SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 15 January 2025

Version 9.04

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

- : SIGMADUR 550 BASE BUFF 3142
- : 00249559
- : Not available.
- : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason	
Not applicable.		

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	 PPG Industries Colombia Ltda Calle 51 # 40-13 Municipio de Itagüí Antioquia, Colombia (57) (4) 3787400 (Porteria)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Colombia: 01 8000 916012 (CISPROQUIM) + 571 288 6012 (CISPROQUIM) Ecuador: 1800-59-3005 (CISPROQUIM) Peru: 080-050-847 (CISPROQUIM)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
Substance of mixture	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

Section 2. Hazards identification		
Target organs	 Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS). Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea. 	
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 59.3%	
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 50.4%	
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Danger	
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful if inhaled. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. 	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.	
Response	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.	
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.	
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.	

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl	20 - <30	37237-99-3
2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono(2-methyl-		
2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid		
barium sulfate	15 - <20	7727-43-7
titanium dioxide	12.5 - <15	13463-67-7
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	7 - <10	14807-96-6
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	7 - <10	64742-95-6
ethylbenzene	5 - <7	100-41-4
n-butyl acetate	5 - <7	123-86-4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5 - <7	95-63-6
xylene	3 - <5	1330-20-7
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.2 - <0.5	41556-26-7
cumene	0.1 - <0.2	98-82-8
propylidynetrimethanol	0.1 - <0.2	77-99-6

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary fire	<u>st aid measures</u>
Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

English (US)

Colombia

Code	00249559		Date of issue	15 January 2025	Version	9.04
Product nam	e	SIGMADUR 550 BASE BUFF 3142				

Section 4. First aid measures

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and mater	rials for containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
parium sulfate		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
		TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable
		fraction.
titanium dioxide		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
		TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m ³ . Form: respirable
		fraction, finescale particles.
Talc , not containing asbestif	orm fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
		TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable
		fraction.
ethylbenzene		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
		Ototoxicant.
		TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
n-butyl acetate		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [Butyl
		acetates]
		STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
		TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.
xylene		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [p-
		xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene]
		Ototoxicant.
		TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
Recommended monitoring procedures Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	 national guidance documents for substances will also be required. Use only with adequate ventilation ventilation or other engineering of contaminants below any recomm also need to keep gas, vapor or of limits. Use explosion-proof ventil Emissions from ventilation or wor they comply with the requirement cases, fume scrubbers, filters or 	n. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ontrols to keep worker exposure to airborne rended or statutory limits. The engineering controls dust concentrations below any lower explosive
ndividual protection measur		
Hygiene measures	before eating, smoking and using Appropriate techniques should be Contaminated work clothing shou	thoroughly after handling chemical products, g the lavatory and at the end of the working period. e used to remove potentially contaminated clothing uld not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash using. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety tion location.
Eye protection <u>Skin protection</u>	: Chemical splash goggles.	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection Other skin protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be
	approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

<u>Appearance</u>					
Physical state	:	Liquid.			
Color	1	Not available.			
Odor	1	Not available.			
рН	1	Not applicable.			
Melting point	1	Not available.			
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)			
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 31°C (87.8°F)		
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.			
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.			
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.			
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.			
Vapor density	:	Not available.			
Relative density	:	1.37			
Solubility(ies)		Media	Result		
Colubility (100)		cold water	Not soluble		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.			
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.			
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.			

English (US)

Colombia

Product name SIGMAD	JR 550 BASE BUFF 3142		

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Viscosity	: 🗗 ynamic (room temperature): Not available.
	Kinematic (room temperature): >400 mm ² /s (>400 cSt)
	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

	5
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono (2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
light aromatic				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
		English (US)	Colombia	8/15

ode 00249559 roduct name SIGMADUR	8 550 BASE BU		ate of issue		15 Janua	ary 202	:5	/ers	ion 9.04
Section 11. Toxico	ological	infor	matio	n					
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate	LD50 Oral	LD50 Oral			3.12		5 g/kg	-	
propylidynetrimethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal		Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit	12.3 226		9000 mg/m ³ 4 2.3 g/kg - 260 mg/kg - 0 g/kg -		hours	
	LD50 Oral			Rat	14000 mg/kg		0 mg/kg	-	
Conclusion/Summary rritation/Corrosion	: There ar	e no data	available	on the mixtu	ure itself	f.			
Product/ingredient name	Result		Sp	ecies	Score		Exposure		Observation
xylene	Skin - Mode	erate irrita	ant Ra	abbit	-		24 hours 5 mg	00	-
Conclusion/Summary	•		•						
Skin	: There ar	e no data	available	on the mixtu	ure itself	f.			
Eyes				on the mixtu					
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.								
Sensitization	1								
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	S	Decies			Result			
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono (2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid	skin		ouse			Sens	itizing		
Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory Mutagenicity Not available.				on the mixtu on the mixtu					
Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity Not available.	: There ar	e no data	available	on the mixtu	ure itself	f.			
Conclusion/Summary <u>Classification</u>	: There ar	e no data	available	on the mixtu	ure itself	f.			
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP						
Intanium dioxide ethylbenzene xylene cumene titanium dioxide (<10 microns)	- - - - -	2B 2B 3 2B 2B	- - - Reason -	ably anticipa	ated to b	be a h	uman carci	nog	en.

Date of issue

9.04

Section 11. Toxicological information

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
cumene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
cumene	Category 2		-

Target organs

 Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).
 Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

English (US) Colombia

Code 00249559 Product name	Date of issue SIGMADUR 550 BASE BUFF 3142	15 January 2025	Version	9.04
Section 11.	Toxicological information			
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or o	critical hazards.		
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.			
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting	to the skin. May cause an	allergic skin re	eaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or o	critical hazards.		
	to the physical, chemical and toxicological			
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include pain or irritation watering redness	the following:		
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	the following:		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	the following:		
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths	the following:		

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

skeletal malformations

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>	

English (US)

Section 11. Toxicological information

There are no data available on the mixture itself.
There are no data available on the mixture itself.
There are no data available on the mixture itself.
There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>ts</u>
Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GMADUR 550 BASE BUFF 3142	26980.9	5390.1	N/A	41.1	4.0
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
cumene	2260	12300	N/A	39	N/A
propylidynetrimethanol	14000	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Manium dioxide Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish	48 hours 96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	-
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

English (US)	Colombia	12/15

Section 12. Ecological information

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene n-butyl acetate	- TEPA and OECD 301D		dily - 10 days dily - 28 days			-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
ethylbenzene n-butyl acetate xylene	- - -		- -		Readily Readily Readily	/

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
cumene	3.55	35.48	Low
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	-	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

9.04

Code	00249559		Date of issue	15 January 2025	Version	9.04
Product nam	ie	SIGMADUR 550 BASE BUFF 3142				

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group		III		
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.
Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and	1	No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product
environmental regulations		(including its ingredients).
specific for the product		

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of previous issue	:	5/8/2024
Version	:	9.04
		EHS

Code	00249559)	Date of issue	15 January 2025	Version	9.04
Product nan	ne	SIGMADUR 550 BASE BUFF 3142				

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
	UN = United Nations
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.