SAFETY DATA SHEET

SIGMATHERM 230 BASE GREY



Date of issue 4 December 2024

Version 2.01

mixture

number

Uses advised against

Emergency telephone

Supplier's details

1. Product and company identification

: Not applicable.

: 078 574 2777

Product name	: SIGMATHERM 230 BASE GREY	
Product code	: 00445426	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/	: Coating.	

652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777

: PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe

2.	Hazards	identification	
~ .	I IUZUI UJ	Inclution	

GHS label elements :	GHS Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 2
Signal word : Danger Hazard statements : Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs)		
Hazard statements : Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs)		
Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs)	Signal word	: Danger
	Hazard statements	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs)
		- 3 3

2. Hazards identification

organs, nervous system, respiratory organs) Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

С result in classification

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Mixture 2

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
CSCL number	: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
barium sulfate	25 - <50	7727-43-7	1-89
Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether (MW<=700)	20 - <25	28064-14-4	7-1285
Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz)	15 - <20	14807-96-6	Not available.
Xylene	10 - <12.5	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	5 - <7	13463-67-7	1-558; 5-5225
isobutyl alcohol	3 - <5	78-83-1	2-3049
Ethyl Benzene	2 - <3	100-41-4	3-28; 3-60
N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	0.1 - <0.2	123-26-2	2-2720
carbon black	<0.1	1333-86-4	5-3328; 5-5222

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

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4. First aid measures

Description of necess	sary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed		
Potential acute health	<u>n effects</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.	
Over-exposure signs	/symptoms	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Indication of immediat	e medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. 	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	

i r t	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
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See toxicological information (Section 11)

4. First aid measures

5. Fire-fighting measures

<u>Extinguishing media</u>	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

contractor.

For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for cor	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an

6. Accidental release measures

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which handling this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
ralc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023) [Class 1 dusts (Activated charcoal, Alumina, Aluminium, Bentonite, Diatomite, Graphite, Kaolinite, Pagodite, Pyrites, Pyrite cinder)] OEL-M 8 hours: 2 mg/m ³ . Form: Total dust (Class 1 Dust). OEL-M 8 hours: 0.5 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable dust (Class 1 Dust).
xylene	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023) OEL-M 8 hours: 50 ppm. OEL-M 8 hours: 217 mg/m ³ . Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,
	Japan Page: 5/15

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• •	6/2020) [xylene]
		TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
titanium dioxide		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 5/2023) [titanium dioxide]
		OEL-M 8 hours: 1.5 mg/m ³ (as Ti). Form:
		U ()
		Respirable particulate matter.
		OEL-M 8 hours: 2 mg/m³ (as Ti). Form:
		Total particulate matter.
		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 5/2023) [titanium dioxide
		(nanoparticle)]
		OEL-M 8 hours: 0.3 mg/m ³ . Form:
		nanoparticle.
2-methylpropan-1-ol		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 5/2023)
		OEL-M 8 hours: 50 ppm.
		OEL-M 8 hours: 150 mg/m ³ .
		Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,
		6/2020)
		TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
ethylbenzene		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 5/2023) Absorbed through skin.
		OEL-M 8 hours: 20 ppm.
		OEL-M 8 hours: 87 mg/m ³ .
		Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,
		6/2020)
		TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
Recommended monitoring procedures	: Reference should be made to appropr national guidance documents for meth substances will also be required.	iate monitoring standards. Reference to ods for the determination of hazardous
Appropriate engineering controls	or other engineering controls to keep v below any recommended or statutory l	se process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation worker exposure to airborne contaminants limits. The engineering controls also need to s below any lower explosive limits. Use
Environmental exposure	: Emissions from ventilation or work pro	cess equipment should be checked to ensure
controls	they comply with the requirements of e	environmental protection legislation. In some seering modifications to the process equipment
Individual protection measure		
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lavatory Appropriate techniques should be use Contaminated work clothing should no	d to remove potentially contaminated clothing. It be allowed out of the workplace. Wash Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles and face shi	eld.
Skin protection		

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	: Liquid.		
Color	: Gray.		
Odor	: Characteristic.	: Characteristic	
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)		
Flash point	: Closed cup: 26°C (78.8°F)		
Relative density	: 1.78		
Solubility(ies)	Media	Result	
Solubility(les)	. cold water	Not soluble	

10. Stability and reactivity		
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.	
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	

Product name SIGMATHERM 230 BASE GREY

10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
isobutyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
Ethyl Benzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.11 mg/l	4 hours
,	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
carbon black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz) Xylene	Category 1 Category 1	-	respiratory organs central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs
isobutyl alcohol	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects
Ethyl Benzene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
barium sulfate	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz)	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Xylene	Category 1	-	nervous system, respiratory organs
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Ethyl Benzene	Category 1	-	hearing organs, nervous system
carbon black	Category 1	-	respiratory organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result		
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effe	ects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.
<u>Symptoms related to the </u> Eye contact	 chemical and toxicological characteristics Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effect	ts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
General	:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	1	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
		May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMATHERM 230 BASE GREY	N/A	2879.8	N/A	52.5	N/A
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
isobutyl alcohol	2830	2460	N/A	11	N/A
Ethyl Benzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A
N,N -ethane-1,2-diylbis(12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information

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Product code 00445426

Product name SIGMATHERM 230 BASE GREY

11. Toxicological information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
isobutyl alcohol Ethyl Benzene	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours 48 hours -
N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	Acute EC50 29 to 43 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
,	Acute EC50 94 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
Ethyl Benzene N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	-	79 % - Rea 63 % - 28 c	idily - 10 days lays	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	-	Biodeg	radability
Xylene Ethyl Benzene N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)			-		Readily Readily Readily	/

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Xylene isobutyl alcohol Ethyl Benzene N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	3.12 1 3.6 >6	7.4 to 18.5 - 79.43 -	Low Low Low High

Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

15. Regulatory information

Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Japan Page: 12/15

Product name SIGMATHERM 230 BASE GREY

15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Xylene	11		80
Ethylbenzene	2.0		53

Industrial Safety and Health Act

Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
ethyl benzene	≤10	Special Organic Solvents	3-3

Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Xylene	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	136
Titanium(IV) oxide	≤10	Listed	191
Butanol	≤10	Listed	477
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70

Chemicals requiring notification

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Xylene Titanium(IV) oxide Butanol Ethylbenzene Carbon black	≤10 ≤10 ≤10	Listed Listed Listed Listed Listed	136 191 477 70 130

Carcinogens based on Article 577-2 of the Ordinance on ISH

None of the components are listed.

<u>Mutagen</u>

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid	: Not listed
Occupational Safety and Health Law	: Inflammable
Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	: Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	: Not listed
Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	: Not listed
ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances	: Inflammable
Lead regulation	: Not listed

Product name SIGMATHERM 230 BASE GREY

15. Regulatory information

Organic solvents poisoning prevention

: Class 2

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
Xylene	≥10 - ≤20	Priority assessment	125
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	50
Toluene	≤10	Priority assessment	46
Benzene	≤10	Priority assessment	45

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available. Law

Explosives Control Law

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Not available. of pollution of the ocean

Maritime Safety Law

Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

Container class

None of the components are listed.

JSOH Carcinogen	: Group 2B
List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste	: Not listed
Japan inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.
Road law	: Not available.

16. Other information

HistoryDate of issue/Date of revision: 4 December 2024Date of previous issue: 8/22/2024Version: 2.01Prepared by: EHSKey to abbreviations: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
Date of issue/Date of revision: 4 December 2024Date of previous issue: 8/22/2024Version: 2.01Prepared by: EHSKey to abbreviations: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
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Japan

16. Other information

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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