# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### Date of issue 26 November 2024

Version 5.09

### Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

: SIGMADUR 550 BASE (TINTED)

- : 00238851
- Not available.
  - : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

### **Identified uses**

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda</li> <li>Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu</li> <li>Sumare / SP, Brasil</li> <li>55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria)</li> </ul>
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Suatrans Cotec 0800 14 8110 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Code00238851Product nameSIGMADUR	Date of issue26 November 2024Version5.09550 BASE (TINTED)		
Section 2. Hazards identification			
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 3.5%		
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 17.2%		
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 17.2%		
GHS label elements			
Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	: Danger		
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>		
Precautionary statements			
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.		
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.		
Response	: F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.		
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.		
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.		
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.		

5.09

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture Other means of identification

**CAS number** 

: Mixture

: Not available.

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
xylene	20 - <30	1330-20-7
barium sulfate	12.5 - <15	7727-43-7
titanium dioxide	7 - <10	13463-67-7
n-butyl acetate	5 - <7	123-86-4
ethylbenzene	3 - <5	100-41-4
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	3 - <5	14807-96-6
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1 - <2	108-65-6
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.2 - <0.5	41556-26-7
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	0.1 - <0.2	14808-60-7
toluene	0.1 - <0.2	108-88-3

Date of issue

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures			
Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.	
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.	
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.	
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.	
Indication of immediate medi	ca	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician Specific treatments		Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	
Potential acute health effects			
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	;	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.	

### Section 4. First aid measures

- Skin contact Ingestion
- May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
  No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel		No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.	

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Section 6. Accidental release measures			
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.		
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.		

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters Occupational exposure limits

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure limits	
₩ylene		Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil, 11/2001) [Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)] TWA 8 hours: 78 ppm.	
barium sulfate		TWA 8 hours: 340 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)</b> TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Inhalable	
titanium dioxide		fraction. <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)</b> TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable	
n-butyl acetate		fraction, finescale particles. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [Butyl acetates]	
othe discovery of		STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.	
ethylbenzene		Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil, 11/2001) TWA 8 hours: 78 ppm.	
Talc , not containing asbestif	orm fibres	TWA 8 hours: 340 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)</b> TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Respirable	
crystalline silica, respirable po	owder (<10 microns)	fraction. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [Silica, crystalline]	
toluene		TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Respirable fraction. <b>Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil</b> , <b>11/2001)</b> Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 78 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 290 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .	
Recommended monitoring procedures		propriate monitoring standards. Reference to methods for the determination of hazardous	
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.		
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or wor they comply with the requirement cases, fume scrubbers, filters or	k process equipment should be checked to ensure s of environmental protection legislation. In some engineering modifications to the process educe emissions to acceptable levels.	
ndividual protection measur	es		
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face the before eating, smoking and using Appropriate techniques should be	thoroughly after handling chemical products, the lavatory and at the end of the working period. used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. pre reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and	
Eye protection	<ul><li>safety showers are close to the w</li><li>Chemical splash goggles.</li></ul>		
		English (US) South America 6/15	

5.09

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

•	• •
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	1	Liquid.	
Color	4	Various	
Odor	1	Not available.	
рН	1	Not applicable.	
Melting point	1	Not available.	
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)	
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.	
Vapor density	1	Not available.	
Relative density	1	1.21	
Solubility(ies)		Media	Result
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	

Code 00238851 Product name	SIGMADUR 550 BASE (TINTED)	Date of issue	26 November 2024	Version	5.09
Section 9. F	hysical and cher	nical prope	rties		
Viscosity	Kinematic (ro	m temperature): No om temperature): > )°C (104°F)): >21 m	400 mm²/s (>400 cSt)		
Section 10.	Stability and rea	ctivity			
Reactivity	: No specific te	st data related to re	activity available for this pr	oduct or its in	gredients.
Chemical stability	: The product i	s stable.			

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

**Species** 

Rabbit

Rat

Rabbit

Rabbit

Rabbit

Rabbit

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials:

Dose

1.7 g/kg

4.3 g/kg

>2000 mg/kg

>5000 mg/kg

>5000 mg/kg

>5000 mg/kg

>17600 mg/kg

10.768 g/kg

17.8 mg/l

17.8 g/kg

3.5 g/kg

30 mg/l

>5 g/kg

49 g/m<sup>3</sup>

8.39 g/kg

5580 mg/kg

6190 mg/kg

3.125 g/kg

>6.82 mg/l

>21.1 mg/l

2000 ppm

**Exposure** 

4 hours

4 hours

4 hours

4 hours

4 hours

4 hours

-

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#### bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-LD50 Oral 4-piperidyl) sebacate toluene

LC50 Inhalation Vapor Rat LD50 Dermal Rabbit Rat LD50 Oral **Conclusion/Summary** 

products.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Result

LD50 Dermal

LD50 Dermal

LD50 Dermal

LD50 Dermal

LD50 Dermal

LD50 Dermal

LD50 Oral

LC50 Inhalation Vapor

LC50 Inhalation Vapor

LC50 Inhalation Vapor

LC50 Inhalation Vapor

LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists

LD50 Oral

LD50 Oral

LD50 Oral

LD50 Oral

LD50 Oral

Irritation/Corrosion

**Possibility of hazardous** 

Conditions to avoid

**Incompatible materials** 

Hazardous decomposition

**Product/ingredient name** 

Information on toxicological effects

reactions

products

**x**ylene

Acute toxicity

barium sulfate

titanium dioxide

n-butyl acetate

ethylbenzene

acetate

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### English (US) **South America**

8/15

Version

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result		Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Mod	erate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	: There ar	e no data a	vailable on the mix	xture itself.		
Eyes	: There ar	e no data a	vailable on the mix	xture itself.		
Respiratory	: There ar	e no data a	vailable on the mix	xture itself.		
<u>Sensitization</u>						
Not available.						
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	: There ar	e no data a	vailable on the mi	xture itself.		
Respiratory	: There ar	e no data a	vailable on the mix	xture itself.		
Mutagenicity						
Not available.						
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	e no data a	vailable on the mix	xture itself.		
Carcinogenicity						
Not available.						
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	e no data a	vailable on the mi	xture itself.		
<u>Classification</u>						
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP			
<b>x</b> ylene	-	3	-			
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-			
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-			
carbon black	-	2B	-			
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	+	1	Known to be a hu	man carcino	gen.	
toluene	-	3	-			

Date of issue

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate toluene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-
toluene	Category 2	-	-

#### Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
xylene ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure Potential acute health effects		Not available.
Eye contact		Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	4	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	1	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Eye contact	:	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Date of issue

Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Carbon black is utilized as a raw material in many liquid coating formulations. In this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of carbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon blacks contain trace quantities of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). PAHs are not expected to be released in biological fluids and are therefore not likely available for biological activity. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. Short term exposure **Potential immediate** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. effects **Potential delayed effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Long term exposure **Potential immediate** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. effects

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

<b>Potential</b>	chronic	health	effects

Not available.

General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMADUR 550 BASE (TINTED)	12800.9	4609.3	N/A	29.8	3.8
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	6190	N/A	N/A	30	N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate toluene	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A

#### Other information

: Not available.

### Section 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** 

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Manium dioxide n-butyl acetate ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 18 mg/l Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours 96 hours 48 hours -
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
ethylbenzene 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days 83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

### Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene n-butyl acetate ethylbenzene 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	- - - -	- - - -	Readily Readily Readily Readily
toluene	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<b>x</b> ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. **Disposal methods** Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

5.09

Code	00238851		Date of issue	26 November 2024	Version	5.09
Product nam	e	SIGMADUR 550 BASE (TINTED)				

### Section 14. Transport information

	=			
	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

UN	This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.
Brazil	: None identified.
<b>Risk number</b>	: 30
IMDG	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

**Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and<br/>environmental regulations<br/>specific for the product: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product<br/>(including its ingredients).

### Section 16. Other information

#### **History**

Date of previous issue	: 3/30/2023
Version	: 5.09
	EHS

### Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
	ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of
	Dangerous Goods by Road
	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
	UN = United Nations
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014
	ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.