# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 13 December 2024 Version



: 1.05

Ireland

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier		
Product name	:	SIGMAFAST 210 HS RAL 9005
Product code	:	000001150713
Other means of identification	า	
00373942		

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.		
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.		
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.		

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311 Fax +32-33606435

e-mail address of person : Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

responsible for this SDS

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

National Poison Information Centre at Beaumont Hospital. Tel: +353 1 8092566, email: npicdublin@beaumont.ie <u>Supplier</u>

+31 20 4075210

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture <u>Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]</u> Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

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## 2.2 Label elements





Signal word	arning	
Hazard statements	ammable liquid and vapour. ay cause an allergic skin reaction. xic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	ear protective gloves. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open fil- ner ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid pour.	
Response	ollect spillage.	
Storage	ot applicable.	
Disposal	spose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national regulations.	onal and
	280, P210, P273, P261, P391, P501	
Supplemental label elements	ot applicable.	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	ot applicable.	
Special packaging requirem		
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	ot applicable.	
Tactile warning of danger	ot applicable.	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	s mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT	or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do	olonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.	

not result in classification

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## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% by weight	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
p-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥10 - ≤18	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≥5.0 - <10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 17.8 mg/l	[1] [2]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≤1.2	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
Reaction mass of bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl sebacate	REACH #: 01-2119491304-40 EC: 915-687-0 CAS: 1065336-91-5	≤1.0	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 2, H361f Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
α-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol- 2-yl) derivatives	CAS: 104810-48-2	<0.10	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	-	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

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### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures Eye contact : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. **Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. **Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health e	ffects
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sy	r <u>mptoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any imm	ediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

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## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special precautions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.		
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up			
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste		

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disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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<b>SECTION 6: Accid</b>	lental release	measures	
Large spill	explosion-pro sewers, wate treatment pla combustible, place in cont waste dispos	vithout risk. Move containers from spill area oof equipment. Approach the release from er courses, basements or confined areas. N ant or proceed as follows. Contain and colle absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermi- ainer for disposal according to local regulat sal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material e spilt product.	upwind. Prevent entry into Wash spillages into an effluent ect spillage with non- culite or diatomaceous earth and tions. Dispose of via a licensed
6.4 Reference to other sections	See Section	1 for emergency contact information. 8 for information on appropriate personal p 13 for additional waste treatment information	

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
p-butyl acetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021)
	OELV 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	OELV 8 hours: 241 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	OELV 15 minutes: 150 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 723 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	3
xylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021) [xylene] Absorbed through skin. OELV 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	OELV 8 hours: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	OELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
	OELV 15 minutes: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
ethylbenzene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021) Absorbed through skin.
	OELV 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	OELV 8 hours: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	OELV 15 minutes: 200 ppm.
	OELV 15 minutes: 884 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021) Absorbed through skin.
	OELV 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	OELV 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. OELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
	OELV 15 minutes: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .

#### **Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
<b>x</b> ylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene] BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.
ethylbenzene	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question., ethylbenzene [in endexhaled air]. Sampling time: not critical. BMGV: 0.7 g/g creatinine [Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring	
procedures	Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure
	by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement
	strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the
	application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and
	biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General
	requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical
	agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination
	of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
n-butyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	35.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	48 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
xylene	DNEL	Long term Oral	5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	
,	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	•
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
ethylbenzene	DMEL	Long term Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
euryibenzene	DMEL	Short term Inhalation	884 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL		1.6 mg/kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term Oral		General population	
		Long term Inhalation	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	293 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m³	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m³	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	550 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
α-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) derivatives	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.025 mg/kg bw/day	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.025 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
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**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection** 

	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.085 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.25 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.35 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic

#### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
n-butyl acetate	-	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l	-
	-	Marine water	0.018 mg/l	-
	-	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg	-
	-	Marine water sediment	0.0981 mg/kg	-
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	35.6 mg/l	-
	-	Soil	0.0903 mg/kg	-
xylene	-	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
	-	Marine water	0.327 mg/l	-
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l	-
	-	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	-	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	-	Soil	2.31 mg/kg	-
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	Fresh water	20.6 µg/l	Sensitivity Distribution
	-	Marine water	6.1 µg/l	Sensitivity Distribution
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	100 µg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Fresh water sediment	117.8 mg/kg dwt	Sensitivity Distribution
	-	Marine water sediment	56.5 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Soil	35.6 mg/kg dwt	Sensitivity Distribution
ethylbenzene	-	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Marine water	0.01 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	9.6 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	1.37 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Soil	2.68 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	Fresh water	0.635 mg/l	-
	-	Marine water	0.0635 mg/l	-
	-	Fresh water sediment	3.29 mg/kg	-
	-	Marine water sediment	0.329 mg/kg	-
	-	Soil	0.29 mg/kg	-
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	100 mg/l	-

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

<ul> <li>Hygiene measures</li> <li>Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.</li> <li>Eye/face protection</li> <li>Safety glasses with side shields. Use eye protection according to EN 166.</li> </ul>	individual protection measures	
		eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
Skin protection : Hand protection :	Skin protection	Safety glasses with side shields. Use eye protection according to EN 166.

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	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for differen glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use as included in the user's risk assessment.
Gloves	: nitrile rubber, butyl rubber, PVC, Viton®
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Black.
Odour	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not determined.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	: >37.78°C
Flammability Lower and upper explosion limit	<ul> <li>Not determined. There are no data available on the mixture itself.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>
Flash point	: Closed cup: 27°C

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SECTIO	N 9: Physical a	nd	chemical pro	perties					
Auto-igniti	on temperature	:						-	
			Ingredient name		°C	°F		Method	
			methoxy-1-methylethyl	acetate	333	631.4		DIN 51794	
Decompos	ition temperature	:	Stable under recom	mended st	orage a	and handling of	conditio	ns (see Sec	tion 7).
рН		1	Not applicable. insol	uble in wa	ter.				
Viscosity		:	Dynamic (room tem Kinematic (room tem Kinematic (40°C): >2	, nperature)					
Viscosity		:	> 100 s (ISO 6mm)						
Solubility		1							
Media			Result						
cold wat	er		Not soluble						
Vapour pre		:		Vapou	r Press	sure at 20°C	Va	apour pres	sure at 50°
			Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
			n-butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			
Relative de	ensity	:	1.4						
Particle ch	aracteristics								
Median pa		:	Not applicable.						
.2 Other in			and the second states						
	nation with regard to	- C			L	41 <b>f</b>		l:!-l	
Explosive	e properties	÷	The product itself is vapour or dust with a			the formation	n of an o	explosible n	nixture of
Oxidising	properties	:	Product does not pro			hazard.			
No additio	nal information.								
	N 10: Stability a	nc	reactivity						
5EC 1101									
0.1 Reactiv	vitv ·	No	specific test data rela	ated to rea	ctivity a	wailable for th	nis prod	uct or its inc	irediente

**10.3 Possibility of** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. **hazardous reactions** 

10.4 Conditions to avoid	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decompositi Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.	on products.
10.5 Incompatible materials	Keen away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic react	ions:

40 Cillamanda un	. Des andien en een ditiene de commenties anderete mervie stude the following mertenie
	oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.5 Incompatible materials	• Reep away norm the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions.

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<mark>দ</mark> -butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5.7 mg/l	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
Reaction mass of bis	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>3170 mg/kg	-
(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)				
sebacate and methyl				
1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate				
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male,	3230 mg/kg	-
		Female		
α-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) derivatives	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male,	>2000 mg/kg	-
		Female		
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male,	>5000 mg/kg	-
		Female		

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Øermal	21349.71 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	124.2 mg/l

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
₩ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Skin Eyes Respiratory

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Respiratory or skin sensitization**

## **Conclusion/Summary**

- Skin
  - : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Respiratory

#### **Mutagenicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

2 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

ŝ Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

ŝ Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on likely	: Not available.
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routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health e	effects
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to th	e physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate	effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure	

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

		-		
Potential delayed effects	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
<u>Long term exposure</u>				
Potential immediate effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Potential delayed effects	4	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>		
General	:	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.		
Carcinogenicity	4	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Reproductive toxicity	4	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Other information	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.		
11.2 Information on other bezorda				

#### **11.2 Information on other hazards**

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **11.2.2 Other information**

Not available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l	Fish	30 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia	48 hours
	water		
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia -	-
	water	Ceriodaphnia dubia	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Oncorhynchus	96 hours
	water	mykiss	
Reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	EC50 1.68 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl		_	
1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate			
	LC50 0.9 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
α-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) derivatives	Acute EC50 16.6 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2.8 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 3.2 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.23 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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**SECTION 12: Ecological information** 

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
<b>n</b> -butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 day	'S	-	-	-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 day	'S	-	-	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	83 % - Readily - 28 day	'S	-	-	
α-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) derivatives	OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO2 Evolution Test	24 % - Not readily - 28	days	-	-	-
Product/ingredient name		Aquatic half-life	Photo	olysis	Biod	degradability
n-butyl acetate		-	-		Rea	
xylene		-	-		Rea	
ethylbenzene		-	-		Rea	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl aceta		-	-		Rea	
α-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) α	derivatives	-	-		Not	readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc) Mobility : Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### **12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

#### **Hazardous waste**

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

#### Packaging

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)	
Container	15 01 06	mixed packaging
Special precautions	taken when Empty conta residues ma Do not cut, v	I and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. iners or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product y create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. veld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly void dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, ewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III		III	=
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(trizinc bis (orthophosphate))	Not applicable.

#### Additional information

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## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

ADR/RID	This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.2.3.1.5.2.
Tunnel code	: (D/E)
ADN	This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.2.3.1.5.2.
IMDG	This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
14.6 Special pred user	<b>Cautions for</b> : <b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
14.7 Maritime tra bulk according t instruments	

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	Entry Number ( REACH )	
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Labelling

: Not applicable.

Explosive precursors : Not applicable. <u>Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)</u> Not listed.

### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger Chiteria	
Category	
P5c E2	
E2	

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

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## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H410 H411 H412	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

English (GB)	Ireland	18/19
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEA	TED EXPOSURE -
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A	
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2	
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Cate	egory 2
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - C	ategory 3
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - C	ategory 2
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - C	
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Ca	tegory 1
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4	

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SECTION 16: Other information				
STOT SE 3		Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICI Category 3	TY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -	
<u>History</u>				
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 13 December 2024			
Date of previous issue Prepared by	: 24 October 2024 : EHS			

### Version

#### <u>Disclaimer</u>

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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