SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 16 January 2025

Version 2.04

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

- : SIGMADUR 550 BASE ORANGE 3149
- : 00359182
- : Not available.
- : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason		
Not applicable.			

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	 PPG Industries Colombia Ltda Calle 51 # 40-13 Municipio de Itagüí Antioquia, Colombia (57) (4) 3787400 (Porteria)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Colombia: 01 8000 916012 (CISPROQUIM) + 571 288 6012 (CISPROQUIM) Ecuador: 1800-59-3005 (CISPROQUIM) Peru: 080-050-847 (CISPROQUIM)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3

Code00359182Product nameS	GMADUR 55	Date of issue DBASE ORANGE 3149	16 January 2025	Version	2.04
Section 2. Ha	azards i	dentification			
Target organs	:	Contains material which causes de Contains material which may cause lungs, the nervous system, liver, c central nervous system (CNS), ea	e damage to the followin ardiovascular system, up	g organs: bloo	
		Percentage of the mixture consisti toxicity: 15.4% Percentage of the mixture consisti toxicity: 28.8%			
		Percentage of the mixture consisting aquatic environment: 28.8%	ing of ingredient(s) of unl	known hazards	to the
GHS label elements					
Hazard pictograms	:		>		
Signal word	:	Danger			
Hazard statements	:	Flammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful in contact with ski Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or Harmful to aquatic life with long lat	the unborn child.		
Precautionary state	ements				
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before and eye or face protection. Keep flames and other ignition sources. ventilating or lighting equipment. static discharges. Avoid release to thoroughly after handling.	away from heat, hot surfa No smoking. Use explo Use non-sparking tools.	aces, sparks, o sion-proof elec Take action to	open ctrical, prevent
Response	:	POISON CENTER or doctor if you CENTER or doctor if you centaminated clothing and wash it water for several minutes. Remove Continue rinsing. If eye irritation p	I feel unwell. IF ON SKIN ell. Wash with plenty of v before reuse. IF IN EYE e contact lenses, if prese	N: Call a POIS water. Take o ES: Rinse caut int and easy to	ON ff iously with do.
Storage	:	Store in a well-ventilated place. Ke			
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container and international regulations.	in accordance with all lo	cal, regional, r	national

result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

2.04

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

CAS number

: Mixture

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
xylene	20 - <30	1330-20-7
barium sulfate	15 - <20	7727-43-7
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	5 - <7	14807-96-6
n-butyl acetate	5 - <7	123-86-4
ethylbenzene	3 - <5	100-41-4
2,2'-[(3,3'-dichloro[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl)bis(azo)]bis[N-(4-methoxyphenyl)	2 - <3	31775-16-3
-3-oxobutyramide]		
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	0.2 - <0.5	14808-60-7
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.2 - <0.5	41556-26-7
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	0.2 - <0.5	7779-90-0
toluene	0.1 - <0.2	108-88-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first	a	id measures
Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate medi	ca	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	÷	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.
Specific treatments	:	The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.

English (US)

Colombia

Code	00359182	Date of issue	16 January 2025	Version	2.04
Product na	me	SIGMADUR 550 BASE ORANGE 3149			

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".			
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.			

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Product name	SIGMADUR 550 BASE ORANGE 3149				
Section 6. Accidental release measures					
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.				
Lorgo opill	Stan look if without rick. Mayo containers from apill area. Llos apark proof tools				

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools Large spill and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters Occupational exposure limits

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
kylene barium sulfate		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
		TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable fraction.
Talc , not containing asbestife	orm fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable fraction.
n-butyl acetate		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [Butyl acetates] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
ethylbenzene		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
Recommended monitoring procedures		appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to for methods for the determination of hazardous ed.
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engineering contaminants below any recom	tion. Use process enclosures, local exhaust g controls to keep worker exposure to airborne mended or statutory limits. The engineering contro or dust concentrations below any lower explosive ntilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or v they comply with the requireme cases, fume scrubbers, filters	vork process equipment should be checked to ensur ents of environmental protection legislation. In some or engineering modifications to the process o reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection measur	' <u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	before eating, smoking and us Appropriate techniques should Wash contaminated clothing b safety showers are close to the	ce thoroughly after handling chemical products, ing the lavatory and at the end of the working period, be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing efore reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and e workstation location.
Eye protection Skin protection	: Chemical splash goggles.	
Hand protection	be worn at all times when hand this is necessary. Considering check during use that the glove should be noted that the time t different for different glove man	s gloves complying with an approved standard should dling chemical products if a risk assessment indicate the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer es are still retaining their protective properties. It o breakthrough for any glove material may be nufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of tion time of the gloves cannot be accurately

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	• •
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance			
Physical state	:	Liquid.	
Color	4	Orange.	
Odor	1	Aromatic.	
рН	1	Not applicable.	
Melting point	:	Not available.	
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F)	
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.	
Vapor density	:	Not available.	
Relative density	:	1.3	
Solubility(ies)		Media	Result
Solubility(les)	ľ	cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
Viscosity	:	Øynamic (room temperature Kinematic (room temperatur Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >	re): >400 mm²/s (>400 cSt)
Viscosity		60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)	

Date of issue

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.	
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materi carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide oxides	

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity **Product/ingredient name** Exposure **Species** Result Dose **x**ylene LD50 Dermal Rabbit 1.7 g/kg LD50 Oral Rat 4.3 g/kg barium sulfate LD50 Dermal Rat >2000 mg/kg _ LD50 Oral Rat >5000 mg/kg n-butyl acetate LC50 Inhalation Vapor Rat >21.1 mg/l 4 hours LC50 Inhalation Vapor Rat 2000 ppm 4 hours Rabbit >17600 mg/kg LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral Rat 10.768 g/kg LC50 Inhalation Vapor 17.8 mg/l 4 hours ethylbenzene Rat LD50 Dermal 17.8 g/kg Rabbit LD50 Oral Rat 3.5 g/kg _ LD50 Oral 2,2'-[(3,3'-dichloro[1,1'-Rat >2 g/kg _ biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl)bis(azo)] bis[N-(4-methoxyphenyl) -3-oxobutyramide] bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-LD50 Oral Rat 3.125 g/kg 4-piperidyl) sebacate trizinc bis(orthophosphate) LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists Rat 4 hours >5.7 mg/l >5000 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat toluene LC50 Inhalation Vapor Rat 49 g/m³ 4 hours LD50 Dermal Rabbit 8.39 g/kg 5580 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat _

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
vlene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

Conclusion/Summary

2.04

Product name SIGMADUR S	550 BASE OR	ANGE 3149			
Section 11. Toxico	logica	linfor	mation		
Skin	: There ar	e no data	available on the	mixture itself.	
Eyes	: There ar	e no data	available on the	mixture itself.	
Respiratory	: There ar	e no data	available on the	mixture itself.	
<u>Sensitization</u>					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There ar	e no data	available on the	mixture itself.	
Respiratory	: There ar	e no data	available on the	mixture itself.	
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity Not available.	: There ar	e no data	available on the	mixture itself.	
Conclusion/Summary <u>Classification</u>	: There ar	e no data	available on the	mixture itself.	
	: There ar	re no data	available on the	mixture itself.	
Classification Product/ingredient name		IARC 3	T	mixture itself.	
Classification Product/ingredient name Vene ethylbenzene	OSHA - -	IARC 3 2B	NTP - -		
Classification Product/ingredient name Kylene ethylbenzene crystalline silica, respirable		IARC 3	NTP - -	e mixture itself.	
Classification Product/ingredient name Vene ethylbenzene	OSHA - -	IARC 3 2B	NTP - -		
Classification Product/ingredient name Kylene ethylbenzene crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	OSHA - - + -	IARC 3 2B 1	NTP - - Known to be a		
Classification Product/ingredient name Kylene ethylbenzene crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) toluene Carcinogen Classification co IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4	OSHA - - + - ode:	IARC 3 2B 1 3	NTP - - Known to be a -		
Classification Product/ingredient name Kylene ethylbenzene crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) toluene Carcinogen Classification co IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a OSHA: +	OSHA - - + - ode:	IARC 3 2B 1 3	NTP - - Known to be a -	a human carcinogen.	
Classification Product/ingredient name Kylene ethylbenzene crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) toluene Carcinogen Classification co IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a OSHA: + Not listed/not regula	OSHA - - + - ode:	IARC 3 2B 1 3	NTP - - Known to be a -	a human carcinogen.	
Classification Product/ingredient name Kylene ethylbenzene crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) toluene Carcinogen Classification co IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a OSHA: + Not listed/not regula	OSHA - - + - bode: human carci	IARC 3 2B 1 3 inogen; Reas	NTP - - Known to be a -	a human carcinogen. d to be a human carcinogen	
Classification Product/ingredient name kylene ethylbenzene crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) toluene Carcinogen Classification co IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a OSHA: + Not listed/not regula Reproductive toxicity Not available.	OSHA - - + - bode: human carci	IARC 3 2B 1 3 inogen; Reas	NTP - - Known to be a -	a human carcinogen. d to be a human carcinogen	

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate toluene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

-			
	English (US)	Colombia	9/14

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-
toluene	Category 2	-	-

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

English (US)

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	available.	
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	ses serious eye irrit	ation.
Inhalation	nful if inhaled. May	cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	be harmful in conta	act with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	nown significant ef	fects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	nemical and toxico	<u>blogical characteristics</u>
Eye contact	erse symptoms ma or irritation ering ess	y include the following:
Inhalation	erse symptoms ma iratory tract irritatio ghing iced fetal weight ease in fetal deaths etal malformations	y include the following: า
Skin contact	erse symptoms may tion ess ess king ced fetal weight ease in fetal deaths etal malformations	/ include the following:
Ingestion	erse symptoms may ced fetal weight ease in fetal deaths etal malformations	<i>i</i> include the following:

Colombia

Section 11. Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>S</u>
Not available.		

General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GMADUR 550 BASE ORANGE 3149	13028.2	3813.7	N/A	29.1	3.7
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
2,2 ['] -[(3,3'-dichloro[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl)bis(azo)]bis [N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-oxobutyramide]	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		English (l	JS) Colomb	ia	11/14

Code Product na	00359182 me	SIGMADUR 550 BASE O	Date of issue RANGE 3149	16	January 2025	Versior	2.04
Sectio	on 11.	Toxicologica	l information				
toluene			5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l	Fish	30 days

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days		-		-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
kylene n-butyl acetate ethylbenzene toluene	- - -		- - -		Readily Readily Readily Readily	/ /

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
x ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material

Section 13. Disposal considerations

and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	111	III	III	111
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.
Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

English (US) Colombia

Date of issue

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of previous issue	: 2/7/2024
Version	: 2.04 EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations
References	ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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