# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 9 December 2024 Version



PPG

: 3

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: SIGMAPRIME 700 BASE REDBROWN 2008
Product code	: 000001203158
Other means of identifica 00478670	ition
1.2 Relevant identified use	es of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
1.3 Details of the supplier	of the safety data sheet
Sigma Paints Egypt Villa#8, street 279 New Maadi, Cairo Egypt Tel: 00202 516 223 797 Fax: 00202 516 38 04	

e-mail address of person : PS.ACEMEA@ppg.com responsible for this SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone : +20 2 6840902 number

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture <u>Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]</u>

Fam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 1B, H360F STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms



: Danger

Code : 000001203158 SIGMAPRIME 700 BASE RED		Date of issue/Date of revision : 9 December 2024 OWN 2008		
SECTION 2: Hazards identification				
Hazard statements	:	Mammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May damage fertility. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Precautionary statements				
Prevention	:	So not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not breathe vapour.		
Response	:	F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.		
Storage	:	Not applicable.		
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. ₱202, P280, P210, P260, P308 + P313, P501		
Supplemental label elements	:	Not applicable.		
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Restricted to professional users.		
Special packaging requirem	nent	<u>is</u>		
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.		
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.		
2.3 Other hazards				
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	:	This mixture contains substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB, refer to Section 3.2.		
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C/140F.		

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture

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## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
₽poxy Resin (700 <mw &lt;=1100)</mw 	CAS: 25036-25-3	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≥10 - ≤17	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
Phenol, methylstyrenated	REACH #: 01-2119555274-38 EC: 270-966-8 CAS: 68512-30-1	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	-	[1] [3]
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) > 0.1% cumene	REACH #: 01-2119458049-33 EC: 919-446-0 CAS: 64742-82-1	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	Carc. 1B, H350: C ≥ 25%	[1] [2]
oxirane, mono[ (C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	EC: 271-846-8 CAS: 68609-97-2 Index: 603-103-00-4	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Repr. 1B, H360F	-	[1]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	EC: 238-878-4 CAS: 14808-60-7	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	STOT RE 1, H372 (inhalation)	-	[1] [2]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 17.8 mg/l	[1] [2]
2-methylpropan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1	≤1.7	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine	REACH #: 01-0000017900-73 EC: 432-840-2	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (lungs) (inhalation)	ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 3.56 mg/l	[1] [2]
		English	(GB)	Egypt	3/18

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878					
Code : 000001203158			ate of issue/Date of revisi	on : 9 Decemb	er 2024
SIGMAPRIME 700 BASE RE	DBROWN 2008				
SECTION 3: Compo	sition/informat	ion on ii	ngredients		
and hexamethylenediamine	CAS: 220926-97-6 Index: 616-201-00-7		Aquatic Chronic 4, H413		
Cashew, nutshell liq.	EC: 232-355-4 CAS: 8007-24-7	≤1.2	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg	[1]
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, isobutylated	CAS: 68002-18-6	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	-	[1]
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene, < 0.1% cumene	REACH #: 01-2119463588-24 EC: 919-284-0 CAS: 64742-94-5	<1.0	Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	Carc. 2, H351: C ≥ 10% EUH066: C ≥ 20%	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask o self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health	<u>effects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/	symptoms

English (GB)

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU	)
2020/878	

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
4.3 Indication of any imm	nediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special precautions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Conforms to Regulation (EC) 2020/878	No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU)
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SECTION 5: Firefight	ing measures
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
<b>SECTION 6: Accident</b>	al release measures
6.1 Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures
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English (GB)

6/18

Egypt

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878		
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<b>SECTION 7: Handli</b>	ng and storage	
	against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.	
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.	
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.	

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
✓alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) A4.
	TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Respirable fraction.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [Silica, crystalline] A2.
	TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Respirable fraction.
xylene	Law Number 4 of 1994, Environmental Law, Annex 8 - Maximum
	limits for air pollutants inside workplaces (Egypt, 8/2011) [xylene
	(o-, m-, p-isomers)]
	STEL 15 minutes: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
diiron trioxide	Law Number 4 of 1994, Environmental Law, Annex 8 - Maximum
	limits for air pollutants inside workplaces (Egypt, 8/2011)
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Fe). Form: dust and fumes.
aluminium powder (stabilised)	Law Number 4 of 1994, Environmental Law, Annex 8 - Maximum
	limits for air pollutants inside workplaces (Egypt, 8/2011)
	TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³ (as Al).
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes,	ACGIH TLV (United States)
cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) > 0.1% cumene	TWA: 100 ppm.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) A4.
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 184 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [Silica, crystalline] A2. TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Respirable fraction.
	English (GB) Egypt 7/18

2-methylpropan-1-ol       Imits for air pollutants inside workplaces (Egypt, 8/2011)         2-methylpropan-1-ol       STEL 15 minutes: 324 apgm?.         12-hydroxyoctadecanolc acid, reaction products       Law Number 4 of 1994, Environmental Law, Annex 8 - Maximum limits for air pollutants inside workplaces (Egypt, 8/2011)         12-hydroxyoctadecanolc acid, reaction products       ACGIH TVU (United States)         TWA 8 hours: 152 apgm?.       TWA 8 hours: 152 apgm?.         With 13-benzenedimethanamice and hexamethylenediamine       ACGIH TVU (United States)         TWA: 10 mg/m? Form: Inhalable particle.       TWA: 3 to mg/m? (inhalable dust). Form: Respirable particle.         Wifene       DOL EEI (South Africa, 3/2021) pylenes]         BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time end of shift.         rethylbenzene       DOL EEI (South Africa, 3/2021)         Brocker       Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guadence for the assessment of exposum by inhalabin to chemical age atmospheres for comparison with limit values and measurement application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposume by inhalabin to chemical agents (Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guadence for the assessment of exposume by inhalabin to chemical agents (Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the passessment of exposume to chemical agents). European et a concentration and guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         22 Exposure controls       .	Code : 000001203158	8	Date of issue/Date	e of revision	: 9 December 202		
2-methylpropan-1-ol       Imits for air pollutants inside workplaces (Egypt, 8/2011)         2-methylpropan-1-ol       STEL 15 minutes: 324 apgm?.         12-hydroxyoctadecanolc acid, reaction products       Law Number 4 of 1994, Environmental Law, Annex 8 - Maximum limits for air pollutants inside workplaces (Egypt, 8/2011)         12-hydroxyoctadecanolc acid, reaction products       ACGIH TVU (United States)         TWA 8 hours: 152 apgm?.       TWA 8 hours: 152 apgm?.         With 13-benzenedimethanamice and hexamethylenediamine       ACGIH TVU (United States)         TWA: 10 mg/m? Form: Inhalable particle.       TWA: 3 to mg/m? (inhalable dust). Form: Respirable particle.         Wifene       DOL EEI (South Africa, 3/2021) pylenes]         BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time end of shift.         rethylbenzene       DOL EEI (South Africa, 3/2021)         Brocker       Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guadence for the assessment of exposum by inhalabin to chemical age atmospheres for comparison with limit values and measurement application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposume by inhalabin to chemical agents (Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guadence for the assessment of exposume by inhalabin to chemical agents (Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the passessment of exposume to chemical agents). European et a concentration and guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         22 Exposure controls       .	SIGMAPRIME 700 BASE RED	BROWN 2008					
2-methylpropan-1-ol       Law Number 4 of 1994, Environmental Law, Annex 8 - Maximum limits for air pollutants inside workplaces (Egypt, 8/2011)         12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine       ACGH TLV (United States)         TWA 8 hours: 152 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .       TWA 8 hours: 152 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .         Fjene       DOL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021) [xylenes]         EE: 1.5 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time end of shift.         ethylbenzene       DOL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021)         BE: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time end of shift.         Recommended monitoring procedures       : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 489 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 402 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the ensaurement of hazardous substances will also be required.         #2Exposure controls       Appropriate engineering : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to aiborne contaminants beidge agrice in the other engineering controls also need to kee gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventility ended or statutory limits. The end of the workplace, Wash contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminate dividing before reusing. Ensure tha	ethylbenzene		STEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .				
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 13-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine       ACGIH TLV (United States) TWA: 3 mg/m² (inhalable particle. TWA: 3 mg/m² (inhalable dust). Form: Respirable particle.         Image: State of the state of th	2-methylpropan-1-ol		Law Number 4 of 1994, Er limits for air pollutants in TWA 8 hours: 152 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .	side workplaces			
BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time end of shift.         ethylbenzene       DoL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021) BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.         Recommended monitoring procedures       : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposur by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy). European Standard EN 4042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents). European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         L2 Exposure controls       Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below ar recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Individual protection       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated dothing. Contaminated dothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eyeface	with 1,3-benzenedimethanar		ACGIH TLV (United States TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: In	halable particle.	irable particle.		
BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.         Recommended monitoring procedures       Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with invalues and measurement strategy). European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         22 Exposure controls       Appropriate engineering         Appropriate engineering       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to aiborne contaminants below are recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Individual protection measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate lechning before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eyofface protection       : Chemical splash goggles.         Skin protection       : Chemical splash goggles.         Hygiene measures       : Chemical splash goggles.         Skin protection       : Chemical resistant, impervious gloves complying with an a	kylene		BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, me		in urine]. Sampling tim		
procedures       Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents). European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         L2 Exposure controls       Appropriate engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below ar recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Individual protection measures       I Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated work clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eye/face protection       I Chemical splash goggles.         Hand protection       Chemical splash goggles.         Chemical splash goggles.       Chemical resistent, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, con	ethylbenzene		BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, s	um of mandelic ac	id and phenylglyoxylic		
Appropriate engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below ar recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.Individual protection measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection Skin protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are subilized products if a risk assessment for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove selected for handling this	Recommended monitoring procedures	Standard EN 689 by inhalation to c strategy) Europe application and u biological agents requirements for agents) Referen	<ul> <li>Workplace atmospheres -</li> <li>Chemical agents for comparis</li> <li>Chemical agents for comparis</li> <li>Chemical agents for the ass</li> <li>Standard EN 14042 (Wo</li> <li>Use of procedures for the ass</li> <li>European Standard EN 48</li> <li>The performance of procedure</li> <li>The performance of procedure</li> </ul>	Guidance for the a on with limit values rkplace atmospheres essment of expose 2 (Workplace atmospheres res for the measures uments for method	assessment of exposur s and measurement res - Guide for the ure to chemical and ospheres - General rement of chemical		
Appropriate engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below ar recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.Individual protection measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection Skin protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are subilized products if a risk assessment for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove selected for handling this	8.2 Exposure controls						
Individual protection measures         Hygiene measures         :       Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eye/face protection       :       Chemical splash goggles.         Skin protection       :       Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this	Appropriate engineering controls	other engineering recommended o vapour or dust co	g controls to keep worker exp r statutory limits. The engine oncentrations below any lowe	oosure to airborne ering controls also	contaminants below a o need to keep gas,		
Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection Skin protection: Chemical splash goggles.Hand protection during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this	Individual protection measu						
Skin protection         Hand protection         : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this	Hygiene measures	eating, smoking Appropriate tech Contaminated w contaminated clo	and using the lavatory and at niques should be used to ren ork clothing should not be all othing before reusing. Ensure	t the end of the wo nove potentially co owed out of the wo e that eyewash sta	orking period. ontaminated clothing. orkplace. Wash		
<ul> <li>Hand protection</li> <li>Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this</li> </ul>		: Chemical splash	goggles.				
		worn at all times necessary. Cons during use that th noted that the tim glove manufactu protection time o frequently repeat (breakthrough tir When only brief (breakthrough tir	when handling chemical pro- sidering the parameters spec- he gloves are still retaining the ne to breakthrough for any gl- rers. In the case of mixtures of the gloves cannot be accur- ted contact may occur, a gloven ne greater than 480 minutes contact is expected, a gloven ne greater than 30 minutes a	ducts if a risk asse sified by the glove ove material may l , consisting of sev ately estimated. V ve with a protection according to EN 3 with a protection cluccording to EN 37	essment indicates this i manufacturer, check berties. It should be be different for differen reral substances, the Vhen prolonged or n class of 6 874) is recommended. lass of 2 or higher '4) is recommended.		
			English (GB)	Egypt	8/18		

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	product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	:
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance					
Physical state	:	Liquid.			
Colour	:	Brownish-red.			
Odour	:	Aromatic. [Slight]	romatic. [Slight]		
Odour threshold	:	Not available.			
Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	Not determined. >37.78°C			
Flammability		Not determined. There are no da	ata available	on the mixt	ure itself.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Not available.			
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 37°C			
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
		Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) > 0.1% cumene	>230	>446	
Decomposition temperature	:	Stable under recommended stor	rage and han	dling condit	ions (see Section 7).
рН	1	Not applicable.	U U	0	
Viscosity	:	Dynamic (room temperature): N Kinematic (room temperature): > Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm <sup>2</sup> /s			
Viscosity	:	> 100 s (ISO 6mm)			
Solubility(ies)	:				
Media		Result			
cold water		Not soluble			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol water	1 :	Not applicable.			

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

			Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°		
	Ingredient name	mm Hg	mm Hg kPa	a Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
	<sup>2-</sup> methylpropan-1-ol	<12.00102	<1.6	DIN EN 13016-2				
Relative density	: 1.48			•				
Explosive properties	: The product itself vapour or dust with	•		t the formation	of an ex	olosible n	nixture of	
Oxidising properties	: Product does not	present an o	xidizing	j hazard.				
Particle characteristics								
	: Not applicable.							

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

<b>SECTION 10: Stabilit</b>	y and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds Formaldehyde. metal oxide/ oxides

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
₽ poxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< p=""></mw<=1100)<>	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Phenol, methylstyrenated	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) > 0.1% cumene	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15000 mg/kg	-
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>4000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	17100 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
	English (GB)		Egypt	10/18

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU)	
2020/878	

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	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	3.56 mg/l	4 hours
products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	mists			
•	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, isobutylated	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene, < 0.1% cumene	LD50 Oral	Rat	6318 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
<b>K</b> ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary					

Droduct/ir	gradient name Category Boute of
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Teratogenicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Reproductive toxicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	
Sensitisation	
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Conclusion/Summary	

Product/ingredient name		Category		Route of exposure	Target organs	
Product/ingredient name		Category		Route of exposure	Target organs	
Product/ingredient name			Result			
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	: Not available.				
Potential acute health ef	fects					
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.					

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Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms related to the ph	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: K dverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Delayed and immediate effe	ts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>cts</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	<ul> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.</li> </ul>
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility.
Other information	: Not available.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C/140F. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) > 0.1% cumene	Chronic NOEC 0.097 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	EC50 844 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	EC50 7.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	LC50 >1.8 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Fresh water		
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia	48 hours
	water		
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia -	-
	water	Ceriodaphnia dubia	
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae -	72 hours
1,3-benzenedimethanamine and		Pseudokirchneriella	
hexamethylenediamine		subcapitata	
		(microalgae)	
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia	48 hours
	_	magna (Water flea)	
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus	96 hours
		mykiss (rainbow	
		trout)	
	Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l	Algae -	72 hours
		Pseudokirchneriella	
		subcapitata	
	Chronic NOEC ≥50 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia</i>	21 days
		magna (Water flea)	-
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene, < 0.1% cumene	EC50 3 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
₩ydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-	OECD 301 F	75 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,	301F Ready			
aromatics (2-25%) >0.1%	Biodegradability -			
cumene	Manometric			
	Respirometry			
	Test			
oxirane, mono[	OECD 301F	87 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]	Ready			
derivs.	Biodegradability -			
	Manometric			
	Respirometry			
	Test			
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid,	OECD 301D	9 % - Not readily - 29 days	-	-
		English (GB)	Egypt	13/18

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reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test			
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene, < 0.1% cumene	-	2.9 % - 5 days	-	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) > 0.1% cumene	-	-	Readily Readily
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily Readily
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene, < 0.1% cumene	-	-	Not readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Phenol, methylstyrenated	3.627	-	Low
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	3.77	160 to 263	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and	>6	-	High
hexamethylenediamine			
Cashew, nutshell liq.	>4.78	-	High
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene, < 0.1% cumene	2.8 to 6.5	-	High

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	Т	vPvB	vP	vB
₽poxy Resin (700 <mw &lt;=1100)</mw 	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
Phenol, methylstyrenated	No	N/A	N/A	No	SVHC (Candidate)	Specified	Specified
oxirane, mono[ (C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	No	N/A	No	Yes	No	N/A	No
1-methoxy-2-propanol	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	No	N/A	No	Yes	No	N/A	No
2-methylpropan-1-ol	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cashew, nutshell liq.	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, isobutylated	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
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**SECTION 12: Ecological information** 

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Code

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

```
Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
```

#### Hazardous waste : Yes. European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

#### Packaging

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)
Container	15 01 06	mixed packaging
Special precautions	taken when Empty conta residues ma Do not cut,	al and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. ainers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product ay create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA	
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	
14.4 Packing group	Ш	III	Ш	
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	
		English (GB)	Egypt	15/18

ode : 0000012	203158	Date of issue/Date of rev	rision : 9 De	cember 202	
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ECTION 14: Tra	ansport information				
arine pollutant ıbstances	Not applicable. No	applicable.	Not applicable.		
dditional information					
ADR/RID : Thi	his class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.1.5.1.				
<b>Funnel code</b> : (D/	E)				
MDG : Thi	s class 3 viscous liquid is not subject	to regulation in packaging	s up to 450 L accordi	ing to 2.3.2.5	
ATA : No	ne identified.				
ser	Is for : Transport within user's p upright and secure. Ensure event of an accident or spil	that persons transporting			
4.7 Transport in bulk ccording to IMO struments	: Not applicable.				
	gulatory information				
ECTION 15: Re	gulatory information				
ECTION 15: Re	environmental regulations/legislat	ion specific for the subs	stance or mixture		
ECTION 15: Re 5.1 Safety, health and EU Regulation (EC) N	environmental regulations/legislat o. 1907/2006 (REACH)		stance or mixture		
ECTION 15: Re 5.1 Safety, health and EU Regulation (EC) N Annex XIV - List of s	environmental regulations/legislat		stance or mixture		
ECTION 15: Re 5.1 Safety, health and EU Regulation (EC) N Annex XIV - List of s Annex XIV	environmental regulations/legislat o. 1907/2006 (REACH) ubstances subject to authorisation		stance or mixture		
ECTION 15: Re 5.1 Safety, health and EU Regulation (EC) N Annex XIV - List of s Annex XIV None of the compone	environmental regulations/legislat o. 1907/2006 (REACH) ubstances subject to authorisation ents are listed.		atance or mixture		
ECTION 15: Re 5.1 Safety, health and EU Regulation (EC) N Annex XIV - List of s Annex XIV None of the compone Substances of very	environmental regulations/legislat o. 1907/2006 (REACH) ubstances subject to authorisation ents are listed. high concern			Date of	
ECTION 15: Re 5.1 Safety, health and EU Regulation (EC) N Annex XIV - List of s Annex XIV None of the compone	environmental regulations/legislat o. 1907/2006 (REACH) ubstances subject to authorisation ents are listed.		stance or mixture Reference number	Date of revision	
ECTION 15: Re 5.1 Safety, health and EU Regulation (EC) N Annex XIV - List of s Annex XIV None of the compone Substances of very	environmental regulations/legislat o. 1907/2006 (REACH) ubstances subject to authorisation ents are listed. high concern	Status action Candidate	Reference		
ECTION 15: Re 5.1 Safety, health and EU Regulation (EC) N Annex XIV - List of s Annex XIV None of the compone Substances of very Intrinsic property	environmental regulations/legislat o. 1907/2006 (REACH) ubstances subject to authorisation ents are listed. high concern Ingredient name Oligomerisation and alkylation re products of 2-phenylpropene and tions : Restricted to professional u	action Candidate	Reference number D(2023)	revision	
ECTION 15: Re 5.1 Safety, health and EU Regulation (EC) N Annex XIV - List of s Annex XIV None of the compone Substances of very Intrinsic property vPvB Annex XVII - Restrict on the manufacture, placing on the mark and use of certain dangerous substance mixtures and articles	environmental regulations/legislat o. 1907/2006 (REACH) ubstances subject to authorisation ents are listed. high concern Ingredient name Oligomerisation and alkylation re products of 2-phenylpropene and tions : Restricted to professional u et ses, s	action Candidate	Reference number D(2023)	revision	
ECTION 15: Re 5.1 Safety, health and EU Regulation (EC) N Annex XIV - List of s Annex XIV None of the compone Substances of very Intrinsic property vPvB Annex XVII - Restrict on the manufacture, placing on the mark and use of certain dangerous substance mixtures and articles	environmental regulations/legislat o. 1907/2006 (REACH) ubstances subject to authorisation ents are listed. high concern Ingredient name Oligomerisation and alkylation re products of 2-phenylpropene and tions : Restricted to professional uset ess, sternational regulations.	Status         action       Candidate         phenol       sers.         sers.       Regulation (EU) 2019/11	48. All suspicious tra	revision 1/23/2024	
ECTION 15: Re 5.1 Safety, health and EU Regulation (EC) N Annex XIV - List of s Annex XIV None of the compone Substances of very Intrinsic property VPVB Annex XVII - Restrict on the manufacture, placing on the mark and use of certain dangerous substance mixtures and articles Other national and int Explosive precursors	environmental regulations/legislat o. 1907/2006 (REACH) ubstances subject to authorisation ents are listed. high concern Ingredient name Oligomerisation and alkylation re products of 2-phenylpropene and tions : Restricted to professional u et ess, s ternational regulations. s : This product is regulated by and significant disappearan	Status         action       Candidate         phenol       sers.         sers.       Regulation (EU) 2019/11	48. All suspicious tra	revision 1/23/2024	
ECTION 15: Re 5.1 Safety, health and EU Regulation (EC) N Annex XIV - List of s Annex XIV None of the compone Substances of very Intrinsic property VPVB Annex XVII - Restrict on the manufacture, placing on the mark and use of certain dangerous substance mixtures and articles Other national and int Explosive precursors	environmental regulations/legislat o. 1907/2006 (REACH) ubstances subject to authorisation ents are listed. high concern Ingredient name Oligomerisation and alkylation re products of 2-phenylpropene and tions : Restricted to professional u et ess, s ternational regulations. S : This product is regulated by and significant disappearan contact point.	Status         action       Candidate         phenol       sers.         sers.       Regulation (EU) 2019/11	48. All suspicious tra	revision 1/23/2024	

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SECTION 16: Other information						
Indicates information that	has changed from previous	sly issued version.				
Abbreviations and acronyms	1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No E	Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Reg ffect Level P-specific Hazard statement Effect Concentration	gulation (EC) No.			
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H226FlammableH302Harmful if svH304May be fatalH312Harmful in cH315Causes skinH317May cause aH318Causes seriH319Causes seriH322Harmful if inH335May cause aH360May cause aH371Suspected aH372Causes damH373May cause aH374Cause aH360May cause aH372Cause aH373May cause aH373May cause aH411Toxic to aquH412Harmful to aH413May cause a	l if swallowed and enters airways. Pontact with skin. In irritation. an allergic skin reaction. Ous eye damage. Ous eye irritation. haled. respiratory irritation. drowsiness or dizziness. cancer. of causing cancer.	repeated exposure.			
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	<ul> <li>Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Aquatic Chronic 4 Asp. Tox. 1 Carc. 1B Carc. 2 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Repr. 1B Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1 Stot RE 1</li> <li>STOT RE 2 STOT SE 3</li> </ul>	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUAT LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUAT LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUAT ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1E CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRF SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRF FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Cat SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - SKIN SENSITISATION - Category SKIN SENSITISATION - Category SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOX EXPOSURE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOX EXPOSURE - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOX EXPOSURE - Category 3	IC HAZARD - Category 2 IC HAZARD - Category 3 IC HAZARD - Category 4 1 3 RITATION - Category 1 RITATION - Category 2 2 3 egory 1B Category 2 1 1B ICITY - REPEATED ICITY - REPEATED			
<u>History</u> Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 9 December 2024					
Date of previous issue	: 7 November 2024					
Prepared by	: EHS					
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1						

Code: 000001203158Date of issue/Date of revision: 9 December 2024

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### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### <u>Disclaimer</u>

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.