# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **HI-TEMP 1027 HD HARDENER**



Date of issue 24 December 2024

Version 2.01

# 1. Product and company identification

Product name : HI-TEMP 1027 HD HARDENER

Product code : 00452506 Product type : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against : Not applicable.

Supplier's details : PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe

652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: 078 574 2777

## 2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 1

HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD -

Category 1

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms :









Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : Flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver,

respiratory organs, systemic toxicity)

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (blood system, central nervous system (CNS), hearing organs, nervous system, respiratory organs)

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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## 2. Hazards identification

#### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** 

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response

: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

**Storage** 

: Store locked up.

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

#### **CAS** number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.
CSCL number : Not available.

Ingredient name	%	<b>CAS</b> number	CSCL
barium diboron tetraoxide	15 - <20	13701-59-2	1-40; 9-2405
dimethyl carbonate	12.5 - <15	616-38-6	2-2853
zinc phosphate	10 - <12.5	7779-90-0	1-1181; 1-526
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom	7 - <10	64742-94-5	Not available.
Xylene	7 - <10	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60
Zinc oxide	5 - <7	1314-13-2	1-561
Ethyl Benzene	1 - <2	100-41-4	3-28; 3-60
1-Butanol	1 - <2	71-36-3	2-3049
2-ethylhexanoic acid, cerium salt	0.2 - < 0.5	24593-34-8	2-615
Crystalline silica (quartz)	<0.1	14808-60-7	1-548
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	<0.1	14808-60-7	1-548

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

## 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

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## 4. First aid measures

**Product name HI-TEMP 1027 HD HARDENER** 

**Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Ingestion

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin.

Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Ingestion

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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## 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

## Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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## 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe** handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only nonsparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
xylene	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023) OEL-M 8 hours: 50 ppm. OEL-M 8 hours: 217 mg/m³. Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020) [xylene] TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
ethylbenzene	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023) Absorbed through skin. OEL-M 8 hours: 20 ppm. OEL-M 8 hours: 87 mg/m³. Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020)
butan-1-ol	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.  Japan Society for Occupational Health

crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)

crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

(Japan, 5/2023) Absorbed through skin.

OEL-C: 50 ppm. OEL-C: 150 mg/m3.

Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,

6/2020)

TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm.

Japan Society for Occupational Health

(Japan, 5/2023) [Respirable crystalline

silica]

OEL-C: 0.03 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable dust. Japan Society for Occupational Health

(Japan, 5/2023) [Respirable crystalline

OEL-C: 0.03 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable dust.

procedures

Recommended monitoring: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**Appropriate engineering** controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye protection **Skin protection**  : Chemical splash goggles.

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Gloves** 

: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

May be used: nitrile rubber

Recommended: Chloroprene, butyl rubber, neoprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA),

Viton®

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity. wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

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## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.

Odor : Characteristic.

Boiling point : >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 24°C (75.2°F)

Relative density : 1.66

Solubility(ies) : Media Result

cold water Not soluble

## 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

**Incompatible materials**: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides phosphorus oxides Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides

## 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** 

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# 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
barium diboron tetraoxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	1.5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-
dimethyl carbonate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	140000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	12.9 g/kg	-
zinc phosphate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
heavy arom				
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Ethyl Benzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
1-Butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-

## **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

## **Sensitization**

Not available.

## **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

## **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

## **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

## **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Zinc oxide	Category 1	-	respiratory organs, systemic toxicity
Ethyl Benzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract

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# 11. Toxicological information

		irritation
	Category 3	Narcotic effects
1-Butanol	Category 3 -	Respiratory tract
		irritation
	Category 3	Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
zinc phosphate	Category 1	-	blood system
Xylene	Category 1	-	nervous system, respiratory organs
Ethyl Benzene	Category 1	-	hearing organs, nervous system
1-Butanol	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), hearing organs
Crystalline silica (quartz)	Category 1	-	immune system, kidneys, respiratory organs

## **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin.

Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

Ingestion : May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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## 11. Toxicological information

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

## Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or

repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

**Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

**Mutagenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity**: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
HI-TEMP 1027 HD HARDENER	10136.5	5071.9	N/A	126.7	8.8
barium diboron tetraoxide	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	1.5
dimethyl carbonate	12900	2500	N/A	140	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
Zinc oxide	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethyl Benzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A
1-Butanol	N/A	3400	N/A	24	N/A

## Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C ( 140F). Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

# 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

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# 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dimethyl carbonate	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc phosphate	Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l	Fish	30 days
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom	NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
Zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
Ethyl Benzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	_
1-Butanol	Acute LC50 1376 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-ethylhexanoic acid, cerium salt	Acute LC50 0.5 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours

## Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum				
Ethyl Benzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days		79 % - Readily - 10 days		79 % - Readily - 10 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis		Photolysis Biodegr		radability				
Xylene Ethyl Benzene	-		-		Readily Readily					

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
dimethyl carbonate	0.354	-	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	2.8 to 6.5	-	High
heavy arom			
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Ethyl Benzene	3.6	79.43	Low
1-Butanol	1	-	Low

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or

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## 13. Disposal considerations

liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(trizinc bis(orthophosphate))	Not applicable.

### **Additional information**

UN : None identified.

**IMDG**: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

**IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation

regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

# 15. Regulatory information

## Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

## Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name			
Boron compounds	17	Class 1	405
Trizinc bis(phosphate)	12	Class 2	793
Xylene	7.5	Class 1	80
Ethylbenzene	1.9	Class 1	53

## **Industrial Safety and Health Act**

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# 15. Regulatory information

## Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
ethyl benzene	≤10	Special Organic Solvents	3-3

### Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Barium and its water soluble compounds	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	449
Petroleum naphtha	≤10	Listed	330
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Zinc oxide	≤10	Listed	188
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Butanol	≤10	Listed	477
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2

#### **Chemicals requiring notification**

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Barium and its water soluble compounds	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	449
Petroleum naphtha	≤10	Listed	330
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Zinc oxide	≤10	Listed	188
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Butanol	≤10	Listed	477
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2

### Carcinogens based on Article 577-2 of the Ordinance on ISH

None of the components are listed.

#### **Mutagen**

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid : Not listed

Occupational Safety and : Inflammable

Health Law

· IIIIIaIIIIIIabie

Regulations on the

Regulations on the

: Not listed

**Prevention of Tetraalkyl** 

**Lead Poisoning** 

Harmful Substances : Not listed

**Subject to Obtaining** 

Permission for

Manufacturing

Harmful Substances, : Not listed

Prohibited for Manufacturing

**ISHL Enforcement Order** 

: Inflammable

**Appendix 1 - Dangerous** 

Substances

**Lead regulation** 

: Not listed : Class 2

Organic solvents poisoning prevention

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

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**Product name HI-TEMP 1027 HD HARDENER** 

# 15. Regulatory information

None of the components are listed.

## **Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)**

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Xylene	≤10	Priority assessment	125
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	50
1-Butanol	≤10	Priority assessment	124
Toluene	≤10	Priority assessment	46
alpha-Alkyl(C9-11)-omega-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) (It is limited that a number-average molecular weight of the polymer is less than 1,000.)	≤10	Priority assessment	188
Propane-1,2-diol	≤10	Priority assessment	106
Isopropyl alcohol	≤10	Priority assessment	102
2,2,4,4,6,6,6,8,8-Octamethyl- 1,3,5,7,2,4,6,8-tetraoxatetrasilocane	≤10	Monitoring	40
Benzene	≤10	Priority assessment	45
Naphthalene	≤10	Priority assessment	76
Cumene	≤10	Priority assessment	126

**High Pressure Gas Control**: Not available.

Law

#### **Explosives Control Law**

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Not available.

of pollution of the ocean

### **Maritime Safety Law**

### Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

#### **Container class**

None of the components are listed.

**JSOH Carcinogen** : Group 2B List of Specially Controlled : Not listed

**Industrial Waste** 

: All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory

**Road law** : Not available.

## 16. Other information

### **History**

Date of issue/Date of : 24 December 2024

revision

**Date of previous issue** : 10/18/2024

**Version** : 2.01 : EHS **Prepared by** 

Page: 14/15 **Japan** 

Product code 00452506

Date of issue 24 December 2024 Version 2.01

**Product name HI-TEMP 1027 HD HARDENER** 

## 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations

: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

Goods by Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Rail

**UN = United Nations** 

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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