# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**SIGMACOVER 456 BASE RED** 



#### Date of issue 13 December 2024

Version 2

1. Product and company identification		
Product name	: SIGMACOVER 456 BASE RED	
Product code	: 000001201564	
Other means of identification	: 00476572	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	: PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777	
Emergency telephone number	: 078 574 2777	

# 2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 2
	HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD -
	Category 2
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
nazara pietograms	
Signal word	: Danger

### FIGUICE Hame SIGMACOVER 450 BASE RE

2. Hazards identification		
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs) Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs, nervous system, respiratory organs) Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.	
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.	
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.	
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.	

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture

: Mixture

#### CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number: Not applicable.CSCL number: Not available.			
Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
Epoxy Resin Xylene barium sulfate Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz) Ethyl Benzene isobutyl alcohol Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle) Crystalline silica (quartz) Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products	20 - <25 15 - <20 15 - <20 5 - <7 5 - <7 3 - <5 0.5 - <1 0.5 - <1 0.1 - <0.2 0.1 - <0.2	SUB110652 1330-20-7 7727-43-7 25068-38-6 14807-96-6 100-41-4 78-83-1 13463-67-7 14808-60-7 100545-48-0	Not available. 3-3; 3-60 1-89 (7)-1279 Not available. 3-28; 3-60 2-3049 1-558; 5-5225 1-548 Not available.
		Japan	Page: 2/1

Product code 000001201564         Date of issue 13 Dece           Product name SIGMACOVER 456 BASE RED         Date of issue 13 Dece		sue 13 December 2024	4 Version 2
3. Composition/information on	ingredients		
with ethylenediamine Rosin	0.1 - <0.2	8050-09-7	7-935

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>	
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>	
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>	
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.	

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.</li> </ul>

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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4. First aid measures			
	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations		
uica	attention and special freatment needed, if necessary		
:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.		
:	No specific treatment.		
:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.		
	Jre: : dical :		

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures		
Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	

# 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
	on appropriate personal protective equipment.

### 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.		
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up		
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.		
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.		

## 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent handling respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. Product name SIGMACOVER 456 BASE RED

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
vylene	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023) OEL-M 8 hours: 50 ppm. OEL-M 8 hours: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020) [xylene]
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023) [Class 1 dusts (Activated charcoal, Alumina, Aluminium, Bentonite, Diatomite, Graphite, Kaolinite, Pagodite, Pyrites, Pyrite cinder)] OEL-M 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Total dust (Class 1 Dust). OEL-M 8 hours: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form:
ethylbenzene	Respirable dust (Class 1 Dust). Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023) Absorbed through skin. OEL-M 8 hours: 20 ppm. OEL-M 8 hours: 87 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020)
2-methylpropan-1-ol	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023) OEL-M 8 hours: 50 ppm. OEL-M 8 hours: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
titanium dioxide	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023) [titanium dioxide] OEL-M 8 hours: 1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Ti). Form: Respirable particulate matter. OEL-M 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Ti). Form: Total particulate matter. Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023) [titanium dioxide (nanoparticle)] OEL-M 8 hours: 0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: nanoparticle.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023) [Respirable crystalline silica] OEL-C: 0.03 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Respirable dust Japan Society for Occupational Health
rosin	(Japan, 5/2023) Inhalation sensitizer , Skin sensitizer.

substances will also be required.

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8	Exposure controls/personal p		

8. Exposure con	trols/personal protection		
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.		
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>		
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.		
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.		
Gloves	: butyl rubber		
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.		
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.		

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Red.
Odor	: Aromatic. [Strong]
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F)
Relative density	: 1.4

### Product name SigmaCOVER 456 BASE RED

Solubility(ies)	Media	Result
Solubility(les) .	cold water	Not soluble
Viscosity :	60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)	

#### 10. Stability and reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. Reactivity **Chemical stability** : The product is stable. **Possibility of hazardous** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. reactions **Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: **Incompatible materials** oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. Hazardous decomposition : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following products materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>X</b> ylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Epoxy resin (MW  ≤ 700)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-
Ethyl Benzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
isobutyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
. ,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	5.05 mg/l	4 hours
ethylenediamine		D. I		
Desig	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Rosin	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7600 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

# **11. Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	-	- -

#### **Sensitization**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result	
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	skin skin	Mouse Guinea pig	Sensitizing Sensitizing	

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
₩ylene	Category 1 Category 3	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs Narcotic effects
Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz)	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Ethyl Benzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
isobutyl alcohol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Rosin	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
<b>X</b> ylene	Category 1	-	nervous system, respiratory organs
barium sulfate	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz)	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Ethyl Benzene	Category 1	-	hearing organs, nervous system
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Crystalline silica (quartz)	Category 1	-	immune system, kidneys,
•	-	Ja	apan Page: 9/16

# **11. Toxicological information**

respiratory organs

Aspiration hazard	
Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	:	Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the phy	<u>ys</u>	ical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure	s	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
	-	

Long term exposure

### Product name SIGMACOVER 456 BASE RED

11. Toxicological information			
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.	
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>	
General	:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.	
Carcinogenicity	:	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	:	May damage fertility or the unborn child.	

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GMACOVER 456 BASE RED	32194.1	3612.6	N/A	35.5	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethyl Benzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A
isobutyl alcohol	2830	2460	N/A	11	N/A
Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.05
Rosin	7600	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

## **12. Ecological information**

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**Toxicity** 

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
Ethyl Benzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
isobutyl alcohol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >10 mg/l Acute LC50 >10 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	48 hours 96 hours

### FIGURE Hame SIGWACOVER 450 BASE RE

# 12. Ecological information

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) Ethyl Benzene Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	OECD 301F - 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	5 % - 28 da 79 % - Rea 22 % - 28 d	dily - 10 days	- - -		- -
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	gradability
ylene Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) Ethyl Benzene Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine			-		Readil Not rea Readil Inhere	adily y

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ylene Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) Ethyl Benzene isobutyl alcohol Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction	3.12 3 3.6 1 >5.86	7.4 to 18.5 31 79.43 - -	Low Low Low Low High
products with ethylenediamine Rosin	1.9 to 7.7	-	High

Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
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FIGURE Hame SIGWACOVER 450 BASE RED

### 13. Disposal considerations

### 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

- UN : This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.
   IMDG : This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to
- 2.3.2.5.
- IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

## **15. Regulatory information**

#### Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category I	/ Class II petroleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

#### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name			
Xylene	18	Class 1	80 53
Ethylbenzene	3.2	Class 1	53

#### **Industrial Safety and Health Act**

### Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
ethyl benzene	≤10	Special Organic Solvents	3-3

### Substance(s) requiring labelling

Product name SIGMACOVER 456 BASE RED

# **15. Regulatory information**

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	136
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Butanol	≤10	Listed	477
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2

#### **Chemicals requiring notification**

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
<b>X</b> ylene	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	136
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Butanol	≤10	Listed	477
Titanium(IV) oxide	≤10	Listed	191
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2
Rosin	≤10	Listed	632

#### Carcinogens based on Article 577-2 of the Ordinance on ISH

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
<b>g</b> uartz	≤10	Listed	-

#### <u>Mutagen</u>

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid	: Not listed
Occupational Safety and Health Law	: Inflammable
Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	: Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	: Not listed
Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	: Not listed
ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances	: Inflammable
Lead regulation	: Not listed
Organic solvents poisoning prevention	: Class 2

#### **Poisonous and Deleterious Substances**

None of the components are listed.

#### **Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)**

15. Regulatory information			
Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
<b>X</b> ylene	≥10 - ≤20	Priority assessment	125
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	50
[alpha-(Alkyl(C16-18))-omega-hydroxypoly(oxyethane- 1,2-diyl) or alpha-(alkenyl(C16-18))-omega-hydroxypoly (oxyethane-1,2-diyl)] (It is limited that the number-average molecular weight of the polymer is less than 1,000.)	≤10	Priority assessment	250
Toluene	≤10	Priority assessment	46
Benzene	≤10	Priority assessment	45
Cumene	≤10	Priority assessment	126
Sodium alkyl(C8-18) sulfate	≤10	Priority assessment	214

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available. Law

### **Explosives Control Law**

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Not available. of pollution of the ocean

#### **Maritime Safety Law**

#### Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

#### **Container class**

None of the components are listed.

JSOH Carcinogen	: Group 1
List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste	: Not listed
Japan inventory	: At least one component is not listed.
Road law	: Not available.

### 1

History	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 13 December 2024
Date of previous issue	: 4/8/2024
Version	: 2
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	Japan Page: 15/16

### **16. Other information**

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.