SAFETY DATA SHEET

United Arab Emirates

: 3.02

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 13 December 2024 Version

SECTION 1: Identifi undertaking	cation of the substance/mixture and of the company/
1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: SIGMADUR 520 BASE RAL 1015
Product code	: 00427113
Other means of identificat Not available.	tion
1.2 Relevant identified uses	s of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
1.3 Details of the supplier of	of the safety data sheet
Sigma Paint Saudi Arabia Lt PO Box 7509 Dammam 31472 Saudi Arabia Tel: 00966 138 47 31 00 Fax: 00966 138 47 17 34	td.
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: ndpic@sfda.gov.sa
1.4 Emergency telephone number	: 00966 138473100 extn 1001

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Product definition : Mixture <u>Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]</u> Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315

Skin Imit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms :

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU)	
2020/878	

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. P202, P280, P210, P308 + P313, P403 + P233, P501
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Restricted to professional users.
Special packaging requiren	nents
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture					
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classificat	tion	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
	1	English	i (GB) l	United Arab Er	nirates	2/16

Code : 00427113 SIGMADUR 520 BASE RAL	1015	Da	ate of issue/Date of revisi	on : 13 Deceml	ber 2024
SECTION 3: Compo	osition/informat	tion on ii	ngredients		
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5 CAS: 128601-23-0	≥10 - ≤16	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	Carc. 1B, H350: C ≥ 10% EUH066: C ≥ 20%	[1] [2]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≥1.0 - ≤3.8	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 17.8 mg/l	[1] [2]
Reaction mass of bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl sebacate	REACH #: 01-2119491304-40 EC: 915-687-0 CAS: 1065336-91-5	≤0.67	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 2, H361f Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Xylene: Several REACH registrations cover the REACH registered substance with xylene isomers, ethylbenzene (and toluene). The other REACH Registrations include: 01-2119555267-33 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and pxylene, 01-2119486136-34 Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8, 01-2119539452-40 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

This mixture contains ≥ 1% of titanium dioxide. The Annex VI classification of titanium dioxide does not apply to this mixture according to Note 10.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid m	ieasures
Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.2 Most important symp	toms and enects, both acute and delayed
Potential acute health e	ffects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sy</u>	<u>imptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any imm	nediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

Specific treatments No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH),	Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU)
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special precautions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits			
₩ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene	EU OEL (Europe) TWA: 19 ppm. TWA: 100 mg/m ³ .		
xylene	Ministry of Labor purs] Absorbed the STEL 15 minutes STEL 15 minutes TWA 8 hours: 22 TWA 8 hours: 50	442 mg/m³. 100 ppm. I mg/m³.	nixtes,
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Ministry of Labor STEL 15 minutes STEL 15 minutes TWA 8 hours: 275	100 ppm.	1.
	English (GB)	United Arab Emirates	6/16

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ethylbenzene	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Ministry of Labor (France, 9/2023) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 88.4 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
p arium sulfate	Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit
	values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m ³ . Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006)
	TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m ³ . ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable fraction.
xylene	Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) [xylene (o, m & p isomers A4. STEL 15 minutes: 651 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006)
	[xylene (all isomers)] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 651 mg/m ³ .
	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [p-xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] A4. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
titanium dioxide	Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A4. TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m ³ .
	Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m ³ .
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) A3. TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m ³ . Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A4.
	TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m ³ . Form: measured as respirable fraction of the aerosol.
	Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m ³ .
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) A4. TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable fraction.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) [trimethyl benzene (mixed)
	isomers)] TWA 8 hours: 123 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) A4.
othubonzono	TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.
ethylbenzene	Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit English (GB) United Arab Emirates 7/16

BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling timend of shift. ethylbenzene DOL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021) BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposubly inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 44042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents). European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 2 Exposure controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below a recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. redividual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing, Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	Code : 00427113		Date of issue/Date of revision	: 13 December 2024
STEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m². STEL 15 minutes: 125 pm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. CGBH TLV (United States, 7/2023) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. ACGHT TLV (United States, 7/2023) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. ACGHT TLV (United States, 7/2023) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. ACGHT TLV (United States, 7/2023) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. ACGHT TLV (United States, 7/2023) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. ACGHT TLV (United States, 7/2023) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. ACGHT TLV (United States, 7/2023) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. ACGMT TLV (United States, 7/2023) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. ACGMT TLV (United States, 7/2023) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. ACGMT TLV (United States, 7/2023) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. ACGMT TLV (United States, 7/2023) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. ACGMT TLV (Uni	SIGMADUR 520 BASE RAL 1	1015		
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TWA 8 hours: 100 ppmi. TWA 8 hours: 123 pgm?. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006). STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. DOL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021) BEI: 1.5 gig creatinine, methylhippurc add [in urine]. Sampling tim end of shift. standard EN 869 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposu- by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy). European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposu- pound use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents). References to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 2 Exposure controls : Use only with adequate ventiliation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaninates below any induced or statutoy limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dus concontrols below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof venditation equipment. value out of the addition equipment. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling				
TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m². Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, \$/2006) STEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m². TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m². TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m². TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m². TWA 8 hours: 1434 mg/m². TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. ACGH TTV (United States, 7/2023) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Pol. BEI (South Africa, 3/2021) [sylenes] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [nu urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. Recommended monitoring roccodures Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 688 (Workpiace atmospheres – Guidues and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 4422 (Workpiace atmospheres – Guidues for the aspectation and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workpiace atmospheres – Guidue for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 2 Exposure controls : propriate engineering propriate engineering : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airbome contaminatio below and to a statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dus concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof				
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STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 343 mg/m ² , STEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m ² , TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and pheny(g)yoxy(lic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. Recommended monitoring roccedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 688 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposus by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 462 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposus by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy increas Standard EN 462 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical a gents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 2 Exposure controls ppropriate engineering ontrols : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of reazerous substances will also be required. 2 Exposure controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of hazardous substances will also be required. 2 Exposure controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exh				egulation Concerning
TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m². STEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m². TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. ACGHT TLY (United States, 7/2023) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. DOL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021) [xylenes] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling tim end of shift. Status 100 ppm. DOL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021) BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. Recommended monitoring trocedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidace for the assessment of exposus by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the assessment of exposus application and use of procedures for the assessment of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 2 Exposure controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to aitborne contaminants below a recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Utividual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, snoking and using the lavatory and at the			•	rab Emirates, 5/2006)
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		product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Gloves	:	nitrile rubber, butyl rubber, PVC, Viton®
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection		Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>					
Physical state	1	Liquid.			
Colour	1	Beige.			
Odour	:	Aromatic. [Strong]			
Odour threshold	:	Not available.			
Melting point/freezing point	1	Not determined.			
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	>37.78°C			
Flammability	:	Not determined. There are no da	ata available	on the mixtur	e itself.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Not available.			
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 34°C			
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
		P-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature	:	Stable under recommended sto	rage and han	dling conditio	ns (see Section 7).
рН	:	Not applicable. insoluble in wate	er.		
Viscosity	:	Øynamic (room temperature): N			
		Kinematic (room temperature): Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm ² /s	>400 mm²/s		
Viscosity	1	40 - <60 s (ISO 6mm)			
Solubility(ies)	:				
Media		Result			
cold water		Not soluble			
cold water Partition coefficient: n-octanol water	/:				

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended	by Commission Regulation (EU)
2020/878	

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

			Vapor	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50		
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	g kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
		ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2					
Relative density	:	1.43					•		
Explosive properties	:	The product itself is vapour or dust with a			the formation	of an ex _l	olosible n	nixture of	
Oxidising properties	:	Product does not pro	esent an o	xidizing	hazard.				
Particle characteristics									

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity						
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.					
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.					
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.					
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.					
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.					
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides					

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
₩ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1%	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3160 mg/kg	-
cumene				
	LD50 Oral	Rat -	3492 mg/kg	-
		Female		
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Reaction mass of bis	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>3170 mg/kg	-
(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)				
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate LD50 Oral Rat - Male, 3230 mg/kg Female

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Irritation/Corrosion						
Product/ingredient name		Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene		Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary			•			
Skin	: There are	no data available on the r	nixture itself			
Eyes	: There are	no data available on the r	nixture itself			
Respiratory	: There are	no data available on the r	nixture itself	-		
Sensitisation						
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	: There are	no data available on the	mixture itsel	f.		
Respiratory	: There are	no data available on the	mixture itsel	f.		
Mutagenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	no data available on the	mixture itsel	f.		
Carcinogenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	no data available on the	mixture itsel	f.		
Reproductive toxicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	no data available on the	mixture itsel	f.		
Teratogenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	no data available on the	mixture itsel	f.		
Specific target organ toxi	city (single exp	osure)				

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene xylene ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Information on likely : Not available. routes of exposure	
Potential acute health effects	
Inhalation : May cause resp	piratory irritation.
Ingestion : No known signi	ificant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact : Causes skin irr	itation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	English (GB) United Arab Emirates 11/16

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (E	U)
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	<u> </u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms related to the ph	usical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Delayed and immediate effe	ects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	: Not available.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
₩ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene	EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Oncorhynchus	96 hours
	water	mykiss	
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia	48 hours
•	water		
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia -	-
	water	Ceriodaphnia dubia	
Reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl	EC50 1.68 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate			
	LC50 0.9 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate ethylbenzene	-	75 % - Readily - 28 day 83 % - Readily - 28 day 79 % - Readily - 10 day	s -	-
Conclusion/Summary Product/ingredient name	: There are no da	ta available on the mixtur	e itself. Photolysis	Biodegradability

Aquatic nan-me	Thotolysis	biouegradability
-	-	Readily
	- - - -	

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

	Potential
7.4 to 18.5	Low Low Low
7.4 79.	

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

: Yes.

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
	the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

Packaging

Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)
Container	15 01 06 mixed packaging
Special precautions	 This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	Ш	Ш	=
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

Conforms to Reg 2020/878	gulation (EC) No. 1907/20	06 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commissio	n Regulation (EU)
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SECTION 1	4: Transport inform	mation	
ADR/RID	•	quid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 4	50 L according to
Tunnel code	: (D/E)		
IMDG	: This class 3 viscous lic	quid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 4	50 L according to 2.3.2.5.
IATA	: None identified.		
14.6 Special pre user	upright ar	rt within user's premises: always transport in closed nd secure. Ensure that persons transporting the produ an accident or spillage.	
14.7 Transport i according to IM instruments		icable.	
SECTION 1	5: Regulatory info	rmation	
15.1 Safety, hea	Ith and environmental reg	gulations/legislation specific for the substance or	mixture
EU Regulation	(EC) No. 1907/2006 (REA	<u>(CH)</u>	
Annex XIV - L	ist of substances subject	t to authorisation	
Annex XIV			
None of the c	omponents are listed.		
	of very high concern		
	omponents are listed.		
Annex XVII - F on the manuf placing on the and use of ce dangerous su mixtures and	e market rtain ibstances,	ed to professional users.	
Other national	and international regulat	tions.	
Explosive pre	cursors : Not applic	cable.	
Ozone depleti Not listed.	ng substances (1005/2009	<u>9/EU)</u>	
15.2 Chemical s assessment	afety : No Chem	ical Safety Assessment has been carried out.	
SECTION 1	6: Other information	on	
Indicates info	rmation that has changed f	from previously issued version.	
Abbreviations a acronyms	nd : ATE = Ac CLP = Cl 1272/200 DNEL = I EUH stat	cute Toxicity Estimate lassification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Re	gulation (EC) No.

	-	Predicted No Effect Concentration REACH Registration Number
Full text of abbreviated H statements	: H225 H226 H304 H312 H315 H317 H319	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation.

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SECTION 16: Other	information		
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	H400Very toxic to aquatiH410Very toxic to aquatiH411Toxic to aquatic lifeH412Harmful to aquaticEUH066Repeated exposureEUH066Repeated exposureAcute Tox. 4AAquatic Acute 1SAquatic Chronic 1LiAquatic Chronic 2LiAquatic Chronic 3LiAquatic Chronic 3LiAquatic Chronic 3LiAguatic Chronic 4ACarc. 18CEye Irrit. 2SFlam. Liq. 2FFlam. Liq. 3FRepr. 2RSkin Sens. 1SStort RE 2SSTOT SE 3S	ness or dizziness. aging fertility. e to organs through prolonged or r	king. C HAZARD - Category 1 IC HAZARD - Category 2 IC HAZARD - Category 2 IC HAZARD - Category 3 1 RITATION - Category 2 2 3 egory 2 Category 2 1 1A ICITY - REPEATED
Date of issue/ Date of	: 13 December 2024		
revision	4 April 2024		
Date of previous issue Prepared by	: 4 April 2024 : EHS		
Version	: 3.02		
<u>Disclaimer</u>	. 0.02		

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