SAFETY DATA SHEET



Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 16 December 2024

Version 13

Date of issue 16 December 2024

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	: SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BROWN
Product code	: 00146096
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Antifouling products
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 4 0% (area): 45 0% (dermal): 22 0% (inhelation)
	4.9% (oral), 15.9% (dermal), 23.6% (inhalation)

GHS label elements

Product code 00146096 Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BROWN

Hazard pictograms

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

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Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H302 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. H313 - May be harmful in contact with skin. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling. P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	:	 P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P301 + P312, P330 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P302 + P312 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P333 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P302 + P312 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P333 + P361 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	1	P405 - Store locked up.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Contains lead. Dried Film of This Paint May Be Harmful If Eaten or Chewed. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Exposure to lead dust and fumes adversely affects blood and blood forming tissues, kidneys, liver, the central/ peripheral nervous systems and male/female reproductive organs. Lead exposure causes adverse developmental effects including brain damage in children and unborn fetuses. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BROWN

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	
Product name	
Other means of	

: Mixture : SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BROWN

: Not applicable.

identification

Ingredient name % **CAS** number dicopper oxide 1317-39-1 ≥20 - ≤50 zinc oxide ≥10 - ≤15 1314-13-2 ≥10 - ≤14 8050-09-7 rosin xylene ≥5.0 - ≤10 1330-20-7 5-methylhexan-2-one ≥5.0 - ≤10 110-12-3 Propane, 1-(ethenyloxy)-2-methyl-, polymer with chloroethene ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 25154-85-2 Talc, not containing asbestiform fibres ≥1.0 - ≤4.9 14807-96-6 diiron trioxide ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 1309-37-1 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one ≥1.0 - ≤3.2 64359-81-5 ethylbenzene ≥1.0 - ≤3.0 100-41-4 carbon black ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 1333-86-4 ≥1.0 - ≤4.8 copper oxide 1317-38-0 lead monoxide < 0.10 1317-36-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health	<u>effects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
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Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Mexico Page: 3/15

SECTION 4: First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.
Specific treatments	The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides oxides of lead
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BROWN

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways,
	drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused
	environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions	for	safe	handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not apply on toys and other children's articles, furniture, or interior surfaces of any dwelling or facility which may be occupied or used by children. Do not apply on exterior surfaces of dwelling units, such as window sills, porches, stairs, or railings, to which children may be commonly exposed. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage,	1	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in
including any		accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store
incompatibilities		in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
dicopper oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	[copper fume]
	TWA 8 hours: 0.2 mg/m ³ . Form: Fume.
zinc oxide	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)
	TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable
	fraction.
	STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m ³ . Form:
	Respirable fraction.
rosin	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [resin
	acids] Skin sensitizer, Inhalation sensitizer.
	TWA 8 hours: 0.001 mg/m³ (as total Resin
vulana	acids). Form: Inhalable fraction. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)
xylene	[Xileno, mezcla]
	STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
5-methylhexan-2-one	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
Propane, 1-(ethenyloxy)-2-methyl-, polymer with chloroethene	None.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable
	fraction.
diiron trioxide	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable
	fraction.
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	None.
ethylbenzene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)
carbon black	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)
	TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable
	fraction.
copper oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	[copper fume]
	TWA 8 hours: 0.2 mg/m ³ . Form: Fume.
lead monoxide	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)
	[Plomo y compuestos inorgánicos]
	TWA 8 hours: 0.05 mg/m ³ (as Pb).

C = Ceiling Limit

Key to abbreviations

STEL = Short term exposure limit

Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BROWN

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necessary.

-		controls/personal protection
IPEL = Internal Permissible Exp	osure Lir	mit TLV = Threshold Limit Value TWA = Time Weighted Average
Consult local authorities fo	r acce	ptable exposure limits.
Recommended monitoring procedures	na	eference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to tional guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous bstances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	ve co als	se only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ntilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne ntaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls so need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive nits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	the ca	nissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure ey comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some ses, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process uipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	<u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	ea Ap Co co	ash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before ting, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. opropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. ontaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash ntaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety owers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection Skin protection	: Ch	nemical splash goggles and face shield.
Hand protection	be thi ch sh dif se	nemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates s is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, eck during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It ould be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be ferent for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of veral substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately timated.
Gloves	: bu	tyl rubber
Body protection	be be we	ersonal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task ing performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist fore handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, ear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static scharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	se	propriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be lected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be proved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	ha	espirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the zards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If orkers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use

appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	:	Liquid.	
Color	:	Brown.	
Odor	:	Aromatic.	
Odor threshold	:	Not available.	
Molecular weight	1	Not applicable.	
рН	1	Not applicable.	
Melting point	1	Not available.	
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 30°C (86°F)	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
Flammability	4	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.	
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.	
Vapor density	:	Not available.	
Relative density	:	1.92	
Density(lbs / gal)	:	16.02	
		Media	Result
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water	Not soluble
Solubility in water	:	Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	;	Not applicable.	
Viscosity	1	Dynamic (room temperatu Kinematic (room temperat Kinematic (40°C (104°F)):	ture): Not available.
% Solid. (w/w)	:	82.41	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BROWN

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/ oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

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Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
rosin	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7600 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
5-methylhexan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5657 mg/kg	-
diiron trioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.16 mg/l	4 hours
isothiazol-3-one				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.9 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	567 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
carbon black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
copper oxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation		
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-		
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: There are no data availa	ble on the mix	ture itself.				
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Sensitization							
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Mutagenicity							
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Carcinogenicity							
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data availa	ble on the mix	ture itself.				

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Classification			
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
xylene diiron trioxide ethylbenzene carbon black	- - -	3 3 2B 2B	- - -

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
5-methylhexan-2-one	-	-	Equivocal		Inhalation: 1250 ppm	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene		Category 2	-	hearing organs
Target organs	Contains material which ca	uses damade to	the following organ	s: brain

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Target organs
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Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
5-methylhexan-2-one	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact
- : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation

: Harmful if inhaled.

Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BROWN

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
<u> Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<u>iptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate et	ffects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Contains lead. Exposure to lead dust and fumes adversely affects blood and blood forming tissues, kidneys, liver, the central/peripheral nervous systems and male/female reproductive organs. Lead exposure causes adverse developmental effects including brain damage in children and unborn fetuses. Carbon black is utilized as a raw material in many liquid coating formulations. In this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of carbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/o engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon blacks contain trace quantities of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). PAHs are not expected to be released in biological fluids and are therefore not likely available for biological activity. Exposur to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>cts</u>	
General	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BROWN	1194.0	2623.1	54857.0	50.1	2.0
dicopper oxide	500	2500	N/A	N/A	3.34
zinc oxide	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
rosin	7600	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
5-methylhexan-2-one	5657	8140	5000	11	1.5
diiron trioxide	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	567	1100	N/A	N/A	0.16
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
copper oxide	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 0.003 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
	C C	Neonate	
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
5-methylhexan-2-one	Acute LC50 159 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
diiron trioxide	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one	Acute EC50 267.368 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia pungens	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.318 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp.	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.0027 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 19.789 µg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Nitzschia pungens</i>	96 hours
	<u> </u>	Mexico	Page: 12/

Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BROWN

SECTION 12: Ecological information

	Chronic NOEC 0.00056 mg/l Fresh	Fish	97 days
ethylbenzene	water Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	-

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
5-methylhexan-2-one ethylbenzene	OECD 301D -	67 % - Readily - 28 79 % - Readily - 10		-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	9	Photolysi	S	Biodegradability
xylene 5-methylhexan-2-one ethylbenzene	- -		- - -		Readily Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
rosin xylene 5-methylhexan-2-one	1.9 to 7.7 3.12 1.88	- 7.4 to 18.5 -	High Low Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) : Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly
	not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BROWN

SECTION 14: Transport information

	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(dicopper oxide)	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional info	ormation
Mexico	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Date of previous issue Organization that prepared the SDS	25/2024 S	
Key to abbreviations	A = International Air Transport Assoc = Intermediate Bulk Container)G = International Maritime Dangerou Pow = logarithm of the octanol/water	us Goods · partition coefficient the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.