SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue	15 January 2025
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Version 6

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

- : AMERCOAT 450 E RESIN WINDOW GREY
- : 00280777
- : Not available.
- : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason	
Not applicable.		

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	 PPG Industries Colombia Ltda Calle 51 # 40-13 Municipio de Itagüí Antioquia, Colombia (57) (4) 3787400 (Porteria)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Colombia: 01 8000 916012 (CISPROQUIM) + 571 288 6012 (CISPROQUIM) Ecuador: 1800-59-3005 (CISPROQUIM) Peru: 080-050-847 (CISPROQUIM)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 3
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

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Section 2. Hazards	s identification
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, skin. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 51%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Fammable liquid and vapor. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Detain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Frolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers		
CAS number	:	Not applicable.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
parium sulfate	20 - <30	7727-43-7
titanium dioxide	15 - <20	13463-67-7
n-butyl acetate	10 - <12.5	123-86-4
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	10 - <12.5	108-65-6
xylene	5 - <7	1330-20-7
reaction mass of:N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(hexanamide);12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxyhexyl)amino]ethyl]octadecanamide;N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide)	1 - <2	SUB102035
Defoamer	1 - <2	SUB100145
ethylbenzene	1 - <2	100-41-4
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.2 - <0.5	41556-26-7
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	0.2 - <0.5	14808-60-7
maleic anhydride	0 - <0.1	108-31-6

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate med	lica	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	1	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large
Specific treatments		quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
		No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	- :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	:	Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	- 1	\mathcal{C} an cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Fammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, prote	ctiv	ve equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	-	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for c	on	tainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Section 6. Accie	dental release measures
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
Section 7. Hand	lling and storage
Precautions for safe handling	: Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest.

	Avoid breathing vapor of mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
for safe storage,	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
▶arium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable fraction.
titanium dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m ³ . Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles.
n-butyl acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [Butyl
	acetates]
	STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
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xylene		controls/personal pro	-			
reaction mass of:N,N'-ethane	ctade	liylbis(hexanamide);12-hydroxy-N- canamide;N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis	xylene and Ototoxican TWA 8 ho ACGIH TL' TWA: 10 TWA: 3 m	d mixtures t. ours: 20 pp V (United mg/m ³ . For ng/m ³ . For V (United t.	States) hrm: Total dust m: Respirable States, 7/202	p-xylene]
Recommended monitoring procedures	na	eference should be made to approp ational guidance documents for me abstances will also be required.				
Appropriate engineering controls	ve co al	se only with adequate ventilation. I entilation or other engineering contront ontaminants below any recommence so need to keep gas, vapor or dust nits. Use explosion-proof ventilation	ols to keep w led or statuto concentratio	orker expo ry limits. 1 ns below a	osure to airboi The engineerir	rne 1g control
Environmental exposure controls	th ca	missions from ventilation or work p ey comply with the requirements of uses, fume scrubbers, filters or eng quipment will be necessary to reduc	f environment	al protecti ifications t	on legislation. the process	In some
ndividual protection measur	<u>es</u>					
Hygiene measures	be A C co	ash hands, forearms and face tho offore eating, smoking and using the opropriate techniques should be us ontaminated work clothing should r ontaminated clothing before reusing owers are close to the workstation	e lavatory and ed to remove not be allowed g. Ensure that	l at the en potentiall d out of the	d of the workir y contaminate e workplace.	ng period d clothing Wash
Eye protection Skin protection	: Sa	afety glasses with side shields.				
Hand protection	be th cł sł	nemical-resistant, impervious glove e worn at all times when handling c is is necessary. Considering the pa neck during use that the gloves are hould be noted that the time to breat fferent for different glove manufact	hemical prod arameters sp still retaining akthrough for	ucts if a ris ecified by their prote any glove case of m	sk assessmen the glove mar ective propertion material may ixtures, consis	t indicate nufacturen es. It be sting of
	se	everal substances, the protection tin stimated.	me of the glov	/es canno	t be accurately	y
Gloves	se es : bu	ityl rubber	-			
Gloves Body protection	se es : bu : Po be be w	stimated. Ityl rubber ersonal protective equipment for the eing performed and the risks involve fore handling this product. When ear anti-static protective clothing. F	e body should ed and should there is a risk For the greate	d be select d be appro c of ignitior est protecti	ted based on t oved by a spec n from static el ion from static	the task cialist lectricity,
	se es : bu : Pe be be di di : A	stimated. Ityl rubber ersonal protective equipment for the eing performed and the risks involve fore handling this product. When	e body should ed and should there is a risk For the greate anti-static ove onal skin prote formed and t	d be select d be appro of ignition est protecti ralls, boots ection mea he risks in	ted based on t oved by a spec of from static el ion from static s and gloves. asures should	the task cialist lectricity, be

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection						
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be base hazards of the product and the sa workers are exposed to concentra	afe working limits of the se	elected respira	tor. If		

appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed

respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>				
Physical state	:	Liquid.		
Color	1	Various		
Odor	1	Aromatic.		
рН	1	Not applicable.		
Melting point	1	Not available.		
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)		
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 29°C (84.2°F)		
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.		
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.		
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.		
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.		
Vapor density	:	Not available.		
Relative density	:	1.43		
Solubility(ies)		Media Result		
Solubility(les)	1	old water Not soluble		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.		
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.		
Viscosity	:	Øynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): >400 mm²/s (>400 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)		
Viscosity	:	60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)		

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<mark>b</mark> ∕arium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
acetate				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
reaction mass of:N,N'-	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
ethane-1,2-diylbis				
(hexanamide);12-hydroxy-N-				
[2-[(1-oxyhexyl)amino]ethyl]				
octadecanamide;N,N'-				
ethane-1,2-diylbis				
(12-hydroxyoctadecanamide)				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Defoamer	LD50 Oral	Rat	>20 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
4-piperidyl) sebacate				
maleic anhydride	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2620 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
0	T I			

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
x ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary					

Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Sensitization

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
Not available.	

Conclusion/Summary

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Classification

OSHA	IARC	NTP
-	2B	-
-	3	-
-	2B	-
+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
	- - -	- 2B - 3 - 2B

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Defoamer	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-
maleic anhydride	Category 1	inhalation	respiratory system

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, skin. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects	2	
Eye contact	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	an cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	:	Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	🗭 an cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the phy	sic	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	-	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	Phere are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure	eye contact.
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ts</u>
Not available.	
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
MERCOAT 450 E RESIN WINDOW GREY	34852.3	5668.4	N/A	86.0	11.0
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	6190	N/A	N/A	30	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
reaction mass of:N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (hexanamide);12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxyhexyl)amino] ethyl]octadecanamide;N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide)	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
maleic anhydride	400	2620	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
reaction mass of:N,N'- ethane-1,2-diylbis (hexanamide);12-hydroxy-N- [2-[(1-oxyhexyl)amino]ethyl] octadecanamide;N,N'- ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecanamide)	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-

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Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n -butyl acetate	-	-	Readily
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	-	-	Readily
acetate			
xylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
ethylbenzene maleic anhydride	3.6 -2.78	79.43	Low Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III		III	

English (US) Colombia

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Code 00280777 Product name	AMERCOAT 450 E RESIN WIN	Date of issue DOW GREY	15 January 2025	Version 6
Section 14.	Transport infor	mation		
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Additional informa			detien in needeeningen op	
Additional informa UN	tion : This class 3 viscous liq 2.3.2.5.1.	uid is not subject to regu	ulation in packagings up	to 450 L according to
UN Brazil	 This class 3 viscous liq 2.3.2.5.1. None identified. 	uid is not subject to regu	ulation in packagings up	to 450 L according to
UN Brazil Risk number	 This class 3 viscous liq 2.3.2.5.1. None identified. 30 			-
UN Brazil	 This class 3 viscous liq 2.3.2.5.1. None identified. 			-

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

specific for the product

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of previous issue	: 6/7/2020
Version	: 6 EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency
	English (US) Colombia 14/15

Section 16. Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.