# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Safety Data Sheet according to GB/T 16483-2008 and GB/T 17519-2013



Date of issue/Date of revision 16 December 2024 Version 17.02

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification		
Product code	: 00230906	
Product name	: SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BLUE	
Product name	: SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BLUE	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.; Antifouling products	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	: PPG Coatings (Kunshan) Co., Ltd 53 Jinyang Road, Lujia Town, 215331 Kunshan City, Jiangsu Province, P.R. China Tel: 86 512 57678859 Fax: 86 512 57678857	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: 00 86 532 83889090	

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 and GB 30000-2013

#### Emergency overview

Liquid. Various

Aromatic.

Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

#### See Section 12 for environmental precautions.

Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BLUE

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
	<ul> <li>Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 5.1%</li> <li>Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 9.5%</li> <li>Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 21.4%</li> </ul>
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 8.3%
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Physical and chemical hazards	: Flammable liquid and vapor.
Health hazards	: Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.
Symptoms related to the pl	hysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate	: Not available.

: Not available.

effects

China Page: 3/16

# Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BLUE Section 2. Hazards identification

Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Environmental hazards	: Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

: Mixture

#### CAS number/other identifiers

Substance/mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
dícopper oxide	25 - <40	1317-39-1
rosin	10 - <25	8050-09-7
xylene isomers mixture	10 - <25	1330-20-7
zinc oxide	10 - <25	1314-13-2
5-methylhexan-2-one	1 - <10	110-12-3
Propane, 1-(ethenyloxy)-2-methyl-, polymer with chloroethene	1 - <10	25154-85-2
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	1 - <10	64359-81-5
ethylbenzene	1 - <10	100-41-4
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	1 - <10	14807-96-6
copper oxide	1 - <10	1317-38-0
copper	0.1 - <1	7440-50-8

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	sary first aid measures
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

# Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/e	ffects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>ets</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>toms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate mee	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides oxides of lead
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protecti	ve equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for con	tainment and cleaning up
Small anill	Stan look if without risk. Move containers from anill area. Llos anark proof tools and

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and<br/>explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.<br/>Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an<br/>appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal<br/>contractor.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occu	nationa	l exposure	limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
dícopper oxide	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) [Copper]
	PC-TWA 8 hours: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Cu). Form:
	fume.
rosin	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [resin
	acids] Skin sensitizer, Inhalation sensitizer.
	TWA 8 hours: 0.001 mg/m³ (as total Resin
	acids). Form: Inhalable fraction.
xylene	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) [Xylene]

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

		······································
		PC-TWA 8 hours: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
		PC-STEL 15 minutes: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
zinc oxide		GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)
		PC-TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
		PC-STEL 15 minutes: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
5-methylhexan-2-one		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
		TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 93 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
		STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
		STEL 15 minutes: 234 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
ethylbenzene		GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)
-		PC-TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
		PC-STEL 15 minutes: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
Talc , not containing asbestife	orm fibres	•
, 3		PC-TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: total
		dust.
		PC-TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form:
		respirable dust.
copper oxide		GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) [Copper]
coppor oxide		PC-TWA 8 hours: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Cu). Form
		fume.
copper		GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)
сорреі		PC-TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Cu). Form:
		dust.
		dust.
Performended monitoring	• Pofor	ance should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to
Recommended monitoring procedures	natior	ence should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to al guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous ances will also be required.
	nation subst : Use c ventil conta also r	al guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous ances will also be required. nly with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne minants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls eed to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive
procedures Appropriate engineering controls	nation subst : Use o ventil conta also r limits	al guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous ances will also be required. nly with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne minants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls eed to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
procedures Appropriate engineering	<ul> <li>Nation subst</li> <li>Use of ventil conta also r limits</li> <li>Emiss they of cases</li> </ul>	al guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous ances will also be required. Inly with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne minants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls eed to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. sions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure
procedures Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	<ul> <li>Nation subst</li> <li>Use of ventil conta also r limits</li> <li>Emiss they of cases equip</li> </ul>	al guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous ances will also be required. Inly with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne minants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control eed to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. sions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure omply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some , fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process ment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	<ul> <li>nation subst</li> <li>Use of ventil contal also r limits</li> <li>Emission they of cases equip</li> <li>Wash eating Approx Contal c</li></ul>	al guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous ances will also be required. Inly with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne minants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls eed to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. sions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure omply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some , fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process ment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
procedures Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	<ul> <li>nation subst</li> <li>Use of ventil conta also r limits</li> <li>Emise they of cases equip</li> <li>Wash eating Approx Conta show</li> </ul>	al guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous ances will also be required. Inly with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne minants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls eed to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. tions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure omply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some , fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process ment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
procedures Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	<ul> <li>nation subst</li> <li>Use of ventil conta also r limits</li> <li>Emise they of cases equip</li> <li>Wash eating Approx Conta show</li> </ul>	al guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous ances will also be required. Inly with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne minants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls eed to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. ions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure omply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some , fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process ment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BLUE

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance			
Physical state	Liquid.		
Color	: Various		
Odor	: Aromatic.		
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)		
Flash point	: Ølosed cup: 30°C (86°F)		
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	ive : Not available.		
Relative density	: 1.8		
Solubility(ies)	. Media Result		
oolubility(los)	cold water Not soluble		
Viscosity	<ul> <li>Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.</li> <li>Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.</li> <li>Kinematic (40°C): &gt;21 mm²/s</li> </ul>		

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BLUE

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dícopper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
	and mists		_	
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
rosin	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7600 mg/kg	-
xylene isomers mixture	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts	Rat	>5700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	and mists		C	
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
5-methylhexan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5657 mg/kg	-
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts	Rat	0.16 mg/l	4 hours
isothiazol-3-one	and mists		č	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.9 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	567 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
copper oxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
copper	LC50 Inhalation Dusts	Rat	>5.11 mg/l	4 hours
	and mists		Ŭ Ŭ	

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Vene isomers mixture	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

#### Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BLUE

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
5-methylhexan-2-one	-	-	Equivocal		Inhalation: 1250 ppm	

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effect	<u>2</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

# Section 11. Toxicological information

		<b>J</b>
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effect	cts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

General	<ul> <li>Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.</li> </ul>
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BLUE	1194.0	3040.9	53416.9	44.0	2.0
dicopper oxide	500	2500	N/A	N/A	3.34
rosin	7600	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene isomers mixture	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
zinc oxide	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
5-methylhexan-2-one	5657	8140	5000	11	1.5
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	567	1100	N/A	N/A	0.16
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
copper oxide	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

# Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 0.003 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
5-methylhexan-2-one	Acute LC50 159 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one	Acute EC50 267.368 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia pungens	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.318 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp.	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.0027 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 19.789 µg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Nitzschia pungens</i>	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.00056 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	97 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
copper	Acute LC50 810 ppb	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 8.1 µg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test Result			Dose		Inoculum
5-methylhexan-2-one ethylbenzene	OECD 301D -	67 % - Readily - 28 days 79 % - Readily - 10 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability	
ylene isomers mixture 5-methylhexan-2-one ethylbenzene			- -		Readily Readily Readily	/

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
vylene isomers mixture 5-methylhexan-2-one ethylbenzene	1.9 to 7.7 3.12 1.88 3.6	- 7.4 to 18.5 - 79.43	High Low Low Low

#### Mobility in soil

### Section 12. Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

#### Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

	China	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group		Ш	Ш	
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	dicopper oxide)	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

CN	: None identified.
UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq$ 5 L or $\leq$ 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BLUE

### Section 14. Transport information

**Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

China inventory (IECSC)	: All components are listed or exempted.
References	<ul> <li>Production Safety Law of the People's Republic of China Code of Occupational Disease Prevention of the People's Republic of China Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China Fire Control Law of the People's Republic of China Regulations on the Control over Safety of Dangerous Chemicals Occupational exposure limits for hazardous agents in the workplace chemical hazardous agents (GBZ2.1) General rule for classification and hazard communication of chemicals (GB13690) Safety data sheet for chemical products - Content and order of sections (GB/ T16483) Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheet for chemical products (GB/ T17519) General rule for preparation of precautionary label for chemicals (GB15258) Safety rules for classification, precautionary labeling and precautionary statements of chemicals (GB30000.2-29)</li> </ul>

# Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 16 December 2024
Date of previous issue	: 3/17/2023
Version	: 17.02
	EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway</li> <li>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor</li> <li>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals</li> <li>IATA = International Air Transport Association</li> <li>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient</li> <li>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)</li> <li>RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail</li> </ul>
	UN = United Nations
Indicates information th	at has changed from previously issued version

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

## Section 16. Other information

#### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.