SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision13 December 2024Version 5.06

Section 1. Identification		
Product code	: 00108610	
Product name	: SIGMADUR 520 BASE RAL 9010	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Supplier's details	: PPG Industries (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., No. 1 Tuas Basin Close, Singapore 638803. Tel +65 68653737	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC +(65)-31581349 (CCN 17704)	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

2

Hazard pictograms

Signal word	/arning	
Hazard statements	lammable liquid and vapor. auses skin irritation. lay cause an allergic skin reaction. auses serious eye irritation. lay cause respiratory irritation.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	/ear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away fro urfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smokir reathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.	

Singapore	English (US)	Page: 1/13
-----------	--------------	------------

Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	: IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: Not applicable.

result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number EC number	Not applicable.
EC number	: Mixture.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
xylene	10 - <20	1330-20-7
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	10 - <20	14807-96-6
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	5 - <10	64742-95-6
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3 - <5	95-63-6
3-ethyltoluene	3 - <5	620-14-4
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	3 - <5	108-65-6
ethylbenzene	1 - <3	100-41-4
Octadecanamide, N,N'-1,6-hexanediylbis[12-hydroxy-	1 - <3	55349-01-4
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.3 - <1	41556-26-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Singapore	English (US)	Page: 2/13
-----------	--------------	------------

Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/e	ffec	cts, acute and delayed	
Potential acute health effect	<u>cts</u>		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	1	May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	1	Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	oton	<u>15</u>	
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing	
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking	
Ingestion	:	No specific data.	
Indication of immediate med	<u>dica</u>	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	-	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.	
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Singapore Englis	US) Page: 3/13
------------------	----------------

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	•	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
xylene	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006) [Xylene]
	PEL (long term) 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	PEL (long term) 8 hours: 434 mg/m ³ .
	PEL (short term) 15 minutes: 651 mg/m ³ .
	PEL (short term) 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Workplace Safety and Health Act
	(Singapore, 2/2006)
	PEL (long term) 8 hours: 2 mg/m ³ .
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Workplace Safety and Health Act
	(Singapore, 2/2006) [Trimethyl benzene]
	PEL (long term) 8 hours: 25 ppm.
	PEL (long term) 8 hours: 123 mg/m ³ .
ethylbenzene	Workplace Safety and Health Act

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

		(Singapore, 2/2006) PEL (long term) 8 hours: 100 ppm. PEL (long term) 8 hours: 434 mg/m ² PEL (short term) 15 minutes: 543 m PEL (short term) 15 minutes: 125 p	ng/m³.
Recommended monitoring procedures	:	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardou substances will also be required.	
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosion limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	controls
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measur	res		
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical product eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. We contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and sa showers are close to the workstation location.	clothing. ash
Eye/face protection	:	Chemical splash goggles.	
Skin protection			
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment in this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manuf- check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consistin several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	ndicates facturer, 5. It 9
Gloves	:	butyl rubber	
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a special before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electric wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.	alist
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and shou approved by a specialist before handling this product.	

Product name SIGMADUR 520 BASE RAL 9010

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
------------------------	--

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	: Li	iquid.	
Color	: W	/hite.	
Odor	: Ai	romatic.	
рН	: in	soluble in water.	
Boiling point	: >3	37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	: C	losed cup: 35°C (95°F)	
Evaporation rate	: N	lot available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: lic	quid	
Vapor pressure	: N	lot available.	
Vapor density	:		
Relative density	: 1.	.37	
Solubility(ies)		ledia	Result
Solubility(les)		old water	Not soluble
Auto-ignition temperature	: N	lot available.	
Viscosity	Ki	ynamic (room temperatu inematic (room temperat inematic (40°C (104°F)):	ure): >400 mm²/s (>400 cSt)
Viscosity	: 60	0 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Singapore English (US)	Page: 7/13
------------------------	------------

Product code 00108610

Product name SIGMADUR 520 BASE RAL 9010

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition
products:Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following
materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
x ylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name)	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
x ylene		Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	:	There are no data available	on the mixture i	itself.		
Eyes	:	There are no data available	on the mixture i	itself.		
Respiratory	:	There are no data available	on the mixture i	itself.		
Sensitization						
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	:	There are no data available	on the mixture i	itself.		
Respiratory	:	There are no data available	on the mixture i	itself.		
Mutagenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available	on the mixture	itself.		
Carcinogenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available	on the mixture	itself.		
Reproductive toxicity						
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available	on the mixture	itself.		
Teratogenicity						

Singapore	English (US)	Page: 8/13
-----------	--------------	------------

On atting 44. Tradical suit all informers

Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
x ylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 3-ethyltoluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely
routes of exposure: Not available.Potential acute health effects:Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking

Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion

: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure			
Short term exposure			
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.		
Long term exposure			
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.		
Potential chronic health effe	ects		
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.		
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	10415.13 mg/kg 44.16 mg/l 5.26 mg/l

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

ŝ

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours -

Singapore English (US)	Page: 10/13
------------------------	-------------

Section 12. Ecological information

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
P-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate ethylbenzene	-	83 % - Readily - 28 79 % - Readily - 10	2	-	-
Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability
					D a a allila i

vylene 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	-		Readily Readily
acetate			
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
x ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
3-ethyltoluene	3.98	-	Low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

 Disposal methods
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and

Section 13. Disposal considerations

sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.
IMDG	 This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
IATA	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 13 December 2024
Date of previous issue	: 3/14/2024
Version	: 5.06
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.