SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision5 December 2024Version 10

| Section 1. Identification | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Product name | : MEGASEAL SFT600 Non Slip Non Slip Waterbased 1 Comp Tile Red | |
| Product code | : 00349253 | |
| Other means of identification | : Not available. | |
| Product type | : Liquid. | |
| Relevant identified uses of | the substance or mixture and uses advised against | |
| Product use | : Professional applications, Used by spraying. | |
| Use of the substance/ mixture | : Coating. | |
| Uses advised against | : Not applicable. | |
| Manufacturer | : PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272 | |
| Emergency telephone number | : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México) | |
| Technical Phone Number | : 888-977-4762 | |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| OSHA/HCS status | : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). |
|---|--|
| Classification of the substance or mixture | : CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A |
| | Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 34.2% (oral), 64.5% (dermal), 35.2% (inhalation) |
| | This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). |
| GHS label elements | |

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms



| Signal word | : Danger |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Hazard statements | : May cause cancer. |
| Precautionary statements | |
| Prevention | : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. |
| Response | : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. |
| Storage | : Store locked up. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Supplemental label elements | : Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. |
| Hazards not otherwise classified | : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Product name : Mixture

: MEGASEAL SFT600 Non Slip Non Slip Waterbased 1 Comp Tile Red

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Vimestone | ≥20 - ≤50 | 1317-65-3 |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns) propane-1,2-diol | ≥10 - ≤20 ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | 14808-60-7 57-55-6 |
| ethanol | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | 64-17-5 |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic titanium dioxide | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 ≤1.0 | 64742-65-0 13463-67-7 |

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact | Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Inhalation | : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. | | | |
| Skin contact | Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. | | | |
| Ingestion | : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. | | | |
| Most important symptoms/e | effects, acute and delayed | | | |
| Potential acute health effe | <u>cts</u> | | | |
| Eye contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | |
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | |
| Skin contact | : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. | | | |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | |
| Over-exposure signs/symp | <u>otoms</u> | | | |
| Eye contact | : No specific data. | | | |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. | | | |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: | | | |
| | irritation | | | |
| | dryness cracking | | | |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. | | | |
| | | | | |
| Indication of immediate mee | dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary | | | |
| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. | | | |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. | | | |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. | | | |
| | | | | |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : None known. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protect | tive equipment and emergency procedures |
|--------------------------------|---|
| For non-emergency personnel | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
| Methods and materials for co | ntainment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|--|
| Special precautions | If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | Store between the following temperatures: 5 to 35°C (41 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Imestone | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 15 mg/m ³ . Form: Total dust. TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable fraction. | | |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns) | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [Silica, crystalline] TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable fraction. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Silica, crystalline] TWA 8 hours: 50 μg/m ³ . Form: Respirable dust. OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016) TWA 8 hours: 250. / (%SiO ₂ +5) mppcf. Form: Respirable. TWA 8 hours: 10. / (%SiO ₂ +2) mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable. | | |
| propane-1,2-diol | IPEL (-) | | |
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| | TWA: 10 mg/m ³ . | |
|---|---|--|
| ethanol | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) | |
| | STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm. | |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) | |
| | TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm. | |
| | TWA 8 hours: 1900 mg/m ³ . | |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Oil mist, | |
| | mineral] | |
| | TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . | |
| titanium dioxide | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) | |
| | TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m ³ . Form: respirable | |
| | fraction, finescale particles. | |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) | |
| | TWA 8 hours: 15 mg/m ³ . Form: Total dust. | |
| Key to abbreviations | | |

| А | Acceptable Maximum Peak | S | Potential skin absorption |
|-------|--|------|--|
| ACGIH | American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. | SR | Respiratory sensitization |
| С | = Ceiling Limit | SS | Skin sensitization |
| F | = Fume | STEL | Short term Exposure limit values |
| IPEL | = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit | TD | = Total dust |
| OSHA | Occupational Safety and Health Administration. | TLV | = Threshold Limit Value |
| R | = Respirable | TWA | = Time Weighted Average |
| Z | = OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances | | |

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

| Recommended monitoring procedures | : | Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| Appropriate engineering controls | : | If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. | | |
| Environmental exposure controls | : | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. | | |
| Individual protection measures | | | | |
| Hygiene measures | : | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. | | |
| Eye/face protection Skin protection | 1 | Safety glasses with side shields. | | |

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
|------------------------|--|
| Gloves | : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: |
| | Recommended: butyl rubber, nitrile rubber |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Other skin protection | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | | |
|---------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Physical state | 1 | Liquid. |
| Color | 1 | Red. |
| Odor | 1 | Characteristic. |
| Odor threshold | 1 | Not available. |
| рН | 4 | Not available. |
| Melting point | 4 | Not available. |
| Boiling point | 1 | >37.78°C (>100°F) |
| Flash point | : | Closed cup: 100.56°C (213°F) |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 1 | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | 1 | Not available. |
| Flammability | 1 | Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosive | 1 | Not available. |
| (flammable) limits | | |
| Evaporation rate | 4 | Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | 4 | Not available. |
| Vapor density | 1 | Not available. |
| Relative density | 1 | 1.75 |
| Density(lbs / gal) | 1 | 14.6 |
| | | |

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| | Media | Result |
|--|--------------------|---|
| Solubility(ies) | Eold water | Partially soluble |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : Not applicable. | |
| Viscosity | Kinematic (room te | mperature): Not available. emperature): Not available. I04°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt) |
| % Solid. (w/w) | : 79 | |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. |
| Incompatible materials | : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|--------------------------|----------|
| ∠ ímestone | LD50 Oral | Rat | 6450 mg/kg | - |
| propane-1,2-diol | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 20800 mg/kg | - |
| • • • | LD50 Oral | Rat | 20 g/kg | - |
| ethanol | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 124700 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | 17100 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 7 g/kg | - |
| Distillates (petroleum), | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| solvent-dewaxed heavy | | | | |
| paraffinic | | | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| titanium dioxide | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >6.82 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |

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Section 11. Toxicological information

| Irritation/Corrosion | | | | |
|--|---|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------|
| Conclusion/Summary | | | | |
| Skin | 1 | There are | no data a | vailable on the mixture itself. |
| Eyes | 1 | There are | no data a | vailable on the mixture itself. |
| Respiratory | 1 | There are | no data a | vailable on the mixture itself. |
| Sensitization | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | | | | |
| Skin | 1 | There are | no data a | vailable on the mixture itself. |
| Respiratory | : | There are | no data a | vailable on the mixture itself. |
| <u>Mutagenicity</u> | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | 1 | There are | no data a | vailable on the mixture itself. |
| Carcinogenicity | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : | There are | no data a | vailable on the mixture itself. |
| Classification | | | | |
| Product/ingredient name | | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
| rystalline silica, respirable | | + | 1 | Known to be a human carcinogen. |
| powder (>10 microns) titanium dioxide | | - | 2B | - |

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS). Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the reproductive system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, eyes.

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

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|---------------|------------|
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Section 11. Toxicological information

| Eye contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
|---------------------|--|
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Over-exposure signs | /symptoms |
| Eye contact | : No specific data. |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |
| | |

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

| and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray app This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinoge based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particle when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surf from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and leve exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapo concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may rest health effects such as muccus membrane and respiratory system irritation effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and si headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extre loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organ vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing 1 expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid r irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea an This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inh dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. Short term exposure Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Long term exposure Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Engine meansoure Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixt | Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicasin. The risk of cancer depends on the duration |
|--|------------------------------|--|
| This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inh dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. Short term exposure Potential immediate : There are no data available on the mixture itself. effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Long term exposure : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential immediate : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential immediate : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential immediate : There are no data available on the mixture itself. effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential chronic health effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential chronic health effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential chronic health effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. | | which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. |
| Short term exposure Potential immediate : There are no data available on the mixture itself. effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Long term exposure : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential immediate : There are no data available on the mixture itself. effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential chronic health effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential chronic health effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential chronic health effects : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, crace | | This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eve contact |
| Potential immediate effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Long term exposure : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential immediate effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential chronic health effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential chronic health effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. | Short term exposure | |
| Long term exposure Potential immediate : There are no data available on the mixture itself. effects Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential chronic health effects General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, crace | Potential immediate | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Potential immediate : There are no data available on the mixture itself. effects Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential chronic health effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential chronic health effects : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, crace | Potential delayed effects | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| effects Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential chronic health effects General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cract | Long term exposure | |
| Potential chronic health effects General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, crac | | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, crac | Potential delayed effects | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| 5 1 <i>i</i> | Potential chronic health eff | icts |
| | General | : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. |
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | | (mg/kg) | (gases) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I) |
|-------------------------|-------|---------|---------|----------------------------------|---|
| Imestone | 6450 | 20800 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| propane-1,2-diol | 20000 | | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| ethanol | 7000 | | N/A | 124.7 | N/A |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|
| Imestone | Acute LC50 >56000 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| propane-1,2-diol | Acute LC50 40613 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| ethanol | Acute EC50 7640 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> | 48 hours |
| titanium dioxide | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> | 48 hours |

Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------|--------------------|
| propane-1,2-diol ethanol | - | - | Readily Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|
| propane-1,2-diol | -1.07 | - | Low |
| ethanol | -0.35 | | Low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) : Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport information

| | DOT | IMDG | IATA | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| UN number | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | |
| UN proper shipping name | - | - | - | |
| Transport hazard class (es) | - | - | - | |
| Packing group | - | - | - | |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | |

Additional information

- DOT: None identified.IMDG: None identified.
- IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

SARA 302/304

SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification

: CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A HNOC - Defatting irritant

Composition/information on ingredients

| Name | % | Classification |
|---|-------------|---|
| vystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns) | ≥10 - ≤20 | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A |
| ethanol | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A HNOC - Defatting irritant |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent- dewaxed heavy paraffinic | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 HNOC - Defatting irritant |
| titanium dioxide | ≤1.0 | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 |

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Section 16. Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

| Date of previous issue Organization that prepared the SDS | | 5/29/2021 EHS |
|---|---|--|
| Key to abbreviations | : | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations |
| V Indiantan information that | h | a sherward from manipulation is an advantation |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Section 16. Other information

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.