SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to GHS UN rev. 7

Date of issue/Date of revision 15 January 2025 Version 1.02

Section 1. Identification

Product code	: 00276301
Product name	: SIGMADUR 520 BASE RAL 5017
CAS number	: Not applicable.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification Not available.	on
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
Supplier's information	: PPG Asian Paints Private Limited 6A Shanti Nagar Santa Cruz (East) Mumbai - 400055 India
Emergency telephone number:	: +91 22 6815 8700

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 15.8% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 66.5% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 61.5%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical help. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water. IF ON SKIN: Get medical help. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical help. Get medical help if you feel unwell.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. **result in classification**

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
p arium sulfate	25 - <50	7727-43-7
2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer	20 - <25	9003-01-4
xylene	10 - <20	1330-20-7
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	10 - <20	14807-96-6
ethylbenzene	5 - <10	100-41-4
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	5 - <10	108-65-6
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	3 - <5	64742-95-6
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - <3	95-63-6
Octadecanamide, N,N'-1,6-hexanediylbis[12-hydroxy-	0.3 - <1	55349-01-4
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.3 - <1	41556-26-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/e	ffec	cts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	ts	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	ton	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	1	No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	lica	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments Protection of first-aiders		No specific treatment. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Specific hazards arising	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
from the chemical	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and material for cont	tainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Product code 00276301 Product name SIGMADUR 520 BASE RAL 5017

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
parium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable
	fraction.
xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [p-
	xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene]
	Ototoxicant.
Tale not containing achastiform fibros	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable
	fraction.
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	Ototoxicant.
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.

procedures

Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	ures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

AppearancePhysical state
Colour: Liquid.
: Not available.Odour: Characteristic.Odour threshold: Characteristic.Melting point/freezing point: Not available.

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	and chemica	l prop	erties	S				
:	>37.78°C (>100°F)							
:	Not available.	Not available.						
:	Not available.	lot available.						
:	Closed cup: 28°C (82	Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F)						
:	Ingredient name		°C		°F		Method	
	Solvent naphtha (petroleu aromatic	um), light	280 to 4	70	536 to 8	78		
:	Not available.							
:	Not applicable.							
:	Kinematic (room tem	perature):						
	Media	Res	ult					
•	cold water	Not	soluble					
:	Not applicable.							
:		Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vap	Vapour pressure at 50°C		
I	Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Met	hod	mm Hg	kPa	Method
	et hylbenzene	9.30076	1.2					
:	1.39	• •		4		1		1
:	Not available.							
:	Not applicable.							
:	Not available.							
ty	and reactivit	ty						
:	No specific test data	related to	reactivit	y avai	ilable for	this pr	oduct or it	s ingredients
:	The product is stable							
:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.							
:	When exposed to hig products.	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.						
	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.							
ľ				acids.				
	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	 : >37.78°C (>100°F) : Not available. : Not available. : Closed cup: 28°C (82 : Ingredient name Solvent naphtha (petroleat aromatic : Not available. : Not applicable. : Øynamic (room temp Kinematic (room temp Kinematic (40°C): >2 : Media cold water : Not applicable. : Ingredient name @ffylbenzene : 1.39 : Not available. : Not specific test data : The product is stable : Under normal conditi : When exposed to hig products. 	 : >37.78°C (>100°F) : Not available. : Not available. : Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F) : Ingredient name Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic : Not available. : Not available. : Not applicable. : Dynamic (room temperature): N Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s : Media Ress cold water Not : Not applicable. : Not available. : Not applicable. : Not available. : Under normal conditions of stor : When exposed to high temperations of stor 	 >37.78°C (>100°F) Not available. Not available. Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F) Ingredient name °C Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light 280 to 4 Not available. Not available. Not applicable. Dynamic (room temperature): Not avail Kinematic (10°C): >21 mm²/s Media Result cold water Not soluble Not applicable. Not applicable. Ingredient name mHg kPa Ingredient name 9.30076 1.2 1.39 Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Ingredient name normal conditions of storage and When exposed to high temperatures mproducts. 	 Not available. Not available. Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F) Ingredient name °C Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light 280 to 470 Not available. Not available. Not applicable. Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s Media Result cold water Not soluble Not applicable. Ingredient name mm Hg kPa Meti pflytbenzene 9.30076 1.2 1.39 Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Ingredient name mm Hg kPa Meti pflytbenzene 9.30076 1.2 1.39 Not available. Not available. Not available. Ingredient name in Hg kPa in the soluble Ingredient name in the soluble Ingredient n	 >37.78°C (>100°F) Not available. Not available. Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F) Ingredient name °C °F Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light 280 to 470 536 to 8 aromatic Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Øynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s Media Result cold water Not soluble Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. Ingredient name 9.30076 1.2 1.39 Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Ingredient name 9.30076 1.2 	 >37.78°C (>100°F) Not available. Not available. Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F) Ingredient name °C °F Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light 280 to 470 536 to 878 aromatic aromatic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s Media Result cold water Not soluble Not applicable. Mot applicable. Ingredient name 9.30076 1.2 Vap Ingredient name 9.30076 1.2 Immetry Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Ingredient name 9.30076 1.2 Immetry Not available. Not available. Not available. Ingredient name Immetry Ingredient nametry Ingredient nametry Ingredi	 S37.78°C (>100°F) Not available. Not available. Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F) Ingredient name °C °F Method Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light 280 to 470 536 to 878 aromatic Not available. Not available. Ørnamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (d0°C): >21 mm²/s Media Result cold water Not soluble Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. Ingredient name mHg kPa Method mm kPa Fflylbenzene 9:30076 1.2 in a soluble I.39 Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Ingredient name mHg kPa Method mm kPa Fflylbenzene 9:30076 1.2 in a soluble Ingredient name mHg kPa Method mm kPa Fflylbenzene 9:30076 1.2 in a soluble Ingredient name mHg kPa Method mm kPa Ingredient name mHg kPa Method mm hg kPa Ingredient name mHg kPa Method mm hg kPa <

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
parium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2-Propenoic acid,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3 g/kg	-
homopolymer				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2500 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
acetate				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
light aromatic				
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
4-piperidyl) sebacate				

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
x ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary		·			
Skin	: There are no data avai	lable on the mi	xture itself.		
Eyes	: There are no data avai	lable on the mi	xture itself.		
Respiratory <u>Sensitisation</u>	: There are no data avail	lable on the mi	xture itself.		
Conclusion/Summary Skin	: There are no data avail	lable on the mi	xture itself.		
Respiratory	: There are no data avail	lable on the mi	xture itself.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data avail	lable on the mi	xture itself.		
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data avail	lable on the mi	xture itself.		
Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data avail	lable on the mi	xture itself.		
Teratogenicity	. There are no data avail	lable on the	vture ite elf		
Conclusion/Summary Specific target organ toxici	: There are no data avail ty (single exposure)	iadie on the mi	xture itseit.		

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects	2	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	<u>si</u>	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	:ts	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.

irritation, cracking and/

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
Potential chronic health eff		
Not available.		
General	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur whe subsequently exposed to very low levels.	
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Øral	6780.98 mg/kg
Dermal	3008.57 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	18.92 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	2.25 mg/l

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours -
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days 83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

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Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
₩ylene ethylbenzene 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate			Readily Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
x ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

India

Product code	00276301
Product name	SIGMADUR 520 BASE RAL 5017

Section 14. Transport information

Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	
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Additional information

UN : None identified.

IMDG : None identified.

IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user :Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 15 January 2025
Date of previous issue	: 3/5/2024
Version	: 1.02
Prepared by	: EHS
key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

Section 16. Other information

SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

Calculation method

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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India

Calculation method