SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2015.

Date of issue/Date of revision 3 January 2025 Version 3

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: 610 SL SELF-LEVELING EPOXY BEIGE - A	
Product code	: 00462541	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Industrial applications, Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Supplier	 PPG Architectural Coatings Canada, Inc. 1550, rue Ampère, bureau 500 Boucherville (Québec) J4B 7L4 Canada +1 450-655-3121 	
	PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272	
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)	
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762	

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the	: SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
substance or mixture	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1
	Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1
	This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen
	Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized
	as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are
	bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound
	particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the
	coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the
	duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal
	protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

Canada Page: 1/16

Version 3

Product name 610 SL SELF-LEVELING EPOXY BEIGE - A

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Section 2. Hazard identification

<u>GHS la</u>	abel	el	emer	<u>its</u>
Haza	rd p	oict	ogra	ms



Signal word Hazard statements	:	Danger Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child.
		Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	:	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	:	Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 67.5%

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Product name	: Mixture : 610 SL SELF-LEVELING EPOXY BEIGE - /	A
Other means of identification	: Not available.	

CAS number/other identifiers

Version 3

Product name 610 SL SELF-LEVELING EPOXY BEIGE - A

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

propane (4.1-phenyleneoxymethylene)bisoxirane; Oxirane, 2.2*.(1-methylethylidene)bis (4.1-phenyleneoxymethylene)bis: (4.1-phenyleneoxymethylene)bis: Bisphenol A diglydidyl ether; Bisphenol A, diglydidyl ether; BisPhenol A; (2.3-epoxypropoxy) phenyllpropane; 2.2-bis(4-(2.3-epoxypropoxy) phenyllpropane; 2.2-bis(4-(2.3-epoxypropoxy) phenyllpropane; 2.2-bis(4-(2.3-epoxypropoxy) phenyllpropane; 2.2-bis(2.3-epoxypropoxy) phenyllpropane; 2.2-bis(2.4) 10 - 30* barium sulfate Sulfuric acid, barium salt of sulfuric acid; Bartiez, Artificial bartie; barium sulfate; DIPHENYLOL PROPANE DIGLYCIDYL ETHER 10 - 30* 7. barium sulfate Sulfuric acid, barium salt of sulfuric acid; Bartiez, Artificial bartie; barium sulfate; natural; blanc fixe; C.1. 77120 10 - 30* 11. titanium dioxide Titanium oxide; Titanium oxide (TiO2); Cl 77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutile; Cl. Pigment White 6; Ittanium dioxide coated with isopropoxylitanium triisostearate, containing by weight 1,5 % or more but not more than 2,5 % of isopropoxylitanium triisostearate; glass flakes (CAS RN 18282-10-5); titanium dioxide (CAS RN 18282-10-5); titanium dioxide (CAS RN 18282-10-5); titanium dioxide (CAS RN 18282-10-5); titanium dioxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00; Cl. 77891; E 171; titanium(IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00; Cl. 77891; E 171; titanium(IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00; benzyl alcohol 3 - 7* 11 benzenemethanol; alpha- Hydroxytoluene; Phenylmethyl alcohol; bloucene; BeNZENECARBINOL; alpha- Hydroxytoluene; Phenylmethyl alcohol; bloucene; BENZENCARBINOL; alpha- Hydroxytoluene; Phenylmethyl	ent name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
Barytes; Barium salt of sulfuric acid; Barite; Artificial barite; barium sulfate; I. Pigment White 21; barium sulfate, natural; blanc fixe; C.I. 7712010 - 30*titanium dioxideTitanium oxide; Titanium oxide (TiO2); CI 77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutile; C.I. Pigment White 6; titanium dioxide coated with isopropoxyitanium triisostearate; containing by weight 1, 5 % or more but not more than 2, 5 % of isopropoxyitanium triisostearate; glass flakes (CAS RN 65997-17-3): — of a thickness of 0,3 µm or more but not more than 10 µm, and — coated with itanium dioxide (CAS RN 13636-67-7) or iron oxide (CAS RN 13636-67-7) or iron oxide (CAS RN 13628-10-5); titanium dioxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00; C.I. 77891; E 171; titanium(IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 003 - 7*10benzyl alcoholBenzenemethanol; .alpha Hydroxytoluene; Phenylmethyl alcohol; toluenol, alpha-; (hydroxymethyl)benzene; BENZENECARBINOL; alpha- Hydroxytoluene; Phenylmethyl alcohol; toluenol, alpha-; (hydroxymethyl)benzene; BENZENECARBINOL; alpha- Hydroxytoluene; Phenylmethyl alcohol; tetrahydro-2-furyl-methanol; tetrahydro-; 2-TETRAHYDROFURANK: Tetrahydro-3 - 7*91		(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane; Oxirane, 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis (4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis-; Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether; Bisphenol A, diglycidyl ether; Bis-[4-(2,3-epoxypropoxy) phenyl]propane; 2,2-bis[4- (2,3-epoxypropoxy)phenyl]propane; Propane, 2,2-bis(p-(2,3-epoxypropoxy) phenyl)-; diglycidyl ether of bisphenol-A; 2,2-bis(4-hydroxyphenyl) propane bis (2,3-epoxypropyl) ether; Araldite; DIPHENYLOL PROPANE DIGLYCIDYL	30 - 60*	1675-54-3
77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutile; C.I. Pigment White 6; titanium dioxide coated with isopropoxytitanium triisostearate, containing by weight 1,5 % or more but not more than 2,5 % of isopropoxytitanium triisostearate; glass flakes (CAS RN 65997-17-3): — of a thickness of 0,3 µm or more but not more than 10 µm, and — coated with titanium dioxide (CAS RN 13463-67-7) or iron oxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00; C.I. 77891; E 171; titanium(IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00; C.I. 77891; E 171; titanium(IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00 benzyl alcohol Benzenemethanol; .alpha Hydroxytoluene; Phenylcarbinol; Phenylmethanol; E 1519; a- hydroxytoluene; Phenylcarbinol; Phenylmethanol; E 1519; a- hydroxytoluene tetrahydro-2-furyl-methanol; alpha- Hydroxytoluene tetrahydro-2-furyl-methanol; tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol; 2-Furanmethanol, tetrahydro; 3 - 7* 9: tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol; 2-Furanmethanol, tetrahydro;		Barytes; Barium salt of sulfuric acid; Barite; Artificial barite; barium sulphate; C. I. Pigment White 21; barium sulfate,	10 - 30*	7727-43-7
Hydroxytoluene; Phenylcarbinol; Phenylmethanol; E 1519; α- hydroxytoluene; Phenylmethyl alcohol; toluenol, alpha-; (hydroxymethyl)benzene; BENZENECARBINOL; alpha- Hydroxytoluene3 - 7*91tetrahydro-2-furylmethanoltetrahydro-2-furyl-methanol; tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol; 2-Furanmethanol, tetrahydro-; 2-TETRAHYDROFURANMETHANOL; 2- (HYDROXYMETHYL) TETRAHYDROFURAN; Tetrahydro-3 - 7*91		77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutile; C.I. Pigment White 6; titanium dioxide coated with isopropoxytitanium triisostearate, containing by weight 1,5 % or more but not more than 2,5 % of isopropoxytitanium triisostearate; glass flakes (CAS RN 65997-17-3): — of a thickness of 0,3 μ m or more but not more than 10 μ m, and — coated with titanium dioxide (CAS RN 13463-67-7) or iron oxide (CAS RN 18282- 10-5); titanium dioxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00; C.I. 77891; E 171; titanium(IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206	10 - 30*	13463-67-7
tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol; 2-Furanmethanol, tetrahydro-; 2-TETRAHYDROFURANMETHANOL; 2- (HYDROXYMETHYL) TETRAHYDROFURAN; Tetrahydro-		Hydroxytoluene; Phenylcarbinol; Phenylmethanol; E 1519; α- hydroxytoluene; Phenylmethyl alcohol; toluenol, alpha-; (hydroxymethyl)benzene; BENZENECARBINOL; alpha-	3 - 7*	100-51-6
2-furanginethanol; THFA; Tetranydro- 2-furancarbinol; Tetrahydro- 2-furanmethanol; FURFURYL ALCOHOL,		tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol; 2-Furanmethanol, tetrahydro-; 2-TETRAHYDROFURANMETHANOL; 2- (HYDROXYMETHYL) TETRAHYDROFURAN; Tetrahydro- 2-furanylmethanol; THFA; Tetrahydro- 2-furancarbinol; Tetrahydro-	3 - 7*	97-99-4

Version 3

Product name 610 SL SELF-LEVELING EPOXY BEIGE - A

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	TETRAHYDRO-; 2-Hydroxymethyl oxolane		
xylene	Benzene, dimethyl-; Xylol; Benzene, dimethyl-, mixed isomers; xylene, mixed isomers, pure; xylene, crude; Benzene, dimethyl-,; Xylene (mixed); xylene (total); Xylenes; Dimethylbenzene; XYLENES (Isomer Mixture)	0.5 - 1.5*	1330-20-7
ethylbenzene	Benzene, ethyl-; Phenylethane; Ethylbenzol; photosensitive emulsion consisting of cyclized polyisoprene containing: — 55 % or more but not more than 75 % by weight of xylene (CAS RN 1330-20-7) and — 12 % or more but not more than 18 % by weight of ethylbenzene (CAS RN 100-41-4); EB; Mono-(or di-) methyl (ethyl,bromoallyl, bromopropyloxycarbonyl orchloropropyloxycarbonyl) benzene	0.1 - 1*	100-41-4
propylidynetrimethanol	1,3-Propanediol, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -; 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane; Propane, 1,1,1-tris(hydroxymethyl)-; trimethylolpropane; 2-ethyl- 2-hydroxymethylpropane-1,3-diol; 2-Ethyl- 2-hydroxymethyl-1,3-propanediol; 1,1,1-TRIS(HYDROXYMETHYL) PROPANE; Hexaglycerine; Hexaglycerol; 2-Ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol; Tris(hydroxymethyl) propane	0.1 - 1*	77-99-6

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	;	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Product name 610 SL SELF-LEVELING EPOXY BEIGE - A

Section 4. First-aid measures **Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Ingestion Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion **Over-exposure signs/symptoms** Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations : Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. **Specific treatments** : No specific treatment. **Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ctiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth,

vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Product name 610 SL SELF-LEVELING EPOXY BEIGE - A

Section 6. Accidental release measures

		been read and understood. Do not get in eyes of on skin of clothing. Do not ingest.
		Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	:	Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general	1	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
occupational hygiene		Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Exposure limits
None. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 8 hours: 10 mg/m ³ . CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023) TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable particulate matter CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023) TWAEV 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: inhalable dust. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013) STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m ³ .
CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 8 hours: 10 mg/m ³ . CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023) TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m ³ . Form: Total dust. TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m ³ . Form: respirable fraction.

Product name 610 SL SELF-LEVELING EPOXY BEIGE - A

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)
	TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m ³ .
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)
	TWAEV 8 hours: 10 mg/m ³ . Form: Total
	dust
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013)
	STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m ³ .
	TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m^3 .
	0
benzyl alcohol	IPEL (-)
	TWA: 5 ppm.
	STEL: 10 ppm.
tetrahydro-2-furylmethanol	None.
xylene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)
	[Dimethylbenzene]
	OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	OEL 15 minutes: 651 mg/m ³ .
	OEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	OEL 8 hours: 434 mg/m ³ .
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023) [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)]
	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)
	[Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)]
	STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)
	TWAEV 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	TWAEV 8 hours: 434 mg/m ³ .
	STEV 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	STEV 15 minutes: 651 mg/m ³ .
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013) [Xylene]
	STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
ethylbenzene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)
	OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	OEL 8 hours: 434 mg/m ³ .
	OEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m ³ .
	OEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)
	TWAEV 8 hours: 20 ppm.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013)
	STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
propylidynetrimethanol	None.
Prophilipping	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures	:	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	res	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	1	butyl rubber
Body protection	-	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Version 3

Product name 610 SL SELF-LEVELING EPOXY BEIGE - A

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	1	Beige.
Odor	:	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	1	Not applicable.
Melting point	1	Not available.
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 251.67°C (485°F) [Product does not sustain combustion.]
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Flammability	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	1.52
Density(Ibs / gal)	:	12.69
		Media Result
Solubility(ies)	•	cold water Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.
Viscosity	:	Øynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
% Solid. (w/w)	:	86.678

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

	Canada Page: 10/16
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Conditions to avoid	 When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	23000 mg/kg	-
phenyl]propane				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15000 mg/kg	-
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-
tetrahydro-2-furylmethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	19630 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.22 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10 g/kg	-
· · · · ·	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
pís-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	-
	Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	0.4	24 hours	-
	Skin - Edema	Rabbit	0.5	4 hours	-
	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	0.8	4 hours	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	4 hours	-
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
-				mg	

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Skin Eyes

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing
Skin Respiratory		ata available on the mixture itse ata available on the mixture itse	
Mutagenicity Conclusion/Summary	: There are no d	ata available on the mixture itse	lf.

Product name 610 SL SELF-LEVELING EPOXY BEIGE - A

Section 11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]	-	3	-
propane			
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
xylene	-	3	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	•••	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, brain.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, spleen, upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea, testes.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Inhalation	Causes serious eye irritation.No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact Ingestion	 Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Product name 610 SL SELF-LEVELING EPOXY BEIGE - A

Section 11. Toxicological information

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

<u>over-exposure signs/sympt</u>	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	-	There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product name 610 SL SELF-LEVELING EPOXY BEIGE - A

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
No known significant effects or critical hazards.May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
10 SL SELF-LEVELING EPOXY BEIGE - A	12565.2	6822.5	N/A	89.8	46.5
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	15000	23000	N/A	N/A	N/A
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzyl alcohol	1200	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
tetrahydro-2-furylmethanol	1600	1220	N/A	19.63	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
propylidynetrimethanol	14000	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - daphnia magna	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Read	dily - 10 days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic ha	alf-life	Photoly	ysis	Biodegradability
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane benzyl alcohol xylene	-		-		Not readily Readily Readily
ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily

Canada	Page: 14/16
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Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Bioaccumulative potential</u>			
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
penzyl alcohol	0.87	-	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	-	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

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Disposal methods
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: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

Section 14. Transport information

	TDG	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
	(bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane)	(bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane)	(bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane)
Transport hazard class (es)	9	9	9
Packing group	III	III	
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Marine pollutant substances	(bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane)	(bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane)	Not applicable.

Additional information

Product name 610 SL SELF-LEVELING EPOXY BEIGE - A

Section 14. Transport information

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TDG	: Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as dangerous goods when transported by road or rail.
IMDG	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.
ΙΑΤΑ	: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.
Special preca	utions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in b to IMO instrur	nents
Proof of class	ification : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous

Proof of classification: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of DangerousstatementGoods Regulations: 2.43-2.45 (Class 9), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).

Section 15. Regulatory information

National Inventory List

Canada inventory (DSL)

: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Date of issue/Date of revision	3 January 2025
Organization that prepared the SDS	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

<u>Disclaimer</u>

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.