SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to GHS UN rev. 7

Date of issue/Date of revision 14 December 2024 Version 1.01

Section 1. Identification

Product code	: 000001201421
Product name	: PPG VIKOTE 56 ORANGE 3149
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification 00476218	
Relevant identified uses of th	e substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
Supplier's information	: PPG Asian Paints Private Limited 6A Shanti Nagar Santa Cruz (East) Mumbai - 400055 India
Emergency telephone number:	: +91 22 6815 8700

Section 2. Hazards identification

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Classification of the substance or mixture	 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Effects on or via lactation SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 27.1% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 30.7%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 1.8%
GHS label elements	

Hazard pictograms



Section 2. Hazards identification

Signal word	er	
Hazard statements	mable liquid and vapour. be harmful in contact with skin. es skin irritation. es serious eye irritation. ful if inhaled. cause respiratory irritation. cause drowsiness or dizziness. cause cancer. cause harm to breast-fed children. coxic to aquatic life with long lasting effect	S.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	n, read and follow all safety instructions b ctive clothing, eye protection, face protect from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open fla ing. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventila onment. Avoid breathing vapour. Avoid o ng. Do not eat, drink or smoke when usin ughly after handling. Do not touch eyes.	ion, or hearing protection. Keep mes and other ignition sources. No ated area. Avoid release to the ontact during pregnancy and while
Response	ct spillage. IF exposed or concerned, get ove person to fresh air and keep comforta I SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all of with water. IF ON SKIN: Get medical he on occurs: Get medical help. Take off co e reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously wi ct lenses, if present and easy to do. Cont nedical help. Get medical help if you feel	ble for breathing. Get medical help. contaminated clothing. Rinse affected lp. Wash with plenty of water. If skin ntaminated clothing and wash it th water for several minutes. Remove inue rinsing. If eye irritation persists:
Storage	locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place	e. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	se of contents and container in accordan nternational regulations.	ce with all local, regional, national

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	20 - <25	64742-95-6
xylene	10 - <20	1330-20-7
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	10 - <20	95-63-6
alkanes, C14-17, chloro	3 - <5	85535-85-9
ethylbenzene	1 - <3	100-41-4
mesitylene	1 - <3	108-67-8
propylbenzene	1 - <3	103-65-1
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	1 - <3	526-73-8
cumene	0.3 - <1	98-82-8
toluene	0.1 - <0.3	108-88-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.	
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.	
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.	
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.	

Most important	symptoms/effects,	acute and delayed

Potential acute health ef	fects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sy	<u>mptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate n	nedical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Section 4. First aid measures

Specific treatments Protection of first-aiders	 No specific treatment. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it
	is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures	
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without su Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing va Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	d personnel from ignition sources. oour or mist. ventilation is
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take no information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. Se information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, v and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has can pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting materia to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage	used environmental al. May be harmful
Methods and material for con	ntainment and cleaning up	
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spectrologic equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry materi appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed water contractor.	r-soluble. al and place in an
	India	Page: 4/13

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid contact during pregnancy or while nursing. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occur	oational	exposure	limits
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Ingredient name	Exposure limits
x ylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene]
	Ototoxicant.
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	Ototoxicant.
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) mesitylene [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) cumene TWA 8 hours: 5 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) toluene Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. **Recommended monitoring** : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous procedures substances will also be required. : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust Appropriate engineering controls ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure **Environmental exposure** they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some controls cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Individual protection measures **Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. **Eye/face protection** Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk ÷ assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Skin protection Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: Gloves May be used: nitrile rubber Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® **Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>									
Physical state Colour	÷	Liquid. Orango	∟iquid. Orange.						
Odour	1	Aromatic.	-						
Odour threshold		Not available.							
Melting point/freezing point		Not available.							
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	-	>37.78°C (>100°F)	•37.78°C (>100°F)						
Flammability	:	Not available.							
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.							
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 35°C (9	95°F)						
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name		°C	°F		Method		
		2-[(2-methoxy-4-nitrophe (2-methoxyphenyl)-3-oxo		180	356		VDI 2263		
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.							
рН	:	Not applicable.							
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room ten	Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): >400 mm²/s Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s						
Viscosity	:	> 100 s (ISO 6mm)							
Solubility(ioc)		Media Result							
Solubility(ies)	ľ	cold water	cold water Not soluble						
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.							
Vapour pressure	:		Vapou	r Press	ure at 20°C	Va	pour pres	our pressure at 50°C	
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
		ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2					
Relative density		0.97	1 1		ł		1		
Relative vapour density		Not available.							
Particle characteristics									
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.							
Evaporation rate		Not available.							
••••••••	-								

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	 Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides
Hazardous polymerisation	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
light aromatic				
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
alkanes, C14-17, chloro	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>48.17 g/m ³	1 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
mesitylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
propylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	6040 mg/kg	-
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	11.4 g/kg	-
cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	39000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2260 mg/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Section 11. Toxicological information		
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Sensitisation		
Conclusion/Summary		
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Mutagenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Carcinogenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Reproductive toxicity		
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Teratogenicity		

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
mesitylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
propylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
cumene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
cumene	Category 2	-	-
toluene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
propylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential acute health effects	È la constante de la constante
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure			
Short term exposure			
Potential immediate effects	Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	Not available.		
Long term exposure			
Potential immediate effects	Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	Not available.		
Potential chronic health eff	<u>is</u>		
Not available.			
General	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.		
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.		
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Reproductive toxicity	May cause harm to breast-fed children.		

Section 11. Toxicological information

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Øral	13359.11 mg/kg
Dermal	4638.65 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	30.15 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	3.3 mg/l

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours -

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
e thylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	dily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
₩ylene ethylbenzene toluene	- - -		- -		Readily Readily Readily	/

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
x ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
alkanes, C14-17, chloro	4.7 to 8.3	-	High
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
mesitylene	3.42	186.21	Low
propylbenzene	3.69	-	Low
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	3.66	194.98	Low
cumene	3.55	35.48	Low
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

India

Product code 000001201421 Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 ORANGE 3149

Section 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)	Not applicable.

Additional information

- **UN** : This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.2.
- IMDG : This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.
- **IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user :**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 14 December 2024
Date of previous issue	: 6/26/2024
Version	: 1.01
Prepared by	: EHS
ey to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5	Calculation method
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B	Calculation method
REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Effects on or via lactation	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract	Calculation method
irritation) - Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) -	Calculation method
Category 3	
SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.