SAFETY DATA SHEET

Safety Data Sheet according to GB/T 16483-2008 and GB/T 17519-2013



Date of issue/Date of revision 16 January 2025

Version 2.02

e of revision	10 January 2025

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification			
Product code	: 00372379		
Product name	: SIGMADUR 1800 BASE RAL 7038		
Product name	: SIGMADUR 1800 BASE RAL 7038		
Product type	: Liquid.		
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.		
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.		
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.		
Supplier's details	: PPG Coatings (Kunshan) Co., Ltd 53 Jinyang Road, Lujia Town, 215331 Kunshan City, Jiangsu Province, P.R. China Tel: 86 512 57678859 Fax: 86 512 57678857		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: 00 86 532 83889090		

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 and GB 30000-2013

Emergency overview Liquid. Gray. Characteristic. Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes mild skin irritation. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

See Section 12 for environmental precautions.

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 16.7%

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China

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
	:
Signal word	· Warning
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes mild skin irritation.
	Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use not sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid release to the environment.
Response	: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Physical and chemical hazards	: Flammable liquid and vapor.
Health hazards	: Causes mild skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.
Symptoms related to the phy	sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
-	pain or irritation
	watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	irritation
	redness
	dryness cracking
	: No specific data.
Indestion	
Ingestion	
-	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
-	
Delayed and immediate effe	

Section 2. Hazards identification

<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Environmental hazards	: Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable. **Ingredient name** % **CAS number** p-butyl acetate 10 - <25 123-86-4 barium sulfate 10 - <25 7727-43-7 xylene isomers mixture 1 - <10 1330-20-7 Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres 1 - <10 14807-96-6 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 64742-95-6 1 - <10 dimethyl glutarate 1119-40-0 1 - <10 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1 - <10 220926-97-6 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 1 - <10 95-63-6 ethylbenzene 0.1 - <1 100-41-4 bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate 0.1 - <1 41556-26-7 zinc bis(2-ethylhexanoate) 0.1 - <1 136-53-8

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. 	
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. 	
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. 	
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.	

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Section 4. First aid measures

Potential acute health effe	<u>ts</u>	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.	
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>toms</u>	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	: No specific data.	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Indication of immediate me	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
n-butyl acetate	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) PC-TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m ³ . PC-STEL 15 minutes: 300 mg/m ³ .
barium sulfate	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) PC-TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m ³ (as Ba).
xylene	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) [Xylene] PC-TWA 8 hours: 50 mg/m ³ . PC-STEL 15 minutes: 100 mg/m ³ .
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) PC-TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m ³ . Form: total dust. PC-TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m ³ . Form: respirable dust.
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	ACGIH TLV (United States) TWA: 10 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable particle. TWA: 3 mg/m ³ (inhalable dust). Form: Respirable particle.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.
ethylbenzene	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) PC-TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m ³ . PC-STEL 15 minutes: 150 mg/m ³ .

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring procedures	:	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	<u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection	:	Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	Liquid.		
Color	Gray.		
Odor	Characteristic.		
Boiling point	>37.78°C (>100°F)		
Flash point	Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)		
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	t available.		
Relative density	3		
Solubility/ioc)	edia Result		
Solubility(ies)	ld water Not soluble		
Viscosity	namic (room temperature): Not available. ematic (room temperature): Not available. ematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s		

Section 10. Stability and reactivity					
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.				
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.				
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.				
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.				
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.				
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides				

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exp	osure
<mark>p-</mark> butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 h	ours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 h	ours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-	
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	
xylene isomers mixture	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-	
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-	
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Section 11. Toxicological information

	1		
LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Dusts	Rat	>11 mg/l	4 hours
and mists			
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Dusts	Rat	3.56 mg/l	4 hours
and mists			
LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat		4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat		-
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat		-
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mistsRatLD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mistsRabbit Rat RatLD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral Rat LC50 Inhalation Vapor Rat LD50 Dermal LD50 Dermal Rat 	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mistsRat>11 mg/lLD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mistsRat>5000 mg/kgLD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mistsRat>5000 mg/kgLD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Oral LD50 OralRat>2000 mg/kgLC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 OralRat>2000 mg/kgRat LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 OralRat5 g/kgLC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 OralRat17.8 mg/lRat LD50 Oral LD50 OralRat3.5 g/kgLD50 Oral LD50 OralRat3.125 g/kgLD50 Dermal LD50 OralRabbit>5 g/kg

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
viene isomers mixture	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	Category 2	inhalation	lungs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

- Hot at all as

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Product code 00372379

Product name SIGMADUR 1800 BASE RAL 7038

Section 11. Toxicological information

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GMADUR 1800 BASE RAL 7038	48421.4	10851.4	N/A	172.7	20.3
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene isomers mixture	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	3.56
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
zinc bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	2043	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> <i>(Water flea</i>)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC ≥50 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> (Water flea)	21 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
zinc bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	EC50 16 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	LC50 107 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

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Product code 00372379

Product name SIGMADUR 1800 BASE RAL 7038

Section 12. Ecological information

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum	
p-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Rea	adily - 28 days	-	-	
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	9 % - Not r	eadily - 29 days	-	-	
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	adily - 10 days	-	-	
zinc bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	-	60 % - Rea	adily - 28 days	-	-	
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability	
n -butyl acetate xylene isomers mixture ethylbenzene zinc bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	- - - -		- - - -		Readily Readily Readily Readily	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
p -butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
xylene isomers mixture	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
dimethyl glutarate	0.49	-	Low
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic	>6	-	High
acid, reaction products with			
1,3-benzenedimethanamine			
and hexamethylenediamine			
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
zinc bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	-	60960	High

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

- Other adverse effects
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	China	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III		111	Ш
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

CN	: None identified.
UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

China inventory (IECSC)	: All components are listed or exempted.
References	 Production Safety Law of the People's Republic of China Code of Occupational Disease Prevention of the People's Republic of China Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China Fire Control Law of the People's Republic of China Regulations on the Control over Safety of Dangerous Chemicals Occupational exposure limits for hazardous agents in the workplace chemical hazardous agents (GBZ2.1) General rule for classification and hazard communication of chemicals (GB13690) Safety data sheet for chemical products - Content and order of sections (GB/ T16483) Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheet for chemical products (GB/ T17519)

Section 15. Regulatory information

General rule for preparation of precautionary label for chemicals (GB15258) Safety rules for classification, precautionary labeling and precautionary statements of chemicals (GB30000.2-29)

Section 16. Other information

Date of issue/Date of revision: 16 January 2025Date of previous issue: 1/9/2024Version: 2.02 EHSKey to abbreviations: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods	<u>History</u>	
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✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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