naphthalene	White tar; Tar camphor; Naphthalin; naphthalene, pure; naphthalene, crude; MOTH FLAKES; Naphthalene (8CA & 9CA); naphthalene [PAH, POM]; NAPHTHALENE, REFINED; NAPHTHALENE, MOLTEN; naphtalene	0.1 - 1*	91-20-3
toluene	Benzene, methyl-; Methylbenzene; Toluol; Phenyl methane; Methyl benzol; toluene, pure; toluene, crude; antisal 1A; benzene, methyl-; CP-25; methane, phenyl-; methylbenzene; methylbenzol; NCI-CO7272; phenyl methane; RCRA waste number U220; toluol; tolu-sol; methacide; 1-methylbenzene; methacide; Cuminy alcohol; Cuminol	0.1 - 1*	108-88-3

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

##### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

##### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
dryness  
cracking  
blistering may occur  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

## Section 4. First-aid measures

- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

- : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

### Hazardous thermal decomposition products

- : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon oxides  
nitrogen oxides  
metal oxide/oxides  
Formaldehyde.

### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

- : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

### Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

- : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

**For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Special precautions** : Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Wash hands thoroughly after handling.



## Section 7. Handling and storage

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	<p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b> OEL 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable particulate.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023)</b> TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)</b> TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable particulate matter..</p> <p><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)</b> TWAEV 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable dust..</p> <p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013)</b> TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable fraction.</p>
Epoxy Resin (700<MW<=1100) crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	<p>None.</p> <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b> OEL 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable particulate.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023) [Silica, Crystalline - alpha quartz and Cristobalite]</b> TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Silica, Crystalline (Quartz/Tripoli)]</b> TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable particulate matter..</p> <p><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023) [Silica Crystalline -Quartz]</b> TWAEV 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable dust..</p>



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

xylene

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013)**TWA 8 hours: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable fraction.**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)****[Dimethylbenzene]**

OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm.

OEL 15 minutes: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

OEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

OEL 8 hours: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023) [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)]**

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)****[Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)]**

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)****[Xylene]**

TWAEV 8 hours: 100 ppm.

TWAEV 8 hours: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

STEV 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

STEV 15 minutes: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013) [Xylene]**

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

Aluminium powder (stabilized)

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)**OEL 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Metal Dust.**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023) [Aluminum metal and insoluble compounds]**TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable.**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)****[Aluminum metal and insoluble compounds]**TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable particulate matter..**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)****[aluminum and its compounds]**TWAEV 8 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form:

Respirable dust..

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013) [Aluminum pyro powders and metal dust]****[Aluminum pyro powders and metal dust]**STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (measured as Al). Form: Metal dust.STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (measured as Al). Form: Pyro powder.TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (measured as Al). Form: Metal dust.TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (measured as Al). Form: Pyro powder.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.  
2-methylpropan-1-ol

None.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)**

OEL 8 hours: 50 ppm.

OEL 8 hours: 152 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023)**

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)**

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)**

TWAEV 8 hours: 50 ppm.

TWAEV 8 hours: 152 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013)**

STEL 15 minutes: 60 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)**

OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm.

OEL 8 hours: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

OEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

OEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023)**

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)**

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)**

TWAEV 8 hours: 20 ppm.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013)**

STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

None.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)**

OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm.

OEL 15 minutes: 553 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

OEL 8 hours: 369 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

OEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023)**

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)**

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)**

TWAEV 8 hours: 100 ppm.

TWAEV 8 hours: 369 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

STEV 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

STEV 15 minutes: 553 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013)**

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

ethylbenzene

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

1-methoxy-2-propanol

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)**

OEL 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable particulate.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023) [Silica, Crystalline - alpha quartz and Cristobalite]**

TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Silica, Crystalline (Quartz/Tripoli)]**

TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable particulate matter..

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023) [Silica Crystalline -Quartz]**

TWAEV 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable dust..

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013)**

TWA 8 hours: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable fraction.

None.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)**

Absorbed through skin.

OEL 15 minutes: 15 ppm.

OEL 8 hours: 10 ppm.

OEL 8 hours: 52 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

OEL 15 minutes: 79 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023)** Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)**

Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)**

Absorbed through skin.

TWAEV 8 hours: 10 ppm.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013)** Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 15 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)**

Absorbed through skin.

OEL 8 hours: 50 ppm.

OEL 8 hours: 188 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023)**

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)**

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)**

TWAEV 8 hours: 20 ppm.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013)** Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 60 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

4-nonylphenol, branched naphthalene

toluene

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Chemical splash goggles and face shield.

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Gloves** : butyl rubber

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Gray.
Odor	: Aromatic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
pH	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.4
Density ( lbs / gal )	: 11.68

Solubility(ies)	<b>Media</b>	<b>Result</b>
	cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not applicable.	
Viscosity	: Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): >400 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (>400 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (>21 cSt)	
% Solid. (w/w)	: 75.079	

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Epoxy Resin (700<MW <=1100)	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
aluminium powder (stabilised)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15900 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
4-nonylphenol, branched	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-
naphthalene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
4-nonylphenol, branched	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	4	-	-

#### Conclusion/Summary

- Skin** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.  
**Eyes** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.  
**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Sensitization

- Skin** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.  
**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Carcinogenicity

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
xylene	-	3	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
naphthalene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
toluene	-	3	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-
naphthalene	Category 2	-	-
toluene	Category 2	-	-

### Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, skin, bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.  
Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, ears.

### Aspiration hazard



**Section 11. Toxicological information**

Name	Result
xylene Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. ethylbenzene Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1  ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Information on the likely routes of exposure****Potential acute health effects**

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
dryness  
cracking  
blistering may occur  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**

- Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central

## Section 11. Toxicological information

nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Potential delayed effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Potential delayed effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Potential chronic health effects

**General** : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE GREY 9515	6139.0	2802.5	N/A	25.0	3.2
Epoxy Resin (700<MW<=1100)	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
1-methoxy-2-propanol	5200	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-nonylphenol, branched	1300	2140	N/A	N/A	N/A
naphthalene	490	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
4-nonylphenol, branched	Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l	Crustaceans - <i>Moina macrocopa</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
toluene	-	-	Readily

### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	2.8 to 6.5	-	High
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
4-nonylphenol, branched	5.4	251.19	Low
naphthalene	3.4	85.11	Low
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Section 14. Transport information

	TDG	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic)	(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic)	Not applicable.

### Additional information

- TDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.
- IMDG** : This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.
- IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not applicable.

**Proof of classification statement** : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### [National Inventory List](#)

Canada inventory ( DSL ) : All components are listed or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications.  
The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 15 November 2024

**Organization that prepared the SDS** : EHS

**Key to abbreviations** :

- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
- N/A = Not available
- SGG = Segregation Group
- UN = United Nations

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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*The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.*