# SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to GHS UN rev. 7

Date of issue/Date of revision 4 January 2025

Version 1.03

#### Section 1. Identification **Product code** : 000001103634 : SIGMARINE 49 BASE (TINTED) **Product name Product type** : Liquid. Other means of identification 0142112; 00142113; 00142114; 00142117; 00142118; 00142119; 00142958; 00192444; 00192449 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against **Product use** : Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying. **Uses advised against** : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use. **Company/undertaking** : PPG Industries Sales, Inc. and PPG Coatings (Philippines), Inc. identification 3rd Floor First Life Center 174 Salcedo St., Legaspi Village Makati City 1229, Philippines Tel # 00632- 752-6773/ Fax # 00632-752-6771 : CHEMTREC +(63) 2-395-3308 (CCN 17704) **Emergency telephone** number

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 51.2%</li> </ul>
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Combustible liquid.</li> <li>Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	:	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes.
Response	-	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical help. Get medical help if you feel unwell.
Storage	:	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	1	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hezerde which do not		Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skip and cause irritation

**Other hazards which do not** : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

result in classification

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

**CAS** number : Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	25 - <50	64742-48-9
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	1 - <3	64742-48-9
1-methoxy-2-propanol	1 - <3	107-98-2
calcium neodecanoate	1 - <3	27253-33-4
nonane	0.1 - <0.3	111-84-2
octane	0.1 - <0.3	111-65-9

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effect	<u>ts</u>	
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	4	May cause respiratory irritation.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures :	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.
Advice on general : occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental
	contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
titanium dioxide	TLV (Philippines, 4/2016)
	TLV 8 hours: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
1-methoxy-2-propanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 184 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
nonane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
octane	TLV (Philippines, 4/2016)
	TLV 8 hours: 2350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	TLV 8 hours: 500 ppm.
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [cobalt
	and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitizer,
	Inhalation sensitizer.
	TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Co).

Recommended monitoring	: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to
procedures	national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous
	substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	<ul> <li>Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process</li> </ul>

### equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before<br/>eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.<br/>Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.<br/>Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and<br/>safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Recommended: butyl rubber, nitrile rubber
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

Physical state Color		Liquid. Various				
Odor		Aromatic.				
Odor threshold	1	Not available.				
Melting point/freezing point	1	Not available.				
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)				
Flammability	:	Not available.				
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.				
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 62°C (143.6°F)				
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	
		Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	>230	>446		
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.				
рН	:	Not applicable.				

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FIGURE I MARINE	73 L								
Section 9. Physic	al	and chemica	al prop	ertie	s				
Viscosity	:	Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s							
O a hash ilifa (i a a)		Media	Re	sult					
Solubility(ies)		cold water	No	t solubl	e				
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.							
Vapor pressure	:		Vapo	r Press	ure at 20°C	Va	oor press	ure at 50°C	
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
		1-methoxy-2-propanol	8.5	1.1					
Relative density	:	1.07					•		
Relative vapor density	:	Not available.							
Particle characteristics									
Median particle size	1	Not applicable.							
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.							
Section 10. Stabil	ity	and reactivi	ity						
Reactivity	:	No specific test data	a related to	o reactiv	rity available fo	or this pro	oduct or it	s ingredients.	
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable	ne product is stable.						
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal condi	Inder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.						
Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to h products.	hen exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition oducts.						
Incompatible materials	:		eep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: idizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.						
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on condi materials: carbon o				may inclu	de the fo	llowing	

### Section 11. Toxicological information

occur.

#### Information on toxicological effects

Hazardous polymerization

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
, , ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
			Philippines	Page: 7/1

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

	U			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
nonane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	3200 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16790 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
octane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	25260 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	118000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available of	n the mixture itse	lf.	·
Irritation/Corrosion				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: There are no data available of	n the mixture itse	lf.	
Eyes	: There are no data available of	n the mixture itse	lf.	
Respiratory	: There are no data available of	n the mixture itse	lf.	
Sensitization				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: There are no data available of	n the mixture itse	lf.	
Respiratory	: There are no data available of	n the mixture itse	lf.	
<u>Mutagenicity</u>				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available of	n the mixture itse	lf.	
Carcinogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available of	n the mixture itse	lf.	
Reproductive toxicity				
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available of	n the mixture itse	lf.	
<b>Teratogenicity</b>				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available of	n the mixture itse	lf.	

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
nonane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
octane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
nonane octane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

**Philippines** 

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	1	May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	1	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effect	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	t <u>s</u>
Not available.	
General	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Other information

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### <u>Toxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
<b>J</b> 1 1	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
nonane	5.65	-	High
octane	5.18	-	High

#### <u>Mobility in soil</u>

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

- UN : None identified. IMDG : None identified.
- IATA : None identified.

**Special precautions for user** :**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4 January 2025
Date of previous issue	: 11/22/2024
Version	: 1.03
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

### Section 16. Other information

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4	On basis of test data
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract	Calculation method
irritation) - Category 3	
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3	Calculation method

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.