# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### Date of issue 4 December 2024

Version 2

### Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

- : PITT-THERM 1000 FX HARDENER WHITE
- : 00468574
- : Not available.
- : Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

### **Identified uses**

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda</li> <li>Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu</li> <li>Sumare / SP, Brasil</li> <li>55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria)</li> </ul>
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Suatrans Cotec 0800 14 8110 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: CUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5
	SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Target organs	<ul> <li>Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, brain.</li> </ul>
	Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS).
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 17.8%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 24.2%

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		Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 24.4%
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	-	
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	Farmful if swallowed. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	Collect spillage. IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not	:	Causes digestive tract burns.

result in classification

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers
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CAS number	: Not applicable.
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## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	30 - <60	68082-29-1
glass, oxide, chemicals	15 - <20	65997-17-3
Cashew, nutshell liq.	5 - <7	8007-24-7
benzyl alcohol	5 - <7	100-51-6
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha$ -(2-aminomethylethyl)- $\omega$ -(2-aminomethylethoxy)-	5 - <7	9046-10-0 (n = 2-6)
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	3 - <5 3 - <5	112-24-3 90-72-2

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary fir	rst ai	d measures
Eye contact		Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation		Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician Specific treatments		In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Causes severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	1	Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

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## Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ctiv	ve equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel		No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions		Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and Small spill mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release Large spill 2 from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name		Exposure limits	
glass, oxide, chemicals	ACGIH TLV (United States) TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Total dust. TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Respirable. TWA: 1. Form: Continuous filament glass fibres. TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Inhalable). Form: Continuous filament glass fibres.		
Recommended monitoring procedures		ropriate monitoring standards. Reference to nethods for the determination of hazardous	
Appropriate engineering controls	✓ ✓ user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.		
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requirements cases, fume scrubbers, filters or e	c process equipment should be checked to ensure of environmental protection legislation. In some engineering modifications to the process duce emissions to acceptable levels.	

### Individual protection measures

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Section 8. Expos	sure controls/personal protection
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: nitrile neoprene
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

necessary.

: Liquid.
: White.
: Characteristic.
: Not applicable.
: Not available.
: >37.78°C (>100°F)
: Closed cup: 128°C (262.4°F)
: Not available.
: 0.56

Brazil

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Colubility/icc)	_	Media	Result
Solubility(ies)	•	cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room te	mperature): Not available. emperature): Not available. 104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

### Section 11. Toxicological information

## Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Atty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-
Poly[oxy(methyl-	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2980 mg/kg	-
1,2-ethanediyl)], α-			0.0	
(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-				
2-aminomethylethoxy)-				
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	2885 mg/kg	-
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1465 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1716 mg/kg	-
2,4,6-tris	LD50 Dermal	Rat	1280 mg/kg	-
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Section 11. Toxicological information						
(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	LD50 Oral	Rat		1200 mg/kg	-	
Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion	: There are no d	ata available on	the mixture itsel	lf.		
Product/ingredient name	Result	Spec	ies Score	Exposure	Observation	
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	Eyes - Severe irri Skin - Irritant	tant Rabb		-	-	
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin Eyes Respiratory <u>Sensitisation</u>	<ul><li>There are no data available on the mixture itself.</li><li>There are no data available on the mixture itself.</li><li>There are no data available on the mixture itself.</li></ul>					
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Species		Result	
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	skin	Mouse Guinea pig		Sensitising		
Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory Mutagenicity Not available.	<ul> <li>There are no data available on the mixture itself.</li> <li>There are no data available on the mixture itself.</li> </ul>					
Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity Not available.	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
Conclusion/Summary <u>Classification</u>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
Product/ingredient name	OSHA IARC	NTP	NTP			
glass, oxide, chemicals	- 3	-				
Carcinogen Classification code: ACGIH: A1, A2, A3, A4, A5 IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Proven, Possible OSHA: + Not listed or regulated as a carcinogen: -						

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs,

upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS).

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
benzyl alcohol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	1	Causes severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	1	Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.
Symptoms related to the phy	sic	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	1	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Brazil

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary		There are no data available on the mixture itself. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitisation of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. Exposure to amine vapor has been reported to cause transient corneal edema described as blue haze, halo effect, foggy or blurred vision for several hours. This condition is typically temporary and does not cause permanent visual effects. When the proper eye protection specified in Section 8 is worn, exposure is significantly reduced and the condition has not been observed.
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effo	ect	<u>S</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
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Section 11. Toxicological info	rmation				
TT-THERM 1000 FX HARDENER WHITE	1837.8	2188.9	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and					
triethylenetetramine					
Cashew, nutshell liq.	500	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzyl alcohol	1200	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-	2885	2980	N/A	N/A	N/A
$(2-aminomethylethyl)-\omega-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-$					
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	1716	1465	N/A	N/A	N/A
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1200	1280	N/A	N/A	N/A

### Other information

: Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### **Ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	EC10 1.78 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
Poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)], α- (2-aminomethylethyl)-ω- (2-aminomethylethoxy)-	EC50 15 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test		eadily - 28 days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine benzyl alcohol Poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)], α- (2-aminomethylethyl)-ω- (2-aminomethylethoxy)- 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	-		-		Not readily Readily Not readily Not readily
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### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Cashew, nutshell liq. benzyl alcohol 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	0.219	- - -	High Low Low Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt
	containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3066	UN3066	UN3066
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Polyamide)	Not applicable.

### Additional information

Brazil	: None identified.
<b>Risk number</b>	: 80

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Section 14. Transport information				
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.			
IATA	TA : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportatio regulations.			
Special prec	<b>cautions for user : Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.			
Transport in to IMO instr	<b>bulk according</b> : Not applicable. uments			
Section	15. Regulatory information			

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

### Section 16. Other information

Η	isto	ory
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Date of previous issue	: 6/29/2024
Version	: 2
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway</li> <li>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor</li> <li>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals</li> <li>IATA = International Air Transport Association</li> <li>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient</li> <li>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)</li> <li>RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail</li> <li>UN = United Nations</li> </ul>
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### <u>Disclaimer</u>

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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