## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

United Arab Emirates

: 3.02

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 16 December 2024 Version

SECTION 1: Identifi undertaking	cation of the substance/mixture and of the company/
1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: STEELGUARD 851 WHITE
Product code	: 000001155215
Other means of identificat 00371796; 00378863	tion
1.2 Relevant identified uses	s of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
1.3 Details of the supplier of	f the safety data sheet
Sigma Paint Saudi Arabia Lt PO Box 7509 Dammam 31472 Saudi Arabia Tel: 00966 138 47 31 00 Fax: 00966 138 47 17 34	d.
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: ndpic@sfda.gov.sa
1.4 Emergency telephone number	: 00966 138473100 extn 1001

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

 Product definition
 : Mixture

 Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

 Flam. Liq. 2, H225

 Skin Irrit. 2, H315

Carc. 2, H351 Repr. 2, H361fd STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.



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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Hazard statements Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not breathe vapour.
Response	: Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
	P280, P210, P260, P314, P403 + P233, P501
Supplemental label elements	: Contains N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(12-hydroxyoctadecan-1-amide). May produce an allergic reaction.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	<u>ients</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	<ul> <li>Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C/140F.</li> </ul>

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures Product/ingredient name	: Mixture	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
toluene	REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3 Index: 601-021-00-3	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1] [2]
1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-triamine	REACH #:	≥5.0 - <10	Carc. 2, H351 (oral)	-	[1]
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#### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients 01-2119485947-16 Repr. 2, H361f EC: 203-615-4 STOT RE 2, H373 CAS: 108-78-1 (urinary system) Index: 613-345-00-2 ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 butanone REACH #: [1] [2] 01-2119457290-43 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 EC: 201-159-0 STOT SE 3, H336 CAS: 78-93-3 EUH066 Index: 606-002-00-3 N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis REACH #: ≤0.30 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 [1] [2] (12-hydroxyoctadecan-01-2119978265-26 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 1-amide) EC: 204-613-6 CAS: 123-26-2 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

This mixture contains  $\geq$  1% of titanium dioxide. The Annex VI classification of titanium dioxide does not apply to this mixture according to Note 10.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

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Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	<u>ms</u>

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## SECTION 4: First aid measures

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

		English (GB) United Arab Emirates 4/16
5.3 Advice for firefighters Special precautions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
5.2 Special hazards arising	from	n the substance or mixture
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.

2020/878	o. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU)
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SECTION 5: Firefigh	ng measures
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathin apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to Europea standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
SECTION 6: Accider	I release measures
6.1 Personal precautions, pr	ective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and material fo	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternativel or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate wast disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth ar place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other<br/>sections: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.<br/>See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.<br/>See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
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2020/878 Code : 0000011552 STEELGUARD 851 WHITE	C) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 15 Date of issue/Date of revision : 16 December 2024
SECTION 7: Handli	ng and storage
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits	
toluene	Ministry of Labor (France, 9/2023) Repr 2. Absorbed through skin.
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 76.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 384 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
butanone	Ministry of Labor (France, 9/2023) Absorbed through skin.
	TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	STEL 15 minutes: 900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	STEL 15 minutes: 300 ppm.

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
toluene	Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A4.TWA 8 hours: 75 mg/m³.TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006)Absorbed through skin.TWA 8 hours: 188 mg/m³.TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) A4. Ototoxicant.TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
titanium dioxide	<ul> <li>Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A4.</li> <li>TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li> </ul>
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pentaerythritol	<ul> <li>ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) A3. TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles.</li> <li>Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning</li> </ul>
glass, oxide, chemicals	<ul> <li>Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) [synthetic vitreous fibers, continuous filament glass fibers] A4.</li> <li>STEL 15 minutes: 1 f/cm<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable fibers: length &gt; 5µm; aspect ratio &gt; 3:1, as determined by the membrane filter method at 400-450 X magnification (4-mm objective), using phase-contrast illumination.</li> <li>TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: measured as inhalable fraction of the aerosol.</li> <li>ACGIH TLV (United States) TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Total dust. TWA: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable.</li> </ul>
butanone	<ul> <li>TWA: 1. Form: Continuous filament glass fibres.</li> <li>TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (Inhalable). Form: Continuous filament glass fibres.</li> <li>Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016)</li> <li>STEL 15 minutes: 885 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>STEL 15 minutes: 300 ppm.</li> <li>TWA 8 hours: 590 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.</li> <li>Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006)</li> </ul>
Kaolin	STEL 15 minutes: 300 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 885 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 75 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality throshold limit
	<ul> <li>Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A4.</li> <li>TWA 8 hours: 2 ppm. Form: measured as respirable fraction of the aerosol.</li> <li>Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006)</li> <li>STEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm.</li> <li>TWA 8 hours: 238 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>STEL 15 minutes: 356 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.</li> <li>ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) A4.</li> <li>TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable fraction.</li> </ul>
N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	ACGIH TLV (United States) TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Total dust. TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Respirable.

Code         : 000001155215         Date of issue/Date of revision         : 16 December 2024           STEELGUARD 851 WHITE         DOL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021)         BEI: 0.3 mg/g creatinne, c-creas(]muine]. Sampling time: end of shift.           Bet:         DOL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021)         BEI: 0.02 mg/, tokene [in ukine]. Sampling time: end of shift.           butanone         DOL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021)         BEI: 2 mg/, methyl ethyl ketone [in ukine]. Sampling time: end of shift.           Bounded monitoring         : References should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guida for the assessment of exposure by inhalditon to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy). European Standard EN 4402 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of chemical agent philosity). European Standard EN 489 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the determination of heardbace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the measurement of chemical agent philosity). European Standard EN 4422 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the determination of heardbace assubstances will also be required.           8.2 Exposure controls         Appropriate controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control as also ared to keep gas, work or exposure bioxie limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.           Individual protection         : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation equipment.           Hygiene measures	Conforms to Regulation (EC) 2020/878	No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU)
toluene         DOL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021)           BEI: 0.3 mg/g creatinne, o-cresol (in urine). Sampling time: end of BEI: 0.02 mg/, toluene (in blood). Sampling time: prior to last shift of Workveck.           butanone         DOL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021)           BEI: 2 mg/, methyl entryl total, Sampling time: end of shift.           Poccedures         DOL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021)           BEI: 2 mg/, methyl ethyl ketone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.           Procedures         Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalaton to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy). European Standard EN 4692 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the aspectation and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure is of the inerdisonace of procedures for the assessment of exposure - Gondard EN 489 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance of the endison of hazardovs substances will also be required.           8.2 Exposure controls         Appropriate ongineering cortrols to keep worker exposure to athorne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering cortrols also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.           Hygiene measures         : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or eading, smoking and using the lavatory and athe end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentratione. Ensure that end on theworking period. Appropriate	Code : 000001155215	Date of issue/Date of revision: 16 December 2024
BEI: 0.3 mg/g creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: prior to last shift of workweek.         BEI: 0.02 mg/t, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: prior to last shift of workweek.         butanone       DOL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021)         BEI: 0.03 mg/t, toluene [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.         Poccedures       Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure of shift.         Recommended monitoring       : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 4492 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents). Foropean Standard EN 4492 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of chemical agents). Foropean Standard EN 4492 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         8.2 Exposure controls       Appropriate engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Individual protection       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation equipment.         Individual protection       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, amoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated Cothing. Wash ontaminated othing there are double wore a	STEELGUARD 851 WHITE	
BEI: 2 mg/l, methyl ethyl ketone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.         Recommended monitoring       : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhialitation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         8.2 Exposure controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls as need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Individual protection measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eyeface protection       : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be work at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this in occessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove man	toluene	BEI: 0.3 mg/g creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. BEI: 0.02 mg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: prior to last shift of workweek.
procedures       Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhaliation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy). European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents). European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the agents). Reference to national guidance documents for the methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         8.2 Exposure controls       Appropriate engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Individual protection measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eyeface protection       : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products be is recommended. The user must check that the iglove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are to be accurately selfment or class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the fine of any pore material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the product is the most appropriate	butanone	BEI: 2 mg/I, methyl ethyl ketone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of
Appropriate engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.Individual protection measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be 	•	Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination
controlsother engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.Individual protection measuresWash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing, Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection Skin protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worm at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of gloves: Recommended: butyl rubberBody protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk assessment.Individual this product.: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being 	8.2 Exposure controls	
Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection Skin protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.Gloves: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: Recommended: butyl rubberBody protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ginition from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standa		other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof
eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection Skin protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes accounding to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to Eur	Individual protection measur	<u>es</u>
Skin protectionHand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.Gloves: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: Recommended: butyl rubberBody protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.	Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 		: Chemical splash goggles.
Body protection       : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.	Hand protection	worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use,
<ul> <li>Body protection</li> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.</li> </ul>	Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.		Recommended: butyl rubber
English (GB) United Arab Emirates 8/16	Body protection	performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN
		English (GB) United Arab Emirates 8/16

Code <th::000001155215< th="">       Date of issue/Date of revision       : 16 December 2024         STEELGUARD 851 WHITE       Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.         Respiratory protection Environmental exposure controls       Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.</th::000001155215<>	Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878				
Other skin protection       Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.         Respiratory protection       :         Environmental exposure controls       :         Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment	Code : 000001155215	Date of issue/Date of revision : 16 December 2024			
<ul> <li>based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> <li>Respiratory protection Environmental exposure controls</li> <li>Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment</li> </ul>	STEELGUARD 851 WHITE				
<b>Environmental exposure</b> <b>controls</b> <b>:</b> Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment	Other skin protection	based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a			
controls they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment	Respiratory protection :				
		they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment			

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>								
Physical state	:	Liquid.						
Colour	:	White.						
Odour	:	Aromatic. [Strong]						
Odour threshold	:	Not available.						
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not determined.						
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	>37.78°C						
Flammability		Not determined. The	re are no	data ava	ailable on th	ne mixture	itself.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Not available.						
Flash point	4	Øosed cup: 6°C						
Auto-ignition temperature	4	Ingredient name		°C	°F		Method	
		butanone		404	759	.2		
Decomposition temperature	:	Stable under recomm	nended st	orage a	nd handling	condition:	s (see Sec	tion 7).
рН	1	Not applicable. insolu						
Viscosity	:	Dynamic (room temp Kinematic (room tem Kinematic (40°C): >2	perature)					
Viscosity	1	> 100 s (ISO 6mm)						
Solubility(ies)	1.1							
Media		Result						
		Result Not soluble						
Media	' :	Not soluble						
Media cold water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Not soluble Not applicable.	Vapor	ır Press	Sure at 20°(	C Vat	oour press	sure at 50°C
Media cold water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water		Not soluble	Vapou mm Hg	1	sure at 20°( Method	C Vap mm Hg	oour press	sure at 50°C
Media cold water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water		Not soluble Not applicable.		1	1	mm		1
Media cold water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not soluble Not applicable.	mm Hg	kPa	1	mm		1
Media cold water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water Vapour pressure	:	Not soluble Not applicable. Ingredient name butanone	mm Hg 78.7564	kPa 10.5 iive, but	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Media         cold water         Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water         Vapour pressure         Relative density	:	Not soluble Not applicable. Ingredient name butanone 1.35 The product itself is r	mm Hg 78.7564	kPa 10.5 ive, but ble.	Method the formati	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Media         cold water         Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water         Vapour pressure         Relative density         Explosive properties	:	Not soluble Not applicable. Ingredient name butanone 1.35 The product itself is r vapour or dust with a	mm Hg 78.7564	kPa 10.5 ive, but ble.	Method the formati	mm Hg	kPa	Method

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity				
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.			
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.			
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.			
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.			
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.			
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde. carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides			

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-
1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-triamine	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5190 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3161 mg/kg	-
butanone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5.11 mg/l	4 hours
(12-hydroxyoctadecan-1-amide)	mists		Ũ	
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-

<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Irritation/Corrosion	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitisation	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### **Carcinogenicity**

- **Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- **Reproductive toxicity**
- **Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
toluene	Category 2		-
1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-triamine	Category 2		urinary system

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Produ	ict/ingredient name	Result
toluene		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Information on likely routes of exposure	: Not available.	
Potential acute health ef	fects	
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous syste dizziness.	em (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous syste	em (CNS) depression.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting	to the skin.
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or o	critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the	e physical, chemical and toxicologica	<u>Il characteristics</u>
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations	the following:
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations	the following:
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include irritation redness dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations	the following:

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SECTION 11: Toxicol	0	jical information
Eye contact		Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
	<u>cts</u>	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	2
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
General	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutenenieitu		No known circuiticant officiate an exiting because

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Other information : Not available.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C/140F. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

#### **11.2 Information on other hazards**

#### **11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties**

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-triamine N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	Acute EC50 200 mg/l Acute EC50 29 to 43 mg/l	Daphnia Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	48 hours 72 hours
	Acute EC50 94 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

j				
Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	-	63 % - 28 days	-	-
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no	data available on the mixtu	re itself.	
Product/ingredient name		Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
toluene		-	-	Readily

toluene N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	-	-	Readily Readily	
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#### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
toluene 1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-triamine butanone N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	2.73 -1.22 0.3 >6	8.32 3.8 - -	Low Low Low High

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### **13.1 Waste treatment methods**

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : Yes.

### European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

English (GB)

**United Arab Emirates** 

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Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU)	
2020/878	
	-

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## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)		
Container	15 01 06	mixed packaging	
Special precautions	<ul> <li>This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care sh taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rins Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned the internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, drains and sewers.</li> </ul>		

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	11	11	П
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

ADR/RID	: None identified.
Tunnel code	: (D/E)
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
14.6 Special pre user	<b>Cautions for</b> : <b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk: Not applicable.according to IMOinstruments

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### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
Substance of equivalent concern for human health	melamine	Candidate	D(2022) 9120-DC	1/17/2023
Substance of equivalent concern for environment	melamine	Candidate	D(2022) 9120-DC	1/17/2023

Annex XVII - Restrictions	: Not applicable.
on the manufacture,	
placing on the market	
and use of contain	

and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

#### Other national and international regulations.

: Not applicable. **Explosive precursors** 

#### Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

- **15.2 Chemical safety**
- : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that	has changed from previously issued version.
Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number</li> </ul>
Full text of abbreviated H statements	<ul> <li>H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H351 Suspected of causing cancer.</li> <li>H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.</li> <li>H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.</li> <li>H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility.</li> <li>H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> <li>EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.</li> </ul>
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU)	
2020/878	

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SECTION 16: Other	· information	
	: Aquatic Chronic 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Carc. 2 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Repr. 2 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1B STOT RE 2 STOT SE 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
<u>History</u> Date of issue/ Date of	: 16 December 2024	
revision		
Date of previous issue	: 5 December 2024	
Prepared by	: EHS	

#### Version

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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