# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2015.

Date of issue/Date of revision10 December 2024Version 13.04

Section 1. Identification			
Product name	: SIGMADUR 550 BASE (TINTED)		
Product code	: 00346851		
Other means of identification	: Not available.		
Product type	: Liquid.		
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.		
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.		
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.		
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG Architectural Coatings Canada, Inc.</li> <li>1550, rue Ampère, bureau 500</li> <li>Boucherville (Québec) J4B 7L4</li> <li>Canada</li> <li>+1 450-655-3121</li> </ul>		
	PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272		
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)		
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762		

## Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1
	Health Hazards Not Otherwise Glassified - Oalegory T

### Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE (TINTED)

### Section 2. Hazard identification

This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful if inhaled. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 41.3% (dermal), 70.6% (inhalation)

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	1	Mixture
Product name	1	SIGMADUR 550 BASE (TINTED)
Other means of identification	:	Not available.

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono (2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid	Polymer of acrylic acid / butyl acrylate / methyl methacrylate / monoester of methacrylic acid and propane-1,2-diol / styrene; Copolymer of acrylic acid / alkyl (C1-8) acrylate / alkyl(C1-12) methacrylate / hydroxyalkyl(C2-3) methacrylate / styrene and the light metal salt thereof (Li, Na, K); 2-Methyl- 2-propenoic acid methyl ester polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono(2-methyl- 2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid	10 - 30*	37237-99-3
barium sulfate	Sulfuric acid, barium salt (1:1); CI 77120; Barytes; Barium salt of sulfuric acid; Barite; Artificial barite; barium sulphate; C. I. Pigment White 21; barium sulfate, natural; blanc fixe; C.I. 77120	10 - 30*	7727-43-7
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic; Aromatic hydrocarbon solvents - medium flashpoint; Light aromatic solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha, light aromatic; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic; Light aromatic solvent naphtha (petroleum) (C8 to C10); Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light arom.; AROMATIC PETROLUEM DISTILLATE; SOLVENT, AROMATIC PETROLEUM	5 - 10*	64742-95-6
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Talc; magnesium silicate monohydrate (talc) not containing asbestiform fibres	5 - 10*	14807-96-6
titanium dioxide	Titanium oxide; Titanium oxide (TiO2); Cl 77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutile; C.I. Pigment White 6; titanium dioxide coated with isopropoxytitanium triisostearate, containing by weight 1,5 % or more but not more than 2,5 % of isopropoxytitanium triisostearate; glass flakes (CAS RN 65997-17-3): — of a thickness of 0,3 µm or more but not more than 10 µm, and — coated with titanium dioxide (CAS RN 13463-67-7) or iron oxide (CAS RN 18282- 10-5); titanium dioxide, other than those of heading 3206	5 - 10*	13463-67-7

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### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	11 00; C.I. 77891; E 171; titanium(IV)		
	oxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00		
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-; .pseudo Cumene; Pseudocumene; psi-Cumene; Asymmetrical trimethylbenzene; hemimellitene; Trimethylbenzene; unsym- Trimethylbenzene; Trialkyl(C1-4)benzene; Tri-or tetramethylbenzene; 1,3,4-Trimethylbenzene	3 - 7*	95-63-6
n-butyl acetate	Acetic acid, butyl ester; Butyl Acetate; n- Butyl-acetate; Butyl ethanoate; n-Butyl ester of acetic acid; product composed of hydrocarbons (predominantly paraffinic and naphthenic) and n-butyl acetate; 1-butyl acetate; 1-Acetoxybutane; Butyl ester, Acetic acid; normal butyl acetate; Acetic acid, n-butyl ester	3 - 7*	123-86-4
ethylbenzene	Benzene, ethyl-; Phenylethane; Ethylbenzol; photosensitive emulsion consisting of cyclized polyisoprene containing: — 55 % or more but not more than 75 % by weight of xylene (CAS RN 1330-20-7) and — 12 % or more but not more than 18 % by weight of ethylbenzene (CAS RN 100-41-4); EB; Mono-(or di-) methyl (ethyl,bromoallyl, bromopropyloxycarbonyl orchloropropyloxycarbonyl) benzene	1 - 5*	100-41-4
xylene	Benzene, dimethyl-; Xylol; Benzene, dimethyl-, mixed isomers; xylene, mixed isomers, pure; xylene, crude; Benzene, dimethyl-,; Xylene (mixed); xylene (total); Xylenes; Dimethylbenzene; XYLENES (Isomer Mixture)	1 - 5*	1330-20-7
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	di-isobutyl ketone; 4-Heptanone, 2,6-dimethyl-; Diisobutyl ketone; Valerone; Isovalerone; 2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone; sym-Diisopropyl acetone; DIBK; 2,6-DIMETHYLHEPTANONE; ISOBUTYL KETONE; DIISOPROPYLACETONE, SYM-	0.5 - 1.5*	108-83-8
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; Decanedioic acid, bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethylpiperidin-4-yl) decanedioate; Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidinyl) decanedioate; Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) decanedioate; Decanedioic acid bis	0.1 - 1*	41556-26-7
	·	Ca	nada Page: 4/20

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### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; DECANEDIOATE, BIS (1,2,2,6,6-PENTAMETHYL-4- PIPERIDINYL) (PICCS); Bis(N-methyl- 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) sebacate; Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) 1,8-octanedicarboxylate; Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) sebacate; DECANEDIOATE, BIS (1,2,2,6,6-PENTAMETHYL-4- PIPERIDINYL)		
cumene	Benzene, (1-methylethyl)-; Isopropylbenzene; 2-Phenyl propane; Cumol; 1-methylethylbenzene; Cumene (I); Benzene, (1-methylethyl)- (I); Benzene, 1-methylethyl-; isopropylbenzol; (1-methyl/ ethyl)benzene; (1-Methylethyl)benzene	0.1 - 1*	98-82-8

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effec	t <mark>s</mark>	
Eye contact Inhalation		No known significant effects or critical hazards. Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact Ingestion		Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

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### Section 4. First-aid measures

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first aidors	. No action shall be taken involving any personal rick or without suitable training.

Protection of first-aiders
 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

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### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	<u>e equipment and emergency procedures</u>
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or

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### Section 7. Handling and storage

		an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	:	Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general	;	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
occupational hygiene		Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono(2-methyl- 2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid	None.
barium sulfate	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)
	OEL 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Inhalable.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Inhalable
	particulate matter
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)
	TWAEV 8 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: inhalable dust.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013)
	STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	None.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)
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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	OEL 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Respirable particulate. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Respirable.
	<b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)</b> TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Respirable
	particulate matter
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)
	TWAEV 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form:
	Respirable dust CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013)
	TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable fraction.
titanium dioxide	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)
	OEL 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Total dust.
	TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable fraction.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)
	TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023) TWAEV 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Total
	dust
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013) STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)
	[Trimethyl benzene]
	OEL 8 hours: 123 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . OEL 8 hours: 25 ppm.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023) [Trimethyl benzene (mixed
	isomers)] TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)
	[Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)]
	TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)
	[Trimethyl benzene] Sensitizer.
	TWAEV 8 hours: 25 ppm.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013) [Trimethyl benzene]
	STEL 15 minutes: 30 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm.
n-butyl acetate	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.
	OEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. OEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	OEL 8 hours: 150 ppm.
	OEL 8 hours: 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
1	
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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	8/2023) [butyl acetate, all isomers]
	STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)
	[butyl acetates, all isomers]
	STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)
	[butyl acetates]
	STEV 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	TWAEV 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013)
	STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.
ethylbenzene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)
	OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	OEL 8 hours: $434 \text{ mg/m}^3$ .
	OEL 15 minutes: $543 \text{ mg/m}^3$ .
	OEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)
	TWAEV 8 hours: 20 ppm.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013)
	STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
xylene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)
	[Dimethylbenzene]
	OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	OEL 15 minutes: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	OEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	OEL 8 hours: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023) [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)]
	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)]
	STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)
	[Xylene]
	TWAEV 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	TWAEV 8 hours: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	STEV 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	STEV 15 minutes: $651 \text{ mg/m}^3$ .
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013) [Xylene]
	STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
<u> </u>	
	Canada Page: 10/20

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 8 hours: 25 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 145 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023) TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023) TWAEV 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWAEV 8 hours: 145 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013) STEL 15 minutes: 30 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm.
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate cumene	None. <b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b> OEL 8 hours: 50 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023)</b> TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm. <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)</b> TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)</b> TWAEV 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWAEV 8 hours: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013)</b> STEL 15 minutes: 74 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures	:	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	:	butyl rubber
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Vapor density	1	Not available.		
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.		
Evaporation rate	4	Not available.		
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.		
Flammability	4	Not available.		
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.		
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.		
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 31°C (87.8°F)		
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)		
Melting point	:	Not available.		
рН	1	Not applicable.		
Odor threshold	:	Not available.		
Odor	:	Aromatic.		
Color		White.		
<u>Appearance</u> Physical state		Liquid.		
Annoaranco				

Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE (TINTED)

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Relative density	: 1.34		
Density(lbs / gal)	: 11.18		
Bulk Density (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	: 1.352		
Solubility(ies)	Media	Result	
Solubility(les)	. cold water	Not soluble	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not applicable.		
Viscosity	Kinematic (room ten	perature): Not available. nperature): Not available. )4°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)	
% Solid. (w/w)	: 65.421		

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

### Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono (2-methyl-2-propenoate)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
and 2-propenoic acid		Det		
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	>2000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-

## Section 11. Toxicological information

	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	
1.0.1 trive attacks and a means			00	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	16 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5750 mg/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
4-piperidyl) sebacate				
cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2260 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Sensitization**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono (2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing
Skin	: There are no o	data available on the mixture	itself.
Respiratory	: There are no o	data available on the mixture	itself.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>			
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no o	data available on the mixture	itself.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>			
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no o	data available on the mixture	itself.
<b>Classification</b>			

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
titanium dioxide ethylbenzene xylene cumene	- - -	2B 2B 3 2B	- - - Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
cumene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
cumene	Category 2	-	-

**Target organs** 

Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).
 Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea.

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Inhalation	<ul><li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li><li>Harmful if inhaled.</li></ul>
Skin contact Ingestion	<ul> <li>Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> </ul>

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

skeletal malformations

	There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
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### Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE (TINTED)

### Section 11. Toxicological information

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
General	<ul> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.</li> </ul>
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMADUR 550 BASE (TINTED)	47341.2	4389.0	N/A	50.7	4.7
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	5750	16000	N/A	N/A	N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
cumene	2260	12300	N/A	39	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-

### Persistence and degradability

### Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE (TINTED)

### Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	e Phot	olysis	Biodegradability
┏-butyl acetate ethylbenzene xylene	- -			Readily Readily Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
7,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	3.71	-	Low
cumene	3.55	35.48	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

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: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.
Disposal methods
                                  Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply
                                  with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation
                                  and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-
                                  recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be
                                  disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of
                                  all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or
                                  landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and
                                  its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when
                                  handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty
                                  containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues
                                  may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do
                                  not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly
                                  internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil,
                                  waterways, drains and sewers.
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Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Section 14. Transport information

	TDG	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

- TDG : None identified.
- : None identified. IMDG
- ΙΑΤΑ : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

#### Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

#### **Proof of classification** : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3). statement

### Section 15. Regulatory information

### **National Inventory List**

Canada inventory (DSL)

: At least one component is not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Date of issue/Date of revision	10 December 2024
Organization that prepared the SDS	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

Canada Page: 19/20

### Section 16. Other information

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

### ✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.