# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue/Date of revision16 December 2024Version 2.01

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: PPG VIKOTE 56 ORANGE 3149	
Product code	: 000001201421	
Other means of identification	: 00476218	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272	
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)	
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762	

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	<ul> <li>This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).</li> </ul>
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Effects on or via lactation SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 27.1% (dermal), 30.7% (inhalation)</li> </ul>

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

	exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause harm to breast-fed children. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Avoid contact during pregnancy or while nursing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Supplemental label elements	: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Product name	: PPG VIKOTE 56 ORANGE 3149
Other means of identification	: 00476218

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	≥20 - ≤50	64742-95-6
xylene	≥10 - ≤20	1330-20-7
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≥10 - ≤19	95-63-6
alkanes, C14-17, chloro	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	85535-85-9
ethylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤4.2	100-41-4
mesitylene	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	108-67-8
propylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	103-65-1
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	526-73-8
titanium dioxide	≤1.0	13463-67-7
cumene	<1.0	98-82-8
n-butyl methacrylate	<1.0	97-88-1
toluene	<1.0	108-88-3

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

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Section 4. First aid measures		
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.	
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.	
Most important sympton	ns/effects, acute and delayed	
Potential acute health e	effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.	
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	
Over-exposure signs/sy	<u>ymptoms</u>	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:	
-	pain or irritation	
	watering	
Inhalation	redness <ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following:</li> </ul>	
Innalation	respiratory tract irritation	
	coughing	
	nausea or vomiting	
	headache	
	drowsiness/fatigue	
	dizziness/vertigo	
	unconsciousness	
	reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths	
	skeletal malformations	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:	
	irritation	
	redness	
	dryness	
	cracking reduced fetal weight	
	increase in fetal deaths	
	skeletal malformations	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:	
•	reduced fetal weight	
	increase in fetal deaths	
	skeletal malformations	
Indication of immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.	
	The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
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### Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders
 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

-	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures For non-emergency : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from personnel entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel". : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains **Environmental precautions** and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures		Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid contact during pregnancy or while nursing. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	:	Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	None.
xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [p-
	xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene]
	Ototoxicant.
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Xylenes]
	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.
alkanes, C14-17, chloro	None.
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	Ototoxicant.
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
mesitylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	[trimethyl benzene, isomers]
nron dhanzana	TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. None.
propylbenzene 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	[trimethyl benzene, isomers]
	TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.
titanium dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable
	fraction, finescale particles.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
	TWA 8 hours: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Total dust.
cumene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 5 ppm.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWĂ 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 245 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
n-butyl methacrylate	IPEL (-)
, ,	TWA: 50 ppm.
	STEL: 75 ppm.
toluene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	Ototoxicant.
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013)
	TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.
	CEIL: 300 ppm.
1	AMP 10 minutes: 500 ppm.

Key to abbreviations

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

also be required.

А	<ul> <li>Acceptable Maximum Peak</li> </ul>	S	<ul> <li>Potential skin absorption</li> </ul>	
ACGIH	= American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.	SR	<ul> <li>Respiratory sensitization</li> </ul>	
С	= Ceiling Limit	SS	<ul> <li>Skin sensitization</li> </ul>	
F	= Fume	STEL	<ul> <li>Short term Exposure limit values</li> </ul>	
IPEL	<ul> <li>Internal Permissible Exposure Limit</li> </ul>	TD	= Total dust	
OSHA	<ul> <li>Occupational Safety and Health Administration.</li> </ul>	TLV	= Threshold Limit Value	
R	= Respirable	TWA	= Time Weighted Average	
Z	Z = OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances			
Consult	local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.			
Recom proced			nitoring standards. Reference to national mination of hazardous substances will	

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment

will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

ndividual protection mea	asures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	May be used: nitrile rubber Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

# **Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	1	Liquid.	
Color	:	Orange.	
Odor	1	Aromatic.	
Odor threshold	1	Not available.	
рН	4	Not applicable.	
Melting point	4	Not available.	
Boiling point	4	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 35°C (95°F)	
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.	
Flammability	:	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.	
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.	
Vapor density	:	Not available.	
Relative density	1	0.97	
Density(lbs / gal)	:	8.1	
		Media	Result
Solubility(ies)	ľ	cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Viscosity	:	_ J	ure): >400 mm²/s (>400 cSt)
% Solid. (w/w)	÷	37.233	

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

ecies Dose	Exposure
bbit 3.48 g/kg	-
t 8400 mg/kg	-
bbit 1.7 g/kg	-
t 4.3 g/kg	-
t 18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
t 5 g/kg	-
t >48.17 g/m <sup>3</sup>	1 hours
t >5 g/kg	-
t 17.8 mg/l	4 hours
bbit 17.8 g/kg	-
t 3.5 g/kg	-
t 24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
t 5000 mg/kg	-
t 6040 mg/kg	-
t 11.4 g/kg	-
t >6.82 mg/l	4 hours
bbit >5000 mg/kg	-
t >5000 mg/kg	-
t 39000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
bbit 12.3 g/kg	-
t 2260 mg/kg	-
t 4910 ppm	4 hours
t 29000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
bbit 10.2 g/kg	-
t 16 g/kg	-
t 49 g/m³	4 hours

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

	LD50 Derm	nal		Rabbit		8.39 g		
	LD50 Oral			Rat		5580 r	пу/кд -	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	e no data avai	lable on th	e mixtur	e itself.			
rritation/Corrosion								
Product/ingredient name	Result		Spec	ies	Score		Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Mod	erate irritant	Rabb	it	-		24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary			·		•	•		
Skin	: There are	e no data avai	lable on th	e mixtur	e itself.			
Eyes	: There are	e no data avai	lable on th	e mixtur	e itself.			
Respiratory	: There are	e no data avai	lable on th	e mixtur	e itself.			
Sensitization								
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin	: There are	e no data avai	lable on th	e mixtur	e itself.			
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
<u>Mutagenicity</u>								
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	e no data avai	lable on th	e mixtur	e itself.			
Carcinogenicity								
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	e no data avai	lable on th	e mixtur	e itself.			
<u>Classification</u>								
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC N	ТР					
xylene	-	3 -						
ethylbenzene	-	2B -						
titanium dioxide	-	2B -						
cumene	-		easonably	anticipa	ited to be	e a hum	ian carcinoger	۱.
n-butyl methacrylate	- 2B -							
toluene	-	3 -						

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. <u>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</u>

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic xylene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
mesitylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
propylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
cumene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl methacrylate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
cumene	Category 2	-	-
n-butyl methacrylate	Category 2	-	-
toluene	Category 2	-	-

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea, thyroid.

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
propylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects	<u>1</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure
	limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

#### Short term exposure

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause harm to breast-fed children.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
PPG VIKOTE 56 ORANGE 3149	13359.1	4638.7	N/A	30.1	3.3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
mesitylene	5000	N/A	N/A	24	N/A
propylbenzene	6040	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	11400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
cumene	2260	12300	N/A	39	N/A
n-butyl methacrylate	16000	10200	4910	29	N/A
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours -
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 ORANGE 3149

# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	dily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
xylene ethylbenzene toluene			- -		Readily Readily Readily	

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
alkanes, C14-17, chloro	4.7 to 8.3	-	High
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
mesitylene	3.42	186.21	Low
propylbenzene	3.69	-	Low
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	3.66	194.98	Low
cumene	3.55	35.48	Low
n-butyl methacrylate	2.99	-	Low
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 ORANGE 3149

### **14. Transport information**

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	DOT	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ		
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263		
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT		
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3		
Packing group	III	Ш			
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.		
Marine pollutant substances	(alkanes, C14-17, chloro)	(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)	Not applicable.		
Product RQ (lbs)	644.51	Not applicable.	Not applicable.		
RQ substances	(xylene, benzene)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.		

#### **Additional information**

DOT	: This product is not regulated as a marine pollutant when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of §§ 173.24 and 173.24a. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
IMDG	: This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.
IATA	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Special precaut	ions for user : <b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **United States**

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

	United S	tates Page: 16/19
TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: alkanes, C14-17, chloro	Listed	P-12-0453
TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: alkanes, C14-17, chloro	Listed	
TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: alkanes, C14-17, chloro	One time notific	cation [Section 5]

Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 ORANGE 3149

### Section 15. Regulatory information

### SARA 302/304

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

No products were found.

#### SARA 311/312

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Effects on or via lactation
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
SPEČIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 HNOC - Defatting irritant

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	≥20 - ≤50	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
xylene	≥10 - ≤20	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 HNOC - Defatting irritant FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≥10 - ≤19	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
olkonoo C14 17 obloro	>1.0 <5.0	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 HNOC - Defatting irritant
alkanes, C14-17, chloro ethylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤5.0 ≥1.0 - ≤4.2	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Effects on or via lactation FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 HNOC - Defatting irritant

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Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 ORANGE 3149

### Section 15. Regulatory information

mesitylene	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
propylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	-1.0 -0.0	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
titanium dioxide	≤1.0	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
cumene	<1.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
cumene	<1.0	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
n-butyl methacrylate	<1.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
toluene	<1.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant

#### <u>SARA 313</u>

	Chemical name	<u>CAS number</u>	<b>Concentration</b>
Supplier notification	: xylene	1330-20-7	10 - 30
	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	10 - 30
	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1 - 5
	cumene	98-82-8	0.1 - 1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

United States Page:
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### Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 ORANGE 3149

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

#### California Prop. 65

**WARNING**: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

### Section 16. Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Date of previous issue Organization that prepared the SDS		<b>12/14/2024</b> EHS
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.