SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 15 January 2025 Version 3

Section 1. Identification	
Product name	: SIGMARINE YACHTLAK (TINTED)
Product code	: 000001201302
Other means of identification	: 00195335; 00195951
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 21.8% (oral), 21.8% (dermal), 51.2% (inhalation)
	This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).
GHS label elements	

United States

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Product name SIGMARINE YACHTLAK (TINTED)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Combustible liquid. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. DANGER - RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE SOAKED WITH THIS PRODUCT MAY SPONTANEOUSLY CATCH FIRE IF IMPROPERLY DISCARDED. IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH USE, PLACE RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE IN A SEALED WATER-FILLED METAL CONTAINER.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	Mixture	
Product name	SIGMARINE YACHTLA	K (TINTED)
Other means of identification	00195335; 00195951	

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	≥20 - ≤50	64742-48-9
titanium dioxide	≥10 - ≤20	13463-67-7
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	64742-48-9
1-methoxy-2-propanol	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	107-98-2
calcium neodecanoate	≥1.0 - <3.0	27253-33-4
carbon black	≤1.0	1333-86-4
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	<1.0	27253-31-2

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important sympt	oms/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute healt	<u>n effects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs	/symptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing

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Section 4. First aid measures

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking
blistering may occur
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
: No specific treatment.
: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
personnel		Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible.

absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Product name SIGMARINE YACHTLAK (TINTED)

Section 7. Handling and storage

Special precautions	: Ingestion of product or cured coating may be harmful. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	None.
itanium dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m ³ . Form: respirable
	fraction, finescale particles.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
	TWA 8 hours: 15 mg/m ³ . Form: Total dust.
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	None.
I-methoxy-2-propanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 184 mg/m ³ .
	STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 369 mg/m ³ .
calcium neodecanoate	None.
carbon black	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable
	fraction.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
	TWA 8 hours: 3.5 mg/m ³ .
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt			ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [cobalt and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitizer , Inhalation sensitizer. TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m ³ (as Co).			
	Key to abbreviations					
Α	 Acceptable Maximum Peak 	S	 Potential skin absorption 			
ACGIH	 American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. 	SR	= Respiratory sensitization			
С	= Ceiling Limit	SS	= Skin sensitization			
F	= Fume	STEL	 Short term Exposure limit values 			
IPEL	 Internal Permissible Exposure Limit 	TD	= Total dust			
OSHA	 Occupational Safety and Health Administration. 	TLV	= Threshold Limit Value			
R	= Respirable	TWA	= Time Weighted Average			
Z	= OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances		- 0			

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures		Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas,

vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
 Environmental exposure controls
 Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment

will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	1	Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Skin protection		
		Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	-	For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: Recommended: butyl rubber, nitrile rubber
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Product name SIGMARINE YACHTLAK (TINTED)

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance						
Physical state	Liquid.					
Color	Various					
Odor	Characteristic.					
Odor threshold	Not available.					
рН	Not applicable.					
Melting point	Not available.					
Boiling point	>37.78°C (>100°F)	°F)				
Flash point	Closed cup: 62°C (143.6°F)					
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.					
Decomposition temperature	Not available.					
Flammability	Not available.					
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Not available.					
Evaporation rate	Not available.					
Vapor pressure	Not available.					
Vapor density	Not available.					
Relative density	1.07					
Density(lbs / gal)	8.93					
	Media Result					
Solubility(ies)	cold water Not soluble					
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not applicable.					
Viscosity	Øynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)					
% Solid. (w/w)	67.209					

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
< 2% aromatics		Det		
1	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
carbon black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	1098 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- Respiratory
- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- **Sensitization**

Skin

Product name SIGMARINE YACHTLAK (TINTED)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name Route of exposure			Species		Result	
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	ecanoic acid, cobalt salt skin		Mouse		Sensitizing	
Conclusion/Summary	1	1				
Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Respiratory	: There are	e no data	available on the m	xture itself.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>						
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	e no data	available on the m	xture itself.		
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>						
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	e no data	available on the m	xture itself.		
<u>Classification</u>			I			
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP			
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-			
carbon black neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	-	2B 2B	- Reasonably anti	cinated to be	a human carci	noden
Carcinogen Classification		20				nogen.
eratogenicity	There are	no data	available on the mix available on the mix			
Name			Categor	r R	oute of	Target organs
				e>	cposure	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotrea	ated heavy		Category	3 -		Respiratory tract
1-methoxy-2-propanol			Category	3 -		irritation Narcotic effects
Specific target organ toxicity	(repeated e	xposure		<u> </u>		
Name		-	→ Categor	r R	oute of	Target organs
					posure	
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt			Category	1 or	al	gastrointestinal tract
Target organs	system (C Contains r	NS). naterial	which causes dama which may cause da respiratory tract, ski	amage to the	following orgai	brain, central nervous ns: kidneys, lungs,

Aspiration hazard

Product name SIGMARINE YACHTLAK (TINTED)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Result						
Naphtha (petroleum), hy Hydrocarbons, C10-C13	/drotreated heavy a, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category						
Information on the likely	routes of exposure						
Potential acute health e	effects						
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.						
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.						
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.						
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Over-exposure signs/s	<u>ymptoms</u>						
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness						
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing						
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur						
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains						
Delaved and immediate	effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure						
Conclusion/Summary		assification. mulation. In ntial for with a brush be harmful propriate . Exposure to nal exposure respiratory ous system. ness, ause some ce that loud noise e. If . Ingestion known, m short-term					

Section 11. Toxicological information

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
General	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
✓methoxy-2-propanol	5200		N/A	N/A	N/A
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	1098		N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Manium dioxide 1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 23300 mg/l Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Daphnia Fish	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	-	-
Transport hazard class (es)	Combustible liquid.	-	-
Packing group	Ш	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs)	3 9902.5	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	(benzene)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

DOT : Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity.

IMDG : None identified.

IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

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Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

SARA 302/304

SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification

 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 HNOC - Defatting irritant

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Naphtha (petroleum),	≥20 - ≤50	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
hydrotreated heavy		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
titanium dioxide	≥10 - ≤20	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2% aromatics		HNOC - Defatting irritant
1-methoxy-2-propanol	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
calcium neodecanoate	≥1.0 - <3.0	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
carbon black	≤1.0	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	<1.0	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 1

<u>SARA 313</u>

Chemical name

: neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

CAS number Concer 27253-31-2 0.1 - 1

Concentration 0.1 - 1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

California Prop. 65

Supplier notification

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Product name SIGMARINE YACHTLAK (TINTED)

Section 15. Regulatory information

MARNING: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Section 16. Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Date of previous issue Organization that prepared the SDS		9/3/2024 EHS
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

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