# SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2015.

Date of issue/Date of revision 3 December 2024

Version 42.12

# **Section 1. Identification**

Product name : AMERLOCK 2 CURE

Product code : AK2-B

Other means of : Not available.

identification Product type

: Liquid.

# Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Industrial applications, Used by spraying.

**Use of the substance/** 

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against : Not applicable.

Supplier : PPG Architectural Coatings Canada, Inc.

1550, rue Ampère, bureau 500 Boucherville (Québec) J4B 7L4

Canada

+1 450-655-3121

PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada)

SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)

**Technical Phone Number**: 888-977-4762

# Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1A

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1

**GHS label elements** 

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# Section 2. Hazard identification

# **Hazard pictograms**









# Signal word

**Hazard statements** 

: Danger

: Flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Harmful if inhaled.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing

organs)

Causes digestive tract burns.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** 

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

#### Response

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

# Storage Disposal

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

# Supplemental label elements

: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Do not taste or swallow. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 1.8% (oral), 27.1% (dermal), 71.7% (inhalation)

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**Product name AMERLOCK 2 CURE** 

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Product name : AMERLOCK 2 CURE

Other means of : Not available.

identification

# **CAS** number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Talc; magnesium silicate monohydrate (talc) not containing asbestiform fibres	10 - 30*	14807-96-6
barium sulfate	Sulfuric acid, barium salt (1:1); CI 77120; Barytes; Barium salt of sulfuric acid; Barite; Artificial barite; barium sulphate; C. I. Pigment White 21; barium sulfate, natural; blanc fixe; C.I. 77120	10 - 30*	7727-43-7
xylene	Benzene, dimethyl-; Xylol; Benzene, dimethyl-, mixed isomers; xylene, mixed isomers, pure; xylene, crude; Benzene, dimethyl-,; Xylene (mixed); xylene (total); Xylenes; Dimethylbenzene; XYLENES (Isomer Mixture)	7 - 13*	1330-20-7
4-nonylphenol, branched	Phenol, 4-nonyl-, branched; Branched 4-nonylphenol (mixed isomers); Nonylphenol, 4-branched; N-NONYLPHENOL; Nonylphenol; C9-Branched alkyl phenol; Branched p-nonylphenol; 4-Nonylphenol; branched; Monoalkyl(C3-9)phenol; C9 branched alkyl phenol	5 - 10*	84852-15-3
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine; Fatty acids, C18-unsaturated, dimers, polymers with tall oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine; (C36) Fatty acid dimer, tall oil fatty acid, triethylenetetramine polymer; Dimer fatty acids, tall oil fatty acids, triethylenetetramine polymer; Fatty acids, C18-unsaturated, dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine; Triethylenetetramine, dimer fatty acids, tall oil fatty acids polymer; Dimer acid, triethylenetetramine, tall oil fatty acids polymer; C18-Fatty acid dimer, tall oil fatty acid, triethylenetetramine polymer; C18-Fatty acid dimer, tall oil fatty acid, triethylenetetramine polymer;	3 - 7*	68082-29-1
benzyl alcohol	Benzenemethanol; .alpha Hydroxytoluene; Phenylcarbinol; Phenylmethanol; E 1519; α-	1 - 5*	100-51-6

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# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	•	<u>.                                      </u>	Canada Page: 4/19
Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane and 1,2-ethanediamine	Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane and 1,2-ethanediamine; 4,4'- (1-Methylethylidene)bis[phenol; 4,4'-	1 - 5*	36704-31-1
ethylbenzene	Benzene, ethyl-; Phenylethane; Ethylbenzol; photosensitive emulsion consisting of cyclized polyisoprene containing: — 55 % or more but not more than 75 % by weight of xylene (CAS RN 1330-20-7) and — 12 % or more but not more than 18 % by weight of ethylbenzene (CAS RN 100-41-4); EB; Mono-(or di-) methyl (ethyl,bromoallyl, bromopropyloxycarbonyl) benzene	1 - 5*	100-41-4
4-tert-butylphenol	Phenol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-; Phenol, p-tert-butyl-; p-tert-Butylphenol; Phenol, p-(tert-butyl)-; 4-(1,1-DIMETHYLETHYL) PHENOL; TERT-BUTYLPHENOL, P-; BUTYLPHEN; BUTYLPHENOL, P-TERT-; P-T-BUTYLYPHENOL; para-tert-BUTYLPHENOL; 1-Hydroxy-4-tert-butylbenzene	1 - 5*	98-54-4
	(2-aminomethylethyl)- omega - (2-aminomethylethoxy)-; .alpha.,.omega Diaminopolypropylene glycol; Jeffamine 400; Jeffamine D 600; polyoxypropylenediamine; Diaminopolypropylene glycol; Poly(oxy (methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)), alpha- (2-aminomethylethyl)-omega- (2-aminomethylethoxy)-; poly (oxypropylene)diamine; Poly(oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)), .alpha (2-aminomethylethyl)omega (2-aminomethylethoxy)-; JEFFAMINE D- 2000		
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha$ -(2-aminomethylethyl)- $\omega$ -(2-aminomethylethoxy)-	Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha (2-aminomethylethyl)omega (2-aminomethylethoxy)-; Poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)], alpha-	1 - 5*	9046-10-0 (n = 2-6)
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	1,3-Benzenedimethanamine; m- Xylylendiamine; m-Xylene-alpha,alpha- diamine; m-Xylene alpha, alpha'- diamine; m-Xylene α,α'-diamine; m-xylene-α, α'-diamine; m-Xylylenediamine; 1,3-bis (Aminomethyl)benzene; MXDA; m-Xylene α,α'-diamine; m-Xylene-a, a'diamine	1 - 5*	1477-55-0
	hydroxytoluene; Phenylmethyl alcohol; toluenol, alpha-; (hydroxymethyl)benzene; BENZENECARBINOL; alpha- Hydroxytoluene		

**Product name AMERLOCK 2 CURE** 

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

•	•		
	(1-Methylethylidene)bis(phenol), polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane and 1,2-ethanediamine; 4,4'- (1-Methylethylidene)bisphenol polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane and 1,2-ethanediamine; PHENOL, 4,4'- (1-METHYL-ETHYLIDENE)BIS-, POLYMER WITH (CHLOROMETHYL) OXIRANE AND 1,2-ETHANEDIAMINE; POLYMER, BISPHENOL-A DIGLYCIDYL ETHER- ETHYLENEDIAMINE		
Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched	2-nonylphenol, branched; 2-(Branched nonyl)phenol; Monoalkyl(C3-9)phenol; Branched 2-nonylphenol	0.1 - 1*	91672-41-2

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

**Skin contact** 

: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation

: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin contact

: Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion

: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

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# Section 4. First-aid measures

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness dryness cracking

blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

# Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

# See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

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# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Hazardous thermal** decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

# **Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

# Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

# For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

# Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### **Special precautions**

: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# **Control parameters**

# **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)  OEL 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable particulate.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023)  TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)  TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable particulate matter  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

barium sulfate

xylene

4-nonylphenol, branched Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine benzyl alcohol

m-phenylenebis(methylamine)

TWAEV 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form:

Respirable dust..

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013)

TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: respirable

fraction.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)

OEL 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023)

TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)

TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable

particulate matter..

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023) TWAEV 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: inhalable

dust.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013)

STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) [Dimethylbenzene]

OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm.
OEL 15 minutes: 651 mg/m³.
OEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
OEL 8 hours: 434 mg/m³.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023) [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)]

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)]

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023) [Xylene]

TWAEV 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWAEV 8 hours: 434 mg/m³. STEV 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEV 15 minutes: 651 mg/m³.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013) [Xylene]

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

None. None.

IPEL (-)

TWA: 5 ppm. STEL: 10 ppm.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)

Absorbed through skin. C: 0.1 mg/m³.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8/2023) Absorbed through skin.

C: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)

Absorbed through skin. Ceiling Limit: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)

Absorbed through skin.

STEV 15 minutes: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,

7/2013) Absorbed through skin.

CEIL: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-

(2-aminomethylethoxy)-

4-tert-butylphenol ethylbenzene

None.

None.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)

OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. OEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. OEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,

8/2023)

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)

TWAEV 8 hours: 20 ppm.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,

7/2013)

STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

None.

None.

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl) oxirane and 1,2-ethanediamine

Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

procedures

**Recommended monitoring**: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**Appropriate engineering** controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**Individual protection measures** 

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**Product name AMERLOCK 2 CURE** 

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Skin protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately

estimated.

Gloves : butyl rubber

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task

being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be

selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air-fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits

of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Clear.

Odor : Characteristic.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not applicable.
Melting point : Not available.
Boiling point : >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 33.33°C (92°F)

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits Evaporation rate

Vapor pressure

: 0.71 (butyl acetate = 1) : 1.3 kPa (9.6 mm Hg)

Vapor density : Not available.

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Relative density : 1.42

Density ( lbs / gal ) : 11.85

Solubility(ies) : Media Result

cold water Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

% Solid. (w/w) : 82.061

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

**Incompatible materials**: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/ oxides

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

# Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
4-nonylphenol, branched	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal	Rat Rat Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg >5 mg/l >2000 mg/kg	- 4 hours -

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# **Product name AMERLOCK 2 CURE**

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-
m-phenylenebis	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	700 ppm	1 hours
(methylamine)				
	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male,	>3100 mg/kg	-
		Female		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
Poly[oxy(methyl-	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2980 mg/kg	-
1,2-ethanediyl)], α-				
(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-				
(2-aminomethylethoxy)-				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2885 mg/kg	-
4-tert-butylphenol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.29 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.95 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
_	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
		1		

# Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
4-nonylphenol, branched	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	4	-	-
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Irritant	Human	-	-	-
m-phenylenebis (methylamine)	Skin - Severe irritant	Rat	-	4 hours	4 hours

### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin Eyes Respiratory

- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

# **Sensitization**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing
m-phenylenebis (methylamine)	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing

Skin

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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# **Product name AMERLOCK 2 CURE**

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
xylene ethylbenzene	-	3 2B	-

#### Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

### **Target organs**

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, brain, skin, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, ears, eye, lens or cornea.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

# Information on the likely routes of exposure

# Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma

symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

**Skin contact**: Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

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**Product name AMERLOCK 2 CURE** 

# Section 11. Toxicological information

**Eye contact** 

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact** 

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness drvness cracking

blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatique, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. Exposure to amine vapor has been reported to cause transient corneal edema described as blue haze, halo effect, foggy or blurred vision for several hours. This condition is typically temporary and does not cause permanent visual effects. When the proper eye protection specified in Section 8 is worn, exposure is significantly reduced and the condition has not been observed.

Short term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects

Long term exposure

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Potential immediate** 

effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Potential chronic health effects

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged

or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

**Mutagenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity**: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

# **Numerical measures of toxicity**

# **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
AMERLOCK 2 CURE	4621.0	2737.4	34410.6	25.2	3.2
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
4-nonylphenol, branched	1300	2140	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzyl alcohol	1200	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	930	2500	4500	N/A	N/A
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α- (2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-	2885	2980	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-tert-butylphenol	2950	2290	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
4-nonylphenol, branched	Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l	Crustaceans - Moina macrocopa	
	Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty	EC10 1.78 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
acids and			
triethylenetetramine			
Poly[oxy(methyl-	EC50 15 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
1,2-ethanediyl)], α-			
(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-			
(2-aminomethylethoxy)-			
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched	Acute LC50 0.017 mg/l	Fish - Pleuronectes americanus	96 hours

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# **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readil	y - 10 days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic ha	If-life	Photoly	/sis	Biodegradability
xylene Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine benzyl alcohol Poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)], α- (2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-	-		- - -		Readily Not readily Readily Not readily
(2-aminomethylethoxy)- ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
4-nonylphenol, branched	5.4	251.19	Low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	Low
m-phenylenebis (methylamine)	0.18	2.69	Low
4-tert-butylphénol	3	67.61	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

# **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

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**Product name AMERLOCK 2 CURE** 

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	TDG	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	(4-nonylphenol, branched)	(4-nonylphenol, branched)	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

**TDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.

**IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

**IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation

regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

**Proof of classification** 

statement

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous

Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).

# Section 15. Regulatory information

### **National Inventory List**

Canada inventory ( DSL ) : At least one component is not listed.

# Section 16. Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Date of issue/Date of

revision

3 December 2024

Organization that prepared

: EHS

the SDS

Canada Page: 18/19 Product code AK2-B Date of issue 3 December 2024 Version 42.12

**Product name AMERLOCK 2 CURE** 

# **Section 16. Other information**

# **Key to abbreviations**

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group

UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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