# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### Date of issue 24 November 2024

Version 3

### Section 1. Product and company identification

| Product name                  |
|-------------------------------|
| Product code                  |
| Other means of identification |
| Product type                  |

- : SIGMADUR 550 MUNSELL CINZA N6.5
- : 5500001L.01/N 6.5
- : Not available.
- : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### **Identified uses**

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

| Uses advised against | Reason |
|----------------------|--------|
| Not applicable.      |        |

| Supplier's details:        |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Supplier                   | <ul> <li>PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda</li> <li>Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu</li> <li>Sumare / SP, Brasil</li> <li>55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria)</li> </ul> |
| Email address:             | : HazComLatam@ppg.com  |
| Emergency telephone number | :<br>0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Suatrans Cotec<br>0800 14 8110 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica  |

# Section 2. Hazards identification

| Classification of the | : AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  |
|-----------------------|---|
| substance or mixture  | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4  |
|                       | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2  |
|                       | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  |
|                       | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2  |
|                       | TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2  |
|                       | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract   |
|                       | irritation) - Category 3  |
|                       | AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3   |
|                       | AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3   |
| Target organs         | : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain.   |
|                       | Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea. |

| English (US) | Brazil |  |
|--------------|--------|--|
|              |        |  |

| Code 5500001L.01/N 6 Product name SIGM | .5<br>ADUR 550 MUNSELL CII                                | Date of issue<br>NZA N6.5  | 24 November 2024   | Version  | 3                            |
|--|---|--|--|--|------------------------------|
| Section 2. Haza                        | rde idontific   | ation  |  |  |                              |
|  |   |  |  |  |                              |
|  | Percentage<br>toxicity: 129                               |  | ng of ingredient(s) of unk   | nown acute ir  | nhalation                    |
|  |   | e of the mixture consisti<br>/ironment: 12%                                | ing of ingredient(s) of unk  | nown hazards   | s to the                     |
| GHS label elements                     |   |  |  |  |                              |
| Hazard pictograms                      | :   |  |  |  |                              |
|  |   |  |  |  |                              |
|  |   |  |  |  |                              |
| Signal word                            | : Warning   |  |  |  |                              |
| Hazard statements                      |   | liquid and vapor.  |  |  |                              |
|  | Causes ski  |  |  |  |                              |
|  | Causes ser<br>Harmful if i                                | rious eye irritation.  |  |  |                              |
|  |   | respiratory irritation.  |  |  |                              |
|  |   | of causing cancer.   |  |  |                              |
|  |   | of damaging fertility or   |  |  |                              |
|  | Harmful to  | aquatic life with long la  | sting effects.   |  |                              |
| Precautionary stateme                  | nts   |  |  |  |                              |
| Prevention                             | and eye or<br>flames and<br>ventilating o<br>static disch | face protection. Keep<br>other ignition sources.<br>or lighting equipment. | use. Wear protective glo<br>away from heat, hot surfa<br>No smoking. Use explos<br>Use non-sparking tools. T<br>o the environment. Avoid | ices, sparks, o<br>sion-proof eleo<br>Take action to | open<br>ctrical,<br>o preven |
|  | • •   | or concerned: Get me   |  |  |                              |

| Response | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a<br>POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of<br>water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse<br>cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and<br>easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or<br>attention. |
|----------|---|
| Storage  | : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.   |
| Disposal | • Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local regional national  |

# Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

# **Other hazards which do not** : **P**rolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. **result in classification**

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture                | : Mixture        |
|----------------------------------|------------------|
| Other means of<br>identification | : Not available. |

| CAS number/other identifiers |   |                 |
|------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| CAS number                   | : | Not applicable. |

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient name                                 | %          | CAS number |  |
|---|------------|------------|--|
| xylene  | 20 - <30   | 1330-20-7  |  |
| titanium dioxide                                | 20 - <30   | 13463-67-7 |  |
| barium sulfate                                  | 7 - <10    | 7727-43-7  |  |
| n-butyl acetate                                 | 5 - <7     | 123-86-4   |  |
| ethylbenzene                                    | 3 - <5     | 100-41-4   |  |
| Aluminatesilicate                               | 3 - <5     | 1327-36-2  |  |
| bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate | 0.2 - <0.5 | 41556-26-7 |  |
| propylidynetrimethanol                          | 0.2 - <0.5 | 77-99-6    |  |
| toluene   | 0.1 - <0.2 | 108-88-3   |  |

Date of issue

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

## Section 4. First aid measures

| Description of necessary fi                            | rst ai     | id measures  |
|--|------------|--|
| Eye contact  | :          | Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.  |
| Inhalation   | :          | Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.   |
| Skin contact   | :          | Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.   |
| Ingestion  | :          | If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.<br>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.   |
| Indication of immediate me                             | dica       | l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary   |
| Notes to physician<br>Specific treatments              |            | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.   |
| Protection of first-aiders                             | :          | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |
| Potential acute health effect                          | <u>:ts</u> |  |
| Eye contact<br>Inhalation<br>Skin contact<br>Ingestion | :          | Causes serious eye irritation.<br>Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.<br>Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.<br>No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |
|  |            |  |

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media                            |  |
|--|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media                   | : Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.   |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media                 | : Do not use water jet.  |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical     | : Mammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.<br>In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst,<br>with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with<br>long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained<br>and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products       | : Decomposition products may include the following materials:<br>carbon oxides<br>sulfur oxides<br>metal oxide/oxides  |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters   | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.   |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | <ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained<br/>breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure<br/>mode.</li> </ul>  |

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency<br>personnel | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from<br>entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources.<br>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist.<br>Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is<br>inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|--------------------------------|---|
| For emergency responders       | : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".   |
| Environmental precautions      | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways,<br>drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused<br>environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material.<br>May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.   |
| Methods and materials for co   | ntainment and cleaning up   |
| Small spill                    | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.   |

and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Large spill : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools      |
|---------------|--|
|               | and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into        |
|               |  |
|               | sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an             |
|               | effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- |
|               | combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth    |
|               | and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13).   |
|               | Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent            |
|               | material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for      |
|               | emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.                       |

# Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe :<br>handling                                   | Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure -<br>obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not<br>handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in<br>eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid<br>release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate<br>respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined<br>spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved<br>alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use.<br>Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source.<br>Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling)<br>equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against<br>electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be<br>hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|---|
| Conditions for safe storage, :<br>including any<br>incompatibilities | Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.   |

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

| Ingredient name  | Exposure limits  |
|------------------|--|
| <b>ky</b> lene   | Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil,<br>11/2001) [Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)]                 |
|                  | TWA 8 hours: 78 ppm.<br>TWA 8 hours: 340 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .   |
| titanium dioxide | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)  |
|                  | TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles.                 |
| barium sulfate   | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)<br>TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Inhalable<br>fraction. |
|                  | English (US) Brazil 5/14   |

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|--|--|--|--|-------------------------------|
| Section 8. Exposure con                                    | trols/personal   | protection   |  |                               |
| n-butyl acetate  |  | ACGIH TLV (United<br>acetates]<br>STEL 15 minutes: 7<br>TWA 8 hours: 50 p  | 150 ppm.   | 23) [Butyl                    |
| ethylbenzene   |  | Ministry of Labor a<br>11/2001)<br>TWA 8 hours: 78 p<br>TWA 8 hours: 340   | n <b>d Employm</b> o                                 | ent (Brazil                   |
| Aluminatesilicate  |  | ACGIH TLV (United<br>TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Fo<br>TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Fo<br>TWA 8 hours: 10 m                                  | l <b>States)</b><br>orm: Total dus<br>rm: Respirable | э.                            |
| toluene  |  | Ministry of Labor a<br>11/2001) Absorbed t<br>TWA 8 hours: 78 p<br>TWA 8 hours: 290  | <b>nd Employm</b><br>hrough skin.<br>pm.             |                               |
| procedures nationa   |  | ppropriate monitoring stand<br>methods for the determina   |  |                               |
| controls ventilat<br>contam<br>also ne<br>limits.          | ion or other engineering o<br>inants below any recomm<br>ed to keep gas, vapor or<br>Use explosion-proof venti | on. Use process enclosure<br>controls to keep worker exp<br>nended or statutory limits.<br>dust concentrations below<br>ilation equipment. | osure to airbo<br>The engineeri<br>any lower exp     | orne<br>ng controls<br>losive |

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

| Hygiene measures                  | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products,<br>before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.<br>Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.<br>Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and<br>safety showers are close to the workstation location.   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Eye protection<br>Skin protection | : Chemical splash goggles.  |
| Hand protection                   | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should<br>be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates<br>this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer,<br>check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It<br>should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be<br>different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of<br>several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately<br>estimated. |
| Body protection                   | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task<br>being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist<br>before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity,<br>wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static<br>discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.   |

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| Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Other skin protection                            | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.  |  |
| Respiratory protection                           | : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. |  |

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u>                            |   |   |  |
|--|---|---|--|
| Physical state                               | : | Liquid.   |  |
| Color  | 1 | Not available.  |  |
| Odor   | 1 | Not available.  |  |
| рН   | 1 | Not applicable.   |  |
| Melting point                                | : | Not available.  |  |
| Boiling point                                | : | >37.78°C (>100°F)   |  |
| Flash point                                  | 1 | Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)   |  |
| Evaporation rate                             | : | Not available.  |  |
| Flammability (solid, gas)                    | : | Not available.  |  |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : | Not available.  |  |
| Vapor pressure                               | : | Not available.  |  |
| Vapor density                                | : | Not available.  |  |
| Relative density                             | 1 | 1.31  |  |
|  |   | Media Result  |  |
| Solubility(ies)                              | 1 | old water Not soluble   |  |
| Partition coefficient: n-<br>octanol/water   | : | Not applicable.   |  |
| Auto-ignition temperature                    | : | Not available.  |  |
| Decomposition temperature                    | : | Not available.  |  |
| Viscosity                                    | : | Øynamic (room temperature): Not available.<br>Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.<br>Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt) |  |
| Viscosity                                    | : | 60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)  |  |

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity                         | ÷ | No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|---|--|
| Chemical stability                 | : | The product is stable.   |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.            |

English (US)

Brazil

| Code        | 5500001L.01/ | N 6.5                      | Date of issue | 24 November 2024 | Version | 3 |
|-------------|--------------|----------------------------|---------------|------------------|---------|---|
| Product nam | ne SIC       | GMADUR 550 MUNSELL CINZA N | 16.5          |                  |         |   |

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Conditions to avoid              | : | When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.  |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Incompatible materials           | : | Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.     |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : | Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides |

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name    | Result                          | Species | Dose         | Exposure |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|--------------|----------|
| <b>x</b> ylene             | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 1.7 g/kg     | -        |
| -                          | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 4.3 g/kg     | -        |
| titanium dioxide           | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat     | >6.82 mg/l   | 4 hours  |
|                            | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | >5000 mg/kg  | -        |
|                            | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | >5000 mg/kg  | -        |
| barium sulfate             | LD50 Dermal                     | Rat     | >2000 mg/kg  | -        |
|                            | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | >5000 mg/kg  | -        |
| n-butyl acetate            | LC50 Inhalation Vapor           | Rat     | >21.1 mg/l   | 4 hours  |
| -                          | LC50 Inhalation Vapor           | Rat     | 2000 ppm     | 4 hours  |
|                            | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | >17600 mg/kg | -        |
|                            | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 10.768 g/kg  | -        |
| ethylbenzene               | LC50 Inhalation Vapor           | Rat     | 17.8 mg/l    | 4 hours  |
|                            | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 17.8 g/kg    | -        |
|                            | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 3.5 g/kg     | -        |
| bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 3.125 g/kg   | -        |
| 4-piperidyl) sebacate      |                                 |         |              |          |
| propylidynetrimethanol     | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 10 g/kg      | -        |
|                            | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 14000 mg/kg  | -        |
| toluene                    | LC50 Inhalation Vapor           | Rat     | 49 g/m³      | 4 hours  |
|                            | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 8.39 g/kg    | -        |
|                            | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 5580 mg/kg   | -        |

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name                                | Result   | <b>Species</b>  | Score         | Exposure           | Observation |
|--|--|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------|
| <b>x</b> ylene   | Skin - Moderate irritant   | Rabbit          | -             | 24 hours 500<br>mg | -           |
| Conclusion/Summary                                     |  |                 |               |                    |             |
| Skin   | : There are no data avai   | lable on the mi | xture itself. |                    |             |
| Eyes<br>Respiratory<br>Sensitization<br>Not available. | <ul> <li>There are no data avai</li> <li>There are no data avai</li> </ul> |                 |               |                    |             |
| <u>Conclusion/Summary</u><br>Skin<br>Respiratory       | : There are no data avai<br>: There are no data avai                       |                 |               |                    |             |

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Classification**

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|-----|
| xylene                  | -    | 3    | -   |
| titanium dioxide        | -    | 2B   | -   |
| ethylbenzene            | -    | 2B   | -   |
| carbon black            | -    | 2B   | -   |
| toluene                 | -    | 3    | -   |

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name                       | Category                 | Route of exposure | Target organs                        |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| xylene                     | Category 3               | -                 | Respiratory tract<br>irritation      |
| n-butyl acetate<br>toluene | Category 3<br>Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects<br>Narcotic effects |

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name         |            | Route of exposure | Target organs  |
|--------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | -                 | hearing organs |
| toluene      | Category 2 |                   | -              |

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

#### Aspiration hazard

|  | English (US) | Brazil | 9/14 |
|--|--------------|--------|------|
|  |              |        |      |

# Section 11. Toxicological information

| Name         | Result                         |
|--------------|--------------------------------|
| xylene       | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| toluene      | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

|   |     | <b>N</b> 1 / 11 / 1   |
|---|-----|---|
| Information on the likely<br>routes of exposure | ÷   | Not available.  |
| Potential acute health effects                  |     |   |
| Eye contact                                     |     | Causes serious eye irritation.  |
| Inhalation                                      |     | Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.   |
| Skin contact                                    | ÷   |   |
| Ingestion                                       |     | No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |
| Symptoms related to the physical                | sic | al, chemical and toxicological characteristics  |
| Eye contact                                     | :   | Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>watering<br>redness  |
| Inhalation                                      | :   | Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>respiratory tract irritation<br>coughing<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations     |
| Skin contact                                    | :   | Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness<br>dryness<br>cracking<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations |
| Ingestion                                       | :   | Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations   |

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Carbon black is utilized as a raw material in many liquid coating formulations. In this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of carbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications are spliced by the section 8 and 10 |
|--------------------|---|
|                    | with a brush of roller. Sanding the coating surface of mist norm spray applications   |

| English (US) Brazil | 10/14 |
|---------------------|-------|
|---------------------|-------|

# Section 11. Toxicological information

| <u>Short term exposure</u>    |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Potential immediate effects   | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Potential delayed effects     | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Long term exposure            |  |
| Potential immediate effects   | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Potential delayed effects     | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Potential chronic health effe | <u>ects</u>  |

Not available.

| General               | : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/<br>or dermatitis.     |
|-----------------------|--|
| Carcinogenicity       | <ul> <li>Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of<br/>exposure.</li> </ul> |
| Mutagenicity          | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| Reproductive toxicity | : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.   |

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name                         | Oral (mg/<br>kg) | Dermal<br>(mg/kg) | Inhalation<br>(gases)<br>(ppm) | Inhalation<br>(vapors)<br>(mg/l) | Inhalation<br>(dusts<br>and mists)<br>(mg/l) |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| SIGMADUR 550 MUNSELL CINZA N6.5                 | 13524.0          | 5316.9            | N/A                            | 33.4                             | 4.3  |
| xylene  | 4300             | 1700              | N/A                            | 11                               | 1.5  |
| barium sulfate                                  | N/A              | 2500              | N/A                            | N/A                              | N/A  |
| n-butyl acetate                                 | 10768            | N/A               | N/A                            | N/A                              | N/A  |
| ethylbenzene                                    | 3500             | 17800             | N/A                            | 17.8                             | 1.5  |
| bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate | 3125             | N/A               | N/A                            | N/A                              | N/A  |
| propylidynetrimethanol                          | 14000            | 10000             | N/A                            | N/A                              | N/A  |
| toluene   | 5580             | 8390              | N/A                            | 49                               | N/A  |
|   |                  | English (L        | JS) Brazil                     |                                  | 11/14  |

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Other information

: Not available.

### Section 12. Ecological information

| <b>Ecotoxicity</b>                                  |  |  |                                  |
|---|--|--|----------------------------------|
| Product/ingredient name                             | Result   | Species  | Exposure                         |
| titanium dioxide<br>n-butyl acetate<br>ethylbenzene | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water<br>Acute LC50 18 mg/l<br>Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water<br>Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i><br>Fish<br>Daphnia<br>Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> | 48 hours<br>96 hours<br>48 hours |
| propylidynetrimethanol                              | Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l  | Fish   | 96 hours                         |

#### Persistence/degradability

| Product/ingredient name                              | Test                  | Result                   |                  | Dose |  | Inoculum   |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------|--|------------|
| -butyl acetate                                       | TEPA and<br>OECD 301D | 83 % - Readily - 28 days |                  | -    |  | -          |
| ethylbenzene   | -                     | 79 % - Rea               | dily - 10 days   | -    |  | -          |
| Product/ingredient name                              | Aquatic half-life     |                          | Photolysis       |      | Biodeg                                   | radability |
| xylene<br>n-butyl acetate<br>ethylbenzene<br>toluene | -<br>-<br>-<br>-      |                          | -<br>-<br>-<br>- |      | Readily<br>Readily<br>Readily<br>Readily | /<br>/     |

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF         | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| <b>x</b> ylene          | 3.12   | 7.4 to 18.5 | Low       |
| n-butyl acetate         | 2.3    | -           | Low       |
| ethylbenzene            | 3.6    | 79.43       | Low       |
| propylidynetrimethanol  | -0.47  | -           | Low       |
| toluene                 | 2.73   | 8.32        | Low       |

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material

| ſ | English (US) | Brazil | 12/14 |
|---|--------------|--------|-------|
|   |              |        |       |

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

|                                | Brazil (ANTT)   | IMDG            | ΙΑΤΑ            |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| UN number                      | UN1263          | UN1263          | UN1263          |
| UN proper<br>shipping name     | PAINT           | PAINT           | PAINT           |
| Transport hazard class(es)     | 3               | 3               | 3               |
| Packing group                  | III             | III             | III             |
| Environmental hazards          | No.             | No.             | No.             |
| Marine pollutant<br>substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

#### **Additional information**

| Brazil             | : None identified. |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Risk number</b> | : 30               |
| IMDG               | : None identified. |
| ΙΑΤΑ               | : None identified. |

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Date of issue

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### Section 16. Other information

#### <u>History</u>

| Date of previous issue | : 5/21/2020   |
|------------------------|---|
| Version                | : 3   |
| Prepared by            | : EHS   |
| Key to abbreviations   | <ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous<br/>Goods by Inland Waterway</li> <li>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of<br/>Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor</li> <li>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals</li> <li>IATA = International Air Transport Association</li> <li>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient</li> <li>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,<br/>1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)</li> <li>RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods<br/>by Rail</li> <li>UN = United Nations</li> </ul> |
| References             | : ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014<br>ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency  |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

Brazil