SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision26 November 2024Version 9

Section 1. Identif	ication
Product name	: AMERSHIELD BASE (TINTED)
Product code	: 00289907
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 35.2% (oral), 35.2% (dermal), 58.2% (inhalation)
	This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).
GHS label elements	

Product name AMERSHIELD BASE (TINTED)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Do not breathe vapor. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: For exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Product name	: AMERSHIELD BASE (TINTED)

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
parium sulfate	≥20 - ≤22	7727-43-7
titanium dioxide	≥10 - ≤20	13463-67-7
n-butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤14	123-86-4
xylene	≥1.0 - ≤6.0	1330-20-7
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	108-65-6
ethylbenzene	≥0.10 - ≤2.2	100-41-4
reaction mass of:N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(hexanamide);12-hydroxy-N-[2-[≤1.0	Not available.
(1-oxyhexyl)amino]ethyl]octadecanamide;N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis		
(12-hydroxyoctadecanamide)		
1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene	<1.0	119-64-2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	<1.0	41556-26-7
carbon black	≤1.0	1333-86-4
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	<1.0	14808-60-7
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	<1.0	82919-37-7
maleic anhydride	<0.10	108-31-6

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Most important sympto	ms/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health	<u>effects</u>

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact Inhalation	 No specific data. Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness
Ingestion	cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been rea and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or m Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away

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Section 7. Handling and storage

	from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
barium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable
	fraction.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
	TWA 8 hours: 15 mg/m ³ . Form: Total dust. TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable
	fraction.
titanium dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m ³ . Form: respirable
	fraction, finescale particles.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
	TWA 8 hours: 15 mg/m ³ . Form: Total dust.
n-butyl acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [Butyl
	acetates]
	STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
	TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 710 mg/m ³ .
xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [p-
	xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene]
<u>-</u>	United States Page: 6/18

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. ethylbenzene IPEL (, 10/2017) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. reaction mass of N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(hexanamide);12-hydroxy-N-[2-[ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) (1-oxyhexyl)aminojehyloctadecanamide,N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) TWA 8 hours: 345 mg/m². (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) TWA: 10 mg/m². Form: Total dust. (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) TWA: 10 mg/m². Form: Respirable. (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) None. (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) None. (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) Sorgen? (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) None. (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) Sorgen? (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) Sorgen? (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) Sorgen? (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) Sorgen? (12-hydroxyoctadeca			Ototoxicant.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m ² . 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m ² . ethylbenzene TWA 8 hours: 430 ppm. ethylbenzene STEL: 90 ppm. ACGH TLV (United States, 7/2023) Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. reaction mass of:N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(hexanamide);12-hydroxy-N-[2-[ACGH TLV (United States, 5/2018) (1-oxyhexyl)aminojethyljoctadecanamide;N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. (1-oxyhexyl)aminojethyljoctadecanamide;N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis TWA: 10 mg/m ² , Form: Total dust. (1-oxyhexyl)aminojethyljoctadecanamide;N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis TWA: 10 mg/m ² , Form: Total dust. (1-oxyhexyl)aminojethyljoctadecanamide;N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis TWA: 10 mg/m ² , Form: Total dust. (1-oxyhexyl)aminojethyljoctadecanamide;N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis TWA: 10 mg/m ² , Form: Total dust. 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate None. carbon black TWA 8 hours: 3.5 mg/m ² . Form: Respirable. methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate TWA 8 hours: 3.5 mg/m ² . CGH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [Silica, Crystalline] methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate TWA 8 hours: 3.5 mg/m ² . Crystalli			TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
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ethylbenzene TWA: 30 ppm. STEL: 90 ppm. ethylbenzene STEL: 90 ppm. reaction mass of:N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(hexanamide);12-hydroxy-N-[2-1 (1-oxyhexyljamino]ethyljoctadecanamide;N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) TWA: 8 hours: 20 ppm. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA: 10 mg/m². Form: Total dust. TWA: 30 mg/m². Form: Total dust. TWA: 10 mg/m². Form: Inhalable fraction. 1.2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene bis(1.2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate carbon black None. None. None. None. None. None. None. None. None Nors: 3 mg/m². Form: Inhalable fraction. OSHA PEL (United States, 7/2023) [Silica, crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate maleic anhydride None Nors: 20.7 (%GiO2+2) mp/m². Form: Respirable. None. No			5
ethylbenzene STEL: 90 ppm. ACGH TLV (United States, 7/2023) Obtoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. optimizer (1-xyhexyl)amino)ethyl]octadecanamide;N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (1-xyhexyl)amino)ethyl-apperidiyl sebacate (2-xyhexyl)amino;N' (2-xyhexyl)amino;N' (2-xyhexyl)amino;N' (2-xyhexyl)amino;N'		2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	IPEL (-, 10/2017) Absorbed through skin.
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reaction mass of:N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(hexanamide):12-hydroxy-N-[2-[TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 335 mg/m ³ . (1-oxyhexy)aminojethyl]octadecanamide;N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) TWA: 10 mg/m ³ . Form: Total dust. TWA: 10 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable. 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate carbon black TWA: 10 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable. 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate carbon black None. rcrystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) None. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable fraction. None. oSHA PEL (United States, 7/2023) TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable fraction. OSHA PEL (United States, 7/2023) [Silica, crystalline] methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate maleic anhydride Signor fraction. OSHA PEL 23 (United States, 7/2023) [Silica, crystalline] methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate maleic anhydride Key to abbreviations Signor fraction. A = Acceptable Maximum Peak ACGH TLV (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 10.7 (%SiO ₂ +2) mg/m ³ . Form: TWA 8 hours: 10.7 (%SiO ₂ +2) mg/m ³ . Form: TWA 8 hours: 10.7 (%SiO ₂ +2) mg/m ³ . Form: TWA 8 hours: 10.7 (%SiO ₂ +2) mg/m ³ . Form: TWA 8 hours: 10.7 (%SiO ₂ +2) mg/m ³ . Form: TWA 8 hours: 10.7 (%SiO ₂ +2) mg/m ³ . Form: TWA 8 hours: 10.7 (%SiO ₂ +2) mg/m ³ . Form: TWA 8 hours: 10.7 (%SiO ₂ +2) mg/m ³ . Form: TWA 8 hours: 10.7 (%SiO ₂ +2) mg/m ³ . Form: TWA 8 hou		ethylbenzene	
Acceptable Maximum Peak OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m ² . TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m ² . I -oxyhexyl)aminojethyljoctadecanamide);12-hydroxy-N-[2-[ICOHT LTV (United States) 1 - 2.2, 4-tetrahydronaphthalene Nore. bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate None. carbon black None. crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) OSHA PEL (United States, 7/2023) TWA 8 hours: 35 mg/m ² . TWA 8 hours: 35 mg/m ² . crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) OSHA PEL (United States, 7/2023) TWA 8 hours: 250. / (%SiO ₂ +5) mppcf. Form: Respirable. methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate None. methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate OSHA PEL (United States, 7/2023) [Silica, crystalline] TWA 8 hours: 20. / (%SiO ₂ +2) mg/m ² . Form: Respirable. methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate None. maleic anhydride Key to abbreviations S A = Acceptable Maximum Peak S = Potential skin absorption A = Acceptable Maximum Peak S = Potential skin absorption A = Acceptable Maximum Peak S = Potential skin ab			
reaction mass of:N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(hexanamide);12-hydroxy-N-[2[TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 3 hours: 435 mg/m ³ . (1-xyhexy)amino]ethyl]octadecanamide;N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis TWA: 10 mg/m ³ , Form: Total dust. TWA: 10 mg/m ³ , Form: Total dust. TWA: 3 mg/m ³ , Form: Total dust. (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , Form: Respirable. 0SHA PEL (United States) TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , Form: Respirable. 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate carbon black None. rystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) TWA 8 hours: 30 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable fraction. OSHA PEL (United States, 7/2023) [Silica, crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) TWA 8 hours: 3.5 mg/m ³ . methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate maleic anhydride Sepirable. None. methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate maleic anhydride None. Nore: 0.025 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable. More: ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) Skin sensitizer, Inhalable fraction. None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 0.01 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor. Sepirable. More: ACGIH TLV (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 0.01 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor. SHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 0.25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m ³ .			
reaction mass of:N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(hexanamide):12-hydroxy-N-[2] TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m³. (1-oxyhexy)aminojethyljoctadecanamide;N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis TWA: 10 mg/m³. Form: Total dust. (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) TWA: 10 mg/m³. Form: Respirable. (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) Smg/m³. Form: Respirable. (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) Smg/m³. Form: Respirable. (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) Smg/m³. Form: Respirable. (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) None. (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) None. (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) None. (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) Smg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction. (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) Smg/m³. Form: Respirable. (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) Smg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction. (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) Smg/m³. Form: Respirable. (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) Smg/m³. Form: Respirable.			•
reaction mass of:N.N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(hexanamide);12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-xythexyl)amino]ethyl]octadecanamide;N.N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide;N.N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) ACGIH TLV (United States) TWA: 10 mg/m². Form: Total dust. TWA: 3 mg/m². Form: Total dust. TWA: 3 mg/m². Form: Respirable. 1,2.3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate carbon black None. carbon black None. crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m². Form: Inhalable fraction. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m². Form: Respirable fraction. None. methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate maleic anhydride Cost 10 microns) methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate maleic anhydride Cost 10 microns) Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate maleic anhydride None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [Silica, crystalline] Form: Respirable fraction. Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate maleic anhydride None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) Skin sensitizer , Inhalation sensitizer. TWA 8 hours: 0.01 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor. TWA 8 hours: 0.01 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor. TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m³. A = Acceptable Maximum Peak ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. C S = Potential skin absorption SR = Respiratory sensitization SR = Skin sensitization SR = S			
[1-oxyhexyl]amino]ethyl]octadecanamide;N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis TWA: 10 mg/m ³ , Form: Total dust. (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) TWA: 10 mg/m ³ , Form: Respirable. 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene TWA: 10 mg/m ³ , Form: Respirable. bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , Form: Respirable. carbon black None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable fraction. OSHA PEL (United States, 7/2023) TWA 8 hours: 3.5 mg/m ³ . crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable fraction. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable fraction. Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate maleic anhydride OSHA PEL 1(United States, 6/2016) MWA 8 hours: 20.1 (%SiO ₂ +2) mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable. TWA 8 hours: 10.1 (%SiO ₂ +2) mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable. More. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) Skin sensitizer , Inhalation sensitizer , TWA 8 hours: 0.01 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 0.1 (%SiO ₂ +2) mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable. None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 0.25 pm. TWA 8 hours: 0.25 pm. <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>5</th></t<>			5
(12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) TWA: 3 mg/m ³ , Form: Respirable. (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) TWA: 30 mg/m ³ , Form: Respirable. (12,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene TWA: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable. bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate None. carbon black None. crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) TWA: 3 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable rystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) States, 7/2023) [Silica, crystalline] methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate AGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [Silica, crystalline] methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate Mone. methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate None. Maleic anhydride TWA 8 hours: 10. / (%SiO ₂ +2) mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable. TWA 8 hours: 10. / (%SiO ₂ +2) mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable. TWA 8 hours: 10. / (%SiO ₂ +2) mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable. Mone. ACGIH TLV (United States, f/2023) Skin sensitizer. TWA 8 hours: 0.25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.25 ppm. S <th></th> <th></th> <th>, , ,</th>			, , ,
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1.2.3.4-tetrahydronaphthalene TWA: 10 mg/m³. Form: Total dust. bis(1,2,2.6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate None. carbon black None. crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 3.5 mg/m³. crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m³. Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate TWA 8 hours: 2.50. / (%SiO ₂ +5) mpcf. Form: Respirable. methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate None. maleic anhydride TWA 8 hours: 10. / (%SiO ₂ +2) mg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction. OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016) TWA 8 hours: 2.50. / (%SiO ₂ +5) mpcf. Form: Respirable. TWA 8 hours: 0.01 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction. OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 7/2023) Skin sensitizer. TWA 8 hours: 0.01 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor. OSHA PEL (United States, 7/2023) Skin sensitizer. TWA 8 hours: 0.01 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor. OSHA PEL (United States, 7/2023) Skin sensitizer. TWA 8 hours: 0.25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 0.25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 10. / mg/m³. A = Acceptable Maximum Peak S = Potential skin absorption SR = Respiratop se		(12-hydroxyoctadecanamide)	
1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene TWA: 5 mg/m³. Form: Respirable. bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate None. carbon black ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) ryx8 & hours: 3 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction. orystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) TWA 8 hours: 3.5 mg/m³. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [Silica, crystalline] TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m³. rwx8 & hours: 0.025 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction. OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016) TWA 8 hours: 10. / (%SiO2+2) mg/m³. Form: methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate TWA 8 hours: 10. / (%SiO2+2) mg/m³. Form: methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate None. maleic anhydride TWA 8 hours: 10. / (%SiO2+2) mg/m³. Form: Respirable. None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) Skin sensitizer. TWA 8 hours: 10. / (%SiO2+2) mg/m³. Form: Respirable. None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 10. / (WsiO2+2) mg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 10. / %Si Opersentilites. S C = Acceptable Maximum Peak S ACGIH 1 American Conference of Governmen			
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			•
USHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration. ILV = Threshold Limit Value		•	
	(USHA = Uccupational Safety and Health Administration.	ILV = Inresnoid Limit Value

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Product name AMERSHIELD BASE (TINTED)

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

R	=	Respirable
Z	=	OSHA 29 0

TWA = Time Weighted Average

= OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures	-	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	<u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	1	butyl rubber
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	-	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.

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Product name AMERSHIELD BASE (TINTED)

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	4	Liquid.		
Color	4	Various		
Odor	1	Not available.		
Odor threshold	1	Not available.		
рН	1	Not applicable.		
Melting point	1	Not available.		
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)		
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 24°C (75.2°F)		
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.		
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.		
Flammability	1	Not available.		
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.		
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.		
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.		
Vapor density	1	Not available.		
Relative density	1	1.4		
Density(lbs / gal)	:	11.68		
		Media	Result	
Solubility(ies)	:	cold water	Not soluble	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.		
Viscosity	:			
% Solid. (w/w)	1	77.225		

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Product name AMERSHIELD BASE (TINTED)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition : products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
arium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
reaction mass of:N,N'-ethane-		Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
1,2-diylbis(hexanamide);			J J J J	
12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxyhexyl)				
amino]ethyl]octadecanamide;				
N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis				
(12-hydroxyoctadecanamide)				
() , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
carbon black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	
4-piperidyl sebacate		ivat	5.125 g/kg	-
maleic anhydride	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2620 mg/kg	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
x ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary					

- Skin
- Eyes

- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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Product name AMERSHIELD BASE (TINTED)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitization	
Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Classification	

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
xylene	-	3	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
carbon black	-	2B	-
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate xylene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-
maleic anhydride	Category 1	inhalation	respiratory system

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, skin. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

<u>Potential acute nealth ene</u>	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate eff	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2

and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption

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Product name AMERSHIELD BASE (TINTED)

Section 11. Toxicological information

		through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>S</u>
General	-	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
MERSHIELD BASE (TINTED) barium sulfate n-butyl acetate xylene 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate ethylbenzene reaction mass of:N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (hexanamide);12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxyhexyl)amino] ethyl]octadecanamide;N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide) bis(12-2.6.6 pentamethyl 4 piperidyl) achagate	30209.5 N/A 10768 4300 6190 3500 2500	5116.3 2500 N/A 1700 N/A 17800 2500	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	69.1 N/A N/A 11 30 17.8 N/A	8.8 N/A 1.5 N/A 1.5 N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate maleic anhydride	3125 3125 400	N/A N/A 2620	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
W anium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
reaction mass of:N,N'-ethane-	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
1,2-diylbis(hexanamide);	-		
12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxyhexyl)			
amino]ethyl]octadecanamide;			
N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis			
(12-hydroxyoctadecanamide)			

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 83 % - Read 301D		dily - 28 days	-		-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate ethylbenzene			dily - 28 days dily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	·	Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
 p-butyl acetate xylene 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate ethylbenzene 	- - -		- - -		Readily Readily Readily Readily	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene	3.78	162.4 to 1514	High
maleic anhydride	-2.78	-	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) : Not available.

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Product name AMERSHIELD BASE (TINTED)

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport information	14.	Transp	ort	infor	mation
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14. Hansport mormation				
	DOT	IMDG	IATA	
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3	
Packing group	Ш	Ш	Ш	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	
Product RQ (lbs)	1∕7 05.4	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	
RQ substances	(xylene, n-butyl acetate)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	

Additional information

- **DOT** : Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
- IMDG : This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order:

2/2'-[(3,3'-dichloro[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl)bis(azo)]bis[N-(4-methoxyphenyl) Listed -3-oxobutyramide]

SARA 302/304

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

- **Classification**
- : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS Category 3 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 **CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A** TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 HNOC - Defatting irritant

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
titanium dioxide	≥10 - ≤20	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
n-butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤14	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
xylene	≥1.0 - ≤6.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
ethylbenzene	≥0.10 - ≤2.2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene	<1.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - May form explosive peroxides.
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	<1.0	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
		United States Page: 16/18

Section 15. Regulatory information

4-piperidyl) sebacate		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
carbon black	≤1.0	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
crystalline silica, respirable	<1.0	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
powder (<10 microns)		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	<1.0	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
4-piperidyl sebacate		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
maleic anhydride	<0.10	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1A
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 1

<u>SARA 313</u>

Supplier notification	 Chemical name Kylene ethylbenzene 1,1'-Biphenyl, chloro derivs. 	<u>CAS number</u> 1330-20-7 100-41-4 1336-36-3	<u>Concentration</u> 3 - 7 0.5 - 1.5 0.0000014476

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Section 16. Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Date of previous issue	: 10/29/2023	
Organization that prepared the SDS	: EHS	
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations	
V Indicates information that has abanged from providually issued version		

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

United States Page: 17/18

Section 16. Other information

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.