

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 11 December 2024

Version 11

## Section 1. Identification

**Product name** : SIGMAWELD 199 PASTE GREEN  
**Product code** : 000001100010  
**Other means of identification** : 00158609; 00160930; 00175788  
**Product type** : Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Professional applications, Used by spraying.  
**Use of the substance/ mixture** : Coating.  
**Uses advised against** : Not applicable.

**Manufacturer** : PPG Industries, Inc.  
One PPG Place  
Pittsburgh, PA 15272

**Emergency telephone number** : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)  
(514) 645-1320 (Canada)  
SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México)  
SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)

**Technical Phone Number** : 888-977-4762

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2  
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 48.7% (oral), 55.9% (dermal), 8.4% (inhalation)

### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**Hazard statements** : Flammable liquid and vapor.  
Causes skin irritation.  
May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
Causes serious eye irritation.  
May cause cancer.  
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)

### Precautionary statements

**Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

**Response** : **P** exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. **IF ON SKIN** (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. **IF IN EYES**: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

**Storage** : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Supplemental label elements** : Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

**Hazards not otherwise classified** : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture  
**Product name** : SIGMAWELD 199 PASTE GREEN  
**Other means of identification** : 00158609; 00160930; 00175788

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient name  | %           | CAS number  |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| xylene   | ≥10 - <20   | 1330-20-7   |
| zinc oxide   | ≥5.0 - ≤10  | 1314-13-2   |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol                                       | ≥5.0 - ≤10  | 107-98-2    |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)        | ≥5.0 - ≤10  | 14808-60-7  |
| ethylbenzene   | ≥1.0 - ≤4.5 | 100-41-4    |
| Isopropyl alcohol  | ≥1.0 - ≤3.0 | 67-63-0     |
| Zeolites   | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | 1318-02-1   |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)        | <1.0        | 14808-60-7  |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine | <1.0        | 147900-93-4 |
| Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine             | <1.0        | 85711-55-3  |

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

**Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.**

### Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

##### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

##### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.

## Section 4. First aid measures

- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
dryness  
cracking
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon oxides  
metal oxide/oxides
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

- Special precautions** : Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name                                     | Exposure limits  |
|---|--|
| xylene  | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [p-xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene]</b><br/>Otoxicant.<br/>TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Xylenes]</b><br/>TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.<br/>TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p>  |
| zinc oxide  | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)</b><br/>TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable fraction.<br/>STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable fraction.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)</b><br/>TWA 8 hours: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Total dust.<br/>TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable fraction.<br/>TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Fume.</p> |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol                                | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)</b><br/>TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.<br/>TWA 8 hours: 184 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.<br/>STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.<br/>STEL 15 minutes: 369 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p>   |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns) | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [Silica, crystalline]</b><br/>TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form:</p>   |

**Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

|  |   |
|--|---|
| ethylbenzene   | Respirable fraction.<br><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Silica, crystalline]</b><br>TWA 8 hours: 50 µg/m³. Form: Respirable dust.<br><b>OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016)</b><br>TWA 8 hours: 250. / (%SiO <sub>2</sub> +5) mppcf. Form: Respirable.<br>TWA 8 hours: 10. / (%SiO <sub>2</sub> +2) mg/m³. Form: Respirable.<br><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)</b><br>Ototoxicant.<br>TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. |
| Isopropyl alcohol  | <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)</b><br>TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.<br>TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m³.<br><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)</b><br>TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.<br>STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm.   |
| Zeolites   | <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)</b><br>TWA 8 hours: 400 ppm.<br>TWA 8 hours: 980 mg/m³.<br><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)</b><br><b>[Aluminum, metal and insoluble compounds]</b><br>TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction.   |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)  | <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [Silica, crystalline]</b><br>TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction.<br><b>OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016)</b><br>TWA 8 hours: 250. / (%SiO <sub>2</sub> +5) mppcf. Form: Respirable.<br>TWA 8 hours: 10. / (%SiO <sub>2</sub> +2) mg/m³. Form: Respirable.   |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine<br>Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine | None.<br>None.  |

**Key to abbreviations**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| A = Acceptable Maximum Peak  | S = Potential skin absorption           |
| ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.   | SR = Respiratory sensitization          |
| C = Ceiling Limit  | SS = Skin sensitization                 |
| F = Fume   | STEL = Short term Exposure limit values |
| IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit                           | TD = Total dust                         |
| OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.                | TLV = Threshold Limit Value             |
| R = Respirable   | TWA = Time Weighted Average             |
| Z = OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances |   |

**Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.**

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
- Individual protection measures**
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Chemical splash goggles.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Gloves** : butyl rubber
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.



## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

|  |                             |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Physical state                               | : Liquid.                   |
| Color  | : Green.                    |
| Odor   | : Aromatic.                 |
| Odor threshold                               | : Not available.            |
| pH   | : Not applicable.           |
| Melting point                                | : Not available.            |
| Boiling point                                | : >37.78°C (>100°F)         |
| Flash point                                  | : Closed cup: 24°C (75.2°F) |
| Auto-ignition temperature                    | : 287°C (548.6°F)           |
| Decomposition temperature                    | : Not available.            |
| Flammability                                 | : Not available.            |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : Not available.            |
| Evaporation rate                             | : Not available.            |
| Vapor pressure                               | : Not available.            |
| Vapor density                                | : Not available.            |
| Relative density                             | : 1.93                      |
| Density ( lbs / gal )                        | : 16.11                     |

### Solubility(ies)

| Media      | Result      |
|------------|-------------|
| cold water | Not soluble |

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable.

Viscosity : ynamic (room temperature): Not available.  
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.  
Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>21 cSt)

% Solid. (w/w) : 68.505

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Hazardous decomposition products** : Evolves hydrogen on contact with water. Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name                                    | Result                          | Species | Dose                    | Exposure |
|--|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|
| xylene   | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 1.7 g/kg                | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 4.3 g/kg                | -        |
| zinc oxide   | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat     | >5700 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
|  | LD50 Dermal                     | Rat     | >2000 mg/kg             | -        |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol                                       | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | >5000 mg/kg             | -        |
|  | LC50 Inhalation Vapor           | Rat     | >7000 ppm               | 6 hours  |
|  | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 13 g/kg                 | -        |
| ethylbenzene   | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 5.2 g/kg                | -        |
|  | LC50 Inhalation Vapor           | Rat     | 17.8 mg/l               | 4 hours  |
| Isopropyl alcohol  | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 17.8 g/kg               | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 3.5 g/kg                | -        |
|  | LC50 Inhalation Vapor           | Rat     | 72600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
| Zeolites   | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 12800 mg/kg             | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 5045 mg/kg              | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | >5 g/kg                 | -        |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | >1570 mg/kg             | -        |

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure        | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| xylene                  | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 mg | -           |

#### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Eyes** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Sensitization

##### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Classification

## Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name                             | OSHA | IARC | NTP                             |
|---|------|------|---------------------------------|
| xylene  | -    | 3    | -                               |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns) | +    | 1    | Known to be a human carcinogen. |
| ethylbenzene  | -    | 2B   | -                               |
| Isopropyl alcohol                                   | -    | 3    | -                               |
| Zeolites  | -    | 3    | -                               |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | +    | 1    | Known to be a human carcinogen. |

### Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name                 | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|----------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| xylene               | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |
| Isopropyl alcohol    | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name   | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                                |
|--|------------|-------------------|--|
| ethylbenzene   | Category 2 | -                 | hearing organs                               |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)        | Category 1 | inhalation        | -  |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine | Category 2 | oral              | gastrointestinal tract, immune system, liver |
| Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine             | Category 2 | oral              | gastrointestinal tract                       |

**Target organs** : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, bone marrow.  
Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, heart, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

### Aspiration hazard

| Name         | Result                         |
|--------------|--------------------------------|
| xylene       | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

### Information on the likely routes of exposure

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
dryness  
cracking
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

- Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

### Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- Potential delayed effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- Potential delayed effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Potential chronic health effects

- General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

- Carcinogenicity** : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name                                    | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| SIGMAWELD 199 PASTE GREEN                                  | 10643.6      | 3196.8         | N/A                      | 58.3                       | 7.5                                 |
| xylene   | 4300         | 1700           | N/A                      | 11                         | 1.5                                 |
| zinc oxide   | N/A          | 2500           | N/A                      | N/A                        | N/A                                 |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol                                       | 5200         | 13000          | N/A                      | N/A                        | N/A                                 |
| ethylbenzene   | 3500         | 17800          | N/A                      | 17.8                       | 1.5                                 |
| Isopropyl alcohol  | 5045         | 12800          | N/A                      | 72.6                       | N/A                                 |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine | 500          | N/A            | N/A                      | N/A                        | N/A                                 |

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                              | Species                                  | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|----------|
| zinc oxide              | Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l                | Algae                                    | 72 hours |
|                         | Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water   | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate | 48 hours |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol    | Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water | Algae                                    | 72 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 23300 mg/l               | Daphnia                                  | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water   | Fish                                     | 96 hours |
| ethylbenzene            | Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water     | Daphnia                                  | 48 hours |
|                         | Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water     | Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>      | -        |
| Isopropyl alcohol       | Acute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water   | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>           | 48 hours |
|                         | Zeolites                            | Fish                                     | 96 hours |

### Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result                   | Dose | Inoculum |
|-------------------------|------|--------------------------|------|----------|
| ethylbenzene            | -    | 79 % - Readily - 10 days | -    | -        |

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| xylene                  | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| ethylbenzene            | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### Bioaccumulative potential

## Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF         | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| xylene                  | 3.12               | 7.4 to 18.5 | Low       |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol    | <1                 | -           | Low       |
| ethylbenzene            | 3.6                | 79.43       | Low       |
| Isopropyl alcohol       | 0.05               | -           | Low       |

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

## 14. Transport information

|                             | DOT             | IMDG                                   | IATA   |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| UN number                   | UN1263          | UN1263                                 | UN1263   |
| UN proper shipping name     | PAINT           | PAINT                                  | PAINT  |
| Transport hazard class (es) | 3               | 3                                      | 3  |
| Packing group               | III             | III                                    | III  |
| Environmental hazards       | No.             | Yes.                                   | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | (Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)) | Not applicable.  |
| Product RQ (lbs)            | 588.18          | Not applicable.                        | Not applicable.  |

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## 14. Transport information

|               |  |                 |                 |
|---------------|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| RQ substances | (xylene, Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)) | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |
|---------------|--|-----------------|-----------------|

### Additional information

- DOT** : Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
- IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
- IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not applicable.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### United States

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** : All components are active or exempted.

#### TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification:

Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)

Annual notification [Section 6]

### SARA 302/304

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

### Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

### SARA 311/312

**Classification** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2  
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2  
HNOC - Defatting irritant

### Composition/information on ingredients

| Name                 | %          | Classification   |
|----------------------|------------|--|
| xylene               | ≥10 - <20  | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3<br>ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4<br>ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4<br>SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2<br>EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | ≥5.0 - ≤10 | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1<br>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3   |

**Section 15. Regulatory information**

|  |             |  |
|--|-------------|--|
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)        | ≥5.0 - ≤10  | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3<br>CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A  |
| ethylbenzene   | ≥1.0 - ≤4.5 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2<br>ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4<br>CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1<br>HNOC - Defatting irritant |
| Isopropyl alcohol  | ≥1.0 - ≤3.0 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2<br>EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3   |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)        | <1.0        | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1   |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine | <1.0        | COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS<br>ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4<br>SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2<br>SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2  |
| Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine             | <1.0        | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1<br>SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2   |

**SARA 313**

| <b>Supplier notification</b> | <b>Chemical name</b>                 | <b>CAS number</b> | <b>Concentration</b> |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
|                              | Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized) | 7440-66-6         | 10 - 30              |
|                              | xylene                               | 1330-20-7         | 10 - 30              |
|                              | zinc oxide                           | 1314-13-2         | 5 - 10               |
|                              | ethylbenzene                         | 100-41-4          | 1 - 5                |
|                              | lead massive                         | 7439-92-1         | 0.002375             |
|                              | lead monoxide                        | 1317-36-8         | 0.000475             |

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

**Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.**

**California Prop. 65**

**⚠ WARNING:** Cancer - [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).



**Product code** 000001100010

**Date of issue** 11 December 2024 **Version** 11

**Product name** SIGMAWELD 199 PASTE GREEN

## Section 16. Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications.  
The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

**Date of previous issue** : 8/9/2024

**Organization that prepared the SDS** : EHS

**Key to abbreviations** :

- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
- N/A = Not available
- SGG = Segregation Group
- UN = United Nations

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Disclaimer

*The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.*