# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**PPG VIKOTE 56 REDBROWN** 



### Date of issue 13 December 2024

Version 10.01

1. Product and company identification		
Product name	: PPG VIKOTE 56 REDBROWN	
Product code	: 000001105452	
Other means of identification	: 00154020	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	: PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777	
Emergency telephone number	: 078 574 2777	

# 2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Effects on or via lactation SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 AZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 2 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD -</li> </ul>
	Category 2
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

2. Hazards identification		
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause harm to breast-fed children. Causes damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs) Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), hearing organs, kidneys, nervous system, respiratory organs, thyroid) Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.	
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.	
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.	
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.	

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture

: Mixture

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number	: Not applicable.
CSCL number	: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, butyl ester, polymer	25 - <50	25608-33-7	6-524
with methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate			
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	15 - <20	64742-95-6	Not available.
Xylene	15 - <20	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	12.5 - <15	95-63-6	3-3427; 3-7
3-ethyltoluene	7 - <10	620-14-4	3-15
Diiron trioxide	5 - <7	1309-37-1	1-357; 5-5188
Chlorinated paraffin (C14-17)	3 - <5	85535-85-9	Not available.
Ethyl Benzene	2 - <3	100-41-4	3-28; 3-60
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	2 - <3	108-67-8	3-3427; 3-7
		Japa	an Page: 2/16

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

•	U		
Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic	0.5 - <1	911674-82-3	Not available.
acid and octadecanoic acid and			
1,3-phenylenedimethanamine			
Ethanol	0.2 - <0.5	64-17-5	2-202
Cyclohexanone	0.1 - <0.2	108-94-1	3-2376
n-butyl methacrylate	0.1 - <0.2	97-88-1	2-1039
methyl methacrylate	0.1 - <0.2	80-62-6	2-1036

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

# 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	o <u>ms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Product code 0000011054	Date of issue 13 December 2024 Ve	ersion 10.01
Product name PPG VIKOTE	REDBROWN	
4. First aid measu	5	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Indication of immediate me	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediate quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	ly if large
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an a mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to t providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminate thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	appropriate the person

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### 6. Accidental release measures

o. Accidental lete	
Personal precautions, protect	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
<u>Methods and materials for c</u>	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent

material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid contact during pregnancy or while nursing. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage :	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See

Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 REDBROWN

### 7. Handling and storage

Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
xylene	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023)
	OEL-M 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	OEL-M 8 hours: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,
	6/2020) [xylene]
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023)
	OEL-M 8 hours: 25 ppm.
	OEL-M 8 hours: 120 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
diiron trioxide	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023) [Class 2 dusts (Bakelite
	(asbestos-free, technical grade), Carbon
	black, Coal, Cork dust, Cotton dust, Iron
	oxide, Grain dust, Joss stick material
	dust, Marble, Portland cement, Zinc
	oxide)]
	OEL-M 8 hours: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Respirable
	dust (Class 2 Dust). OEL-M 8 hours: 4 mg/m³. Form: Total dust
	(Class 2 Dust).
ethylbenzene	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023) Absorbed through skin.
	OEL-M 8 hours: 20 ppm.
	OEL-M 8 hours: 87 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,
	6/2020)
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
mesitylene	Japan Society for Occupational Health
lieskylerie	(Japan, 5/2023)
	OEL-M 8 hours: 25 ppm.
	$OEL-M 8 hours: 120 mg/m^3$ .
cyclohexanone	Japan Society for Occupational Health
o yolonoxunone	(Japan, 5/2023)
	OEL-M 8 hours: 25 ppm.
	OEL-M 8 hours: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,
	6/2020)
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
methyl methacrylate	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023) Inhalation sensitizer, Skin
	sensitizer.
	OEL-M 8 hours: 8.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .

# 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation
controls	or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	May be used: nitrile rubber Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Brownish-red.
Odor	: Aromatic.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 35°C (95°F)

9. Phys	ical and	l chemical	properties
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: 0.99

Solubility(ies)

 Media
 Result

 cold water
 Not soluble

10. Stability and reactivity			
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.		
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.		
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.		
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.		
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides		

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
light aromatic				
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Diiron trioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
Chlorinated paraffin (C14-17)	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>48.17 g/m³	1 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Ethyl Benzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
, ,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
Reaction products of	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.08 mg/l	4 hours
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic				
acid and octadecanoic acid				
and				
1,3-phenylenedimethanamine				
Ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	17100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
Cyclohexanone	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
		·	Japan	Page: 8/16

### Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 REDBROWN

# **11. Toxicological information**

	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1800 mg/kg	-
n-butyl methacrylate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	4910 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	29000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10.2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	16 g/kg	-
methyl methacrylate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	78000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7872 mg/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500 mg	-

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Diiron trioxide	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Ethyl Benzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Ethanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Cyclohexanone	Category 1	-	respiratory system
	Category 2		central nervous system (CNS)
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
n-butyl methacrylate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
methyl methacrylate	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
		Ja	apan Page: 9/16

# **11. Toxicological information**

Category 3	Narcotic effects

# Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 1	-	nervous system, respiratory organs
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), respiratory organs
Diiron trioxide	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Chlorinated paraffin (C14-17)	Category 1	-	kidneys, thyroid
Ethyl Benzene	Category 1	-	hearing organs, nervous system
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), respiratory organs
Ethanol	Category 1	-	liver
	Category 2		central nervous system (CNS)
Cyclohexanone	Category 1	-	bones, central nervous system (CNS)
n-butyl methacrylate	Category 2	-	spleen
methyl methacrylate	Category 1	-	nervous system, respiratory organs

### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
3-ethyltoluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethyl Benzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely	: Not available.
routes of exposure	

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

# 11. Toxicological information

<b>- - - - - - - -</b>	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
Potential chronic health eff		
General	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolon repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or der	0
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposu	re.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause harm to breast-fed children.	

### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acut	te 1	loxi	icit	v est	tima	tes

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
PPG VIKOTE 56 REDBROWN	1836.4	2732.9	N/A	19.9	N/A
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, butyl ester, polymer with methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	N/A
Diiron trioxide	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethyl Benzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	24	N/A
	•	•		Japan	Page: 11/16

# 11. Toxicological information

Ethanol	7000	17100	N/A	124.7	N/A
Cyclohexanone	1800	300	N/A	3	N/A
n-butyl methacrylate	16000	10200	N/A	29	N/A
methyl methacrylate	7872	N/A	N/A	11	N/A

### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

## **12. Ecological information**

loxicity			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Diiron trioxide	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Ethyl Benzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
Reaction products of	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic			
acid and octadecanoic acid			
and			
1,3-phenylenedimethanamine			
Ethanol	Acute EC50 7640 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
Ethyl Benzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days				-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	<b>Jradability</b>
<mark>I</mark> ¥ylene Ethyl Benzene Ethanol	- - -		-		Readily Readily Readily	/

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
3-ethyltoluene	3.98	-	Low
Chlorinated paraffin (C14-17)	4.7 to 8.3	-	High
Ethyl Benzene	3.6	79.43	Low
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	3.42	186.21	Low
Ethanol	-0.35	-	Low
Cyclohexanone	0.86	-	Low
n-butyl methacrylate	2.99	-	Low
methyl methacrylate	1.38	-	Low

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Japan Page: 12/16

# 12. Ecological information

Mobility

: Not available.

**Other adverse effects** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
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# 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)	Not applicable.

### Additional information

UN IMDG IATA	<ul> <li>None identified.</li> <li>The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.</li> <li>The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.</li> </ul>
Special precau	<b>Itions for user : Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Product code 000001105452

Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 REDBROWN

# 15. Regulatory information

### **Fire Service Law**

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums	Ш	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Xylene Trimethylbenzene Chlorinated normal paraffin (Limited to those C14-17 and the mixtures thereof) Ethylbenzene	15 15 4.0 2.7	Class 1 Class 1 Class 1 Class 1	80 691 597 53

### **Industrial Safety and Health Act**

### Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
₽fhyl benzene	≤10	Special Organic Solvents	3-3

### Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Petroleum naphtha	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	330
Xylene	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	136
Trimethylbenzene	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	404
Iron oxide	≤10	Listed	192
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Ethanol	≤10	Listed	61

#### **Chemicals requiring notification**

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Petroleum naphtha	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	330
Xylene	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	136
Trimethylbenzene	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	404
Iron oxide	≤10	Listed	192
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Ethanol	≤10	Listed	61
Cyclohexanone	≤10	Listed	231
Methyl methacrylate	≤10	Listed	557

Carcinogens based on Article 577-2 of the Ordinance on ISH

None of the components are listed.

### <u>Mutagen</u>

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid	: Not listed
Occupational Safety and Health Law	: Inflammable

Japan Page: 14/16

# 15. Regulatory information

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Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	: Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	: Not listed
Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	: Not listed
ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances	: Inflammable
Lead regulation	: Not listed
Organic solvents poisoning prevention	: Class 2

#### **Poisonous and Deleterious Substances**

None of the components are listed.

### Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
<b>X</b> ylene	≥10 - ≤20	Priority assessment	125
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	≥10 - ≤20	Priority assessment	49
Mono(or poly)chloroalkane(C14-17, normal chain)	≤10	Priority assessment	218
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	50
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	201
Cyclohexanone	≤10	Priority assessment	131
Toluene	≤10	Priority assessment	46
Benzene	≤10	Priority assessment	45
Cumene	≤10	Priority assessment	126
Isopropyl alcohol	≤10	Priority assessment	102
2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-Octamethyl-	≤10	Monitoring	40
1,3,5,7,2,4,6,8-tetraoxatetrasilocane			

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available. Law

### **Explosives Control Law**

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Not available. of pollution of the ocean

### Maritime Safety Law

Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea None of the components are listed.

### **Container class**

None of the components are listed.

JSOH Carcinogen : Group 2B

Japan Page: 15/16

# 15. Regulatory information

List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste	: Not listed
Japan inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.
Road law	: Not available.

# 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 13 December 2024
Date of previous issue	: 10/30/2024
Version	: 10.01
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.