# SAFETY DATA SHEET

SIGMADUR 520 BASE RAL 9006



### Date of issue 13 December 2024

Version 12.01

# 1. Product and company identification

	Product name	:	SIGMADUR 520 BASE RAL 9006
	Product code	1	00117735
	Product type	4	Liquid.
<u>Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against</u>		substance or mixture and uses advised against	
	Product use	1	Professional applications, Used by spraying.

i iouuci use	· The solution applications, oscuby spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Supplier's details	: PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777
Emergency telephone number	: 078 574 2777

# 2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category : HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD -
	Category 2
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Hazard pictograms	
	: Danger
Hazard pictograms	: Danger : Flammable liquid and vapor.
Hazard pictograms	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation.
Hazard pictograms	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.
Hazard pictograms	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Hazard pictograms	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer.
Hazard pictograms	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

# 2. Hazards identification

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), hearing organs, nervous system, respiratory organs) Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

### CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
CSCL number	: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
Xylene	25 - <50	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60
barium sulfate	15 - <20	7727-43-7	1-89
aluminium metal	10 - <12.5	7429-90-5	Not available.
Ethyl Benzene	3 - <5	100-41-4	3-28; 3-60
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	3 - <5	64742-48-9	Not available.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	3 - <5	64742-95-6	Not available.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	2 - <3	95-63-6	3-3427; 3-7
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.2 - <0.5	41556-26-7	5-5501
Crystalline silica (quartz)	0.1 - <0.2	14808-60-7	1-548
Toluene	0.1 - <0.2	108-88-3	3-2; 3-60

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

## 4. First aid measures

<b>Description of necess</b>	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact :	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation :	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> </ul>
Skin contact :	Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion :	<ul> <li>Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.</li> </ul>
Over-exposure signs/sympton	<u>ms</u>
Eye contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate medica	al attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments :	No specific treatment.

## 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures		
Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

### 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non- sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage :	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original

with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in accordance container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits			
<b>x</b> ylene	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023)			
	OEL-M 8 hours: 50 ppm. OEL-M 8 hours: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020) [xylene]			
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023) [Class 1 dusts (Activated charcoal, Alumina, Aluminium, Bentonite,			
Г	Japan Page: 5/15			

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	liois/personal protection	1
		Diatomite, Graphite, Kaolinite, Pagodite,
		Pyrites, Pyrite cinder)]
		OEL-M 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Total dust
		(Class 1 Dust).
		OEL-M 8 hours: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form:
		Respirable dust (Class 1 Dust).
ethylbenzene		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 5/2023) Absorbed through skin.
		OEL-M 8 hours: 20 ppm.
		OEL-M 8 hours: 87 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
		Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,
		6/2020)
		TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 5/2023)
		OEL-M 8 hours: 25 ppm.
		OEL-M 8 hours: 120 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
crystalline silica, respirable	powder (<10 microns)	Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 5/2023) [Respirable crystalline
		silica]
		OEL-C: 0.03 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Respirable dust.
toluene		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 5/2023) Absorbed through skin.
		OEL-M 8 hours: 50 ppm.
		OEL-M 8 hours: 188 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
		Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,
		6/2020)
		TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
Recommended monitoring	: Reference should be made to appror	priate monitoring standards. Reference to
procedures		thods for the determination of hazardous
	substances will also be required.	
	· ·	
	Lies only with adaguate ventilation	les presses analogures, less exhaust ventilation
Appropriate engineering controls		Jse process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation
controis		worker exposure to airborne contaminants / limits. The engineering controls also need to
		ns below any lower explosive limits. Use
	explosion-proof ventilation equipmen	
Environmental experies		
Environmental exposure controls		ocess equipment should be checked to ensure environmental protection legislation. In some
controis		ineering modifications to the process equipment
	will be necessary to reduce emission	
	will be neededaly to reduce enhealen	
Individual protection meas		
Hygiene measures		oughly after handling chemical products, before
		ry and at the end of the working period.
		ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing.
		eusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and
	safety showers are close to the works	station location.
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles.	
<b>O 1 1 1</b>		

Skin protection

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>				
Physical state	: Liquid.			
Color	: White.			
Odor	: Aromatic. [Strong]			
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)			
Flash point	: Closed cup: 34°C (9	3.2°F)		
Relative density	: 1.21			
Solubility(ies)	Media	Result		
Solubility(les)	cold water Not soluble			
Viscosity	: 40 - <60 s (ISO 6mn	n)		

10. Stability and reactivity				
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.			
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.			
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.			
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.			

## FIOUDCE NAME SIGNADOR 320 DASE RAE 30

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>X</b> ylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
aluminium metal	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15900 mg/kg	-
Ethyl Benzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
5	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,				
< 2% aromatics				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500 mg	-

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

# 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
aluminium metal	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Ethyl Benzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Toluene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 1	-	nervous system, respiratory organs
barium sulfate	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
aluminium metal	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Ethyl Benzene	Category 1	-	hearing organs, nervous system
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), respiratory organs
Crystalline silica (quartz)	Category 1	-	immune system, kidneys, respiratory organs
Toluene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys

### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Xylene Ethyl Benzene Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene Toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### Information on the likely : Not available.

### routes of exposure

### Potential acute health effects

### Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation

- : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

11. Toxicological	
Skin contact	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the pl	nysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effect	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

Acute toxicity estimates

# 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMADUR 520 BASE RAL 9006	N/A	2556.6	N/A	22.8	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethyl Benzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Toluene	5580	8390	N/A	11	N/A

### **Other information**

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

## 12. Ecological information

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### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	-
	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
<b>E</b> thyl Benzene	-	79 % - Rea	idily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
<mark>K</mark> ylene Ethyl Benzene Toluene	- - -		-		Readily Readily Readily	/

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<b>X</b> ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Ethyl Benzene	3.6	79.43	Low
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
Toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 12. Ecological information

## 13. Disposal considerations

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Disposal methods
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: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **14. Transport information**

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	111
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

### **Additional information**

UN	This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.
IMDG	<ul> <li>This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.</li> </ul>
ΙΛΤΛ	None identified

**IATA** : None identified.

**Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Product code 00117735 Product name SIGMADUR 520 BASE RAL 9006

# 15. Regulatory information

### **Fire Service Law**

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Xylene Ethylbenzene	27 4.8	Class 1 Class 1	80 53
Trimethylbenzene	2.9	Class 1	691

### **Industrial Safety and Health Act**

### Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
ethyl benzene	≤10	Special Organic Solvents	3-3

### Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
▼yleneEthylbenzenePetroleum naphthaTrimethylbenzeneCrystalline silica	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	136
	≤10	Listed	70
	≤10	Listed	330
	≤10	Listed	404
	≤10	Listed	165-2

### **Chemicals requiring notification**

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
<b>X</b> ylene	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	136
Aluminium and its water-soluble salts	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	37
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Petroleum naphtha	≤10	Listed	330
Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	404
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2
Toluene	≤10	Listed	407

### Carcinogens based on Article 577-2 of the Ordinance on ISH

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
quartz	≤10	Listed	-

### <u>Mutagen</u>

None of the components are listed.

### **Corrosive liquid**

: Not listed

Occupational Safety and : Inflammable, Combustible **Health Law** 

# 15. Regulatory information

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Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	: Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	: Not listed
Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	: Not listed
ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances	: Inflammable, Combustible
Lead regulation	: Not listed
Organic solvents poisoning prevention	: Class 2

### **Poisonous and Deleterious Substances**

None of the components are listed.

### Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
<b>⊠</b> ylene	≥20 - ≤30	Priority assessment	125
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	50
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	49
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	201
Toluene	≤10	Priority assessment	46
Cumene	≤10	Priority assessment	126
Benzene	≤10	Priority assessment	45
Naphthalene	≤10	Priority assessment	76
2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-Octamethyl-	≤10	Monitoring	40
1,3,5,7,2,4,6,8-tetraoxatetrasilocane			

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available. Law

### **Explosives Control Law**

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Not available. of pollution of the ocean

### **Maritime Safety Law**

Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea		
None of the components are listed.		
Container class None of the components are listed.		
JSOH Carcinogen :	Group 1	
List of Specially Controlled : Industrial Waste	Not listed	

Japan inventory

: At least one component is not listed.

# 15. Regulatory information

**Road law** 

: Not available.

## 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 13 December 2024
Date of previous issue	: 10/7/2024
Version	: 12.01
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway</li> <li>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor</li> <li>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals</li> <li>IATA = International Air Transport Association</li> <li>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient</li> <li>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)</li> <li>RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail</li> <li>UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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