# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



### Date of issue 19 November 2024

Version 6.02

### Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

: SIGMACOVER 350 BASE BLUE 1199

- : 00318641
- : Not available.
- : Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

### **Identified uses**

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG Industries Colombia Ltda Calle 51 # 40-13 Municipio de Itagüí Antioquia, Colombia (57) (4) 3787400 (Porteria)</li> </ul>
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Colombia: 01 8000 916012 (CISPROQUIM) + 571 288 6012 (CISPROQUIM) Ecuador: 1800-59-3005 (CISPROQUIM) Peru: 080-050-847 (CISPROQUIM)

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

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Section 2. Hazard	
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, spleen, brain, bone marrow.
	Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 16.3%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 50.6% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation
	toxicity: 65.4%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 62.3%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>May be harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.</li> <li>Causes skin irritation.</li> </ul>
	May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage.
	Harmful if inhaled.
	May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer.
	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reveal.

wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

- : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
- **Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

### **Other hazards which do not** : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

**Storage** 

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

**CAS number** 

: Not applicable.

%	CAS number
20 - <30	14807-96-6
15 - <20	14808-60-7
12.5 - <15	25036-25-3
10 - <12.5	1330-20-7
5 - <7	25068-38-6
3 - <5	100-51-6
3 - <5	78-83-1
2 - <3	13463-67-7
2 - <3	100-41-4
1 - <2	220926-97-6
	20 - <30 15 - <20 12.5 - <15 10 - <12.5 5 - <7 3 - <5 3 - <5 2 - <3 2 - <3 2 - <3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

<b>Description of necessary fir</b>	<u>st a</u>	id measures	
Eye contact	:	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.	
Inhalation	- 1	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.	
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.	
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.	
Indication of immediate med	dica	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician Specific treatments		In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	
Potential acute health effect	s		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.	
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# Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	May cause an allergic skin reaction. <ul> <li>May be harmful if swallowed.</li> </ul>

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.		

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Section 6. A	Section 6. Accidental release measures				
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.				
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.				

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
Talc , not containing asbesti	form fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Respirable fraction.
crystalline silica, respirable p	bowder (>10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [Silica crystalline] TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form:
xylene		Respirable fraction. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
2-methylpropan-1-ol		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 152 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
titanium dioxide		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles.
ethylbenzene		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic aci 1,3-benzenedimethanamine	d, reaction products with and hexamethylenediamine	ACGIH TLV (United States) TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Inhalable particle. TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable dust). Form: Respirable particle.
Recommended monitoring procedures		ppropriate monitoring standards. Reference to r methods for the determination of hazardous
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engineering contaminants below any recom	on. Use process enclosures, local exhaust controls to keep worker exposure to airborne nended or statutory limits. The engineering contro dust concentrations below any lower explosive cilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or we they comply with the requirement cases, fume scrubbers, filters of	ork process equipment should be checked to ensur ints of environmental protection legislation. In some engineering modifications to the process reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection measu	<u>ires</u>	
Hygiene measures	before eating, smoking and usir Appropriate techniques should t Contaminated work clothing sho	e thoroughly after handling chemical products, ig the lavatory and at the end of the working period be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing ould not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash using. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety ation location.
Eye protection <u>Skin protection</u>	: Chemical splash goggles and fa	

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.</li> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be</li> </ul>
	approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance			
Physical state	1	Liquid.	
Color	4	Blue.	
Odor	1	Aromatic.	
рН	1	Not applicable.	
Melting point	1	Not available.	
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 30°C (86°F)	
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.	
Vapor density	1	Not available.	
Relative density	:	1.17	
Colubility(inc)		Media	Result
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.	

English (US)

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

 Viscosity
 : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.

 Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.
 Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

# Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw< td=""><td>LD50 Dermal</td><td>Rat</td><td>&gt;2000 mg/kg</td><td>-</td></mw<>	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
<=1100)				
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
reaction product: bisphenol-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy				
resin				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3.56 mg/l	4 hours
acid, reaction products with				
1,3-benzenedimethanamine				
and hexamethylenediamine				
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	·	English (L	IS) Colombia	8/1

	LD50 Oral		Rat		>2000 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no da	ta available o	n the mi	xture itsel	f.	
Product/ingredient name	Result	Spe	cies	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irr	itant Rab	bit	-	24 hours 50 mg	00 -
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rab	bit	-	100 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate ir	ritant Rab	bit	-	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irr		bit	-	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irr		bit	-	24 hours 50 Ul	- 00
	Skin - Severe irrita	nt Rab	bit	-	24 hours 2 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary		I			_	I
Skin	: There are no da	ta available o	n the mi	xture itsel	f.	
Eyes	: There are no da	ta available o	n the mi	xture itsel	f.	
Respiratory	: There are no da	ta available o	n the mi	xture itsel	f.	
<u>Sensitization</u>						
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species			Result	
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	skin	Mouse			Sensitizing	
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	: There are no da	ta available o	n the mi	xture itsel	f.	
Respiratory	: There are no da	ta available o	n the mi	xture itsel	f.	
Mutagenicity						
Not available						

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity** 

Not available.

#### **Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
xylene	-	3	-
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Teratogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	Category 2 Category 2	- inhalation	hearing organs lungs

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, spleen, brain, bone marrow.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
benzyl alcohol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
2-methylpropan-1-ol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	<ul> <li>May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed.
Symptoms related to	the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Delayed and immedia	te effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure		

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
General	<ul> <li>Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.</li> </ul>

Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of expo	sure.

- Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMACOVER 350 BASE BLUE 1199	4791.1	2569.1	N/A	28.1	3.5
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>2500</td><td>2500</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw<=1100)<>	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzyl alcohol	1200	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	3.56

#### **Other information**

: Not available.

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours

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Section 12. E	cological information		
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	(Water flea) Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours

Chronic NOEC ≥50 mg/l

subcapitata

(Water flea)

Daphnia - Daphnia magna

21 days

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	OECD 301F	5 % - 28 da	ays	-		-
ethylbenzene 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	- OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test		dily - 10 days eadily - 29 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	<b>Jradability</b>
xylene reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin benzyl alcohol	-		-		Readily Not rea	adily /
ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily	

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	3.12 2.64 to 3.78	7.4 to 18.5 31	Low Low
benzyl alcohol 2-methylpropan-1-ol ethylbenzene 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	0.87 1 3.6 >6	- - 79.43 -	Low Low Low High

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

#### Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III			
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Date of issue

#### Additional information

UN	: None identified.
Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

19 November 2024

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

### Section 16. Other information

#### **History**

Date of previous issue	: 10/16/2024
Version	: 6.02
	EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway</li> <li>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor</li> <li>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals</li> <li>IATA = International Air Transport Association</li> <li>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient</li> <li>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)</li> <li>RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail</li> </ul>
	UN = United Nations
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.