## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 16 January 2025 Version : 1.04



# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : SIGMADUR 550 BASE REDBROWN VN2740-69

Product code : 00384424

Product type : Liquid.

Other means of : Not available.

identification

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

**Uses advised against**: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311 Fax +32-33606435

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Supplier** 

+31 20 4075210

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

<u>Classification according to UK CLP/GHS</u>

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 1/17

SIGMADUR 550 BASE REDBROWN VN2740-69

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

**Hazard statements**: Flammable liquid and vapour.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause cancer.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

Prevention : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear

protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Avoid release to the environment.

**Response**: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

P202, P280, P210, P273, P308 + P313, P501

Supplemental label

elements

: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Restricted to professional users.

**Special packaging requirements** 

Containers to be fitted

with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Type
Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono(2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid	CAS: 37237-99-3	≥25 - ≤50	Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5 CAS: 128601-23-0	≥10 - ≤21	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1] [2]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7	≥5.0 - <10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332	[1] [2]

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 2/17

SIGMADUR 550 BASE REDBROWN VN2740-69

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

	CAS: 1330-20-7		Ckin Irrit 2 U21F	I
	CAS. 1330-20-7		Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
			STOT SE 3, H335	
			,	
			Asp. Tox. 1, H304	
			Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	
n-butyl acetate	REACH #:	≥5.0 - ≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1] [2]
	01-2119485493-29		STOT SE 3, H336	
	EC: 204-658-1		EUH066	
	CAS: 123-86-4			
	Index: 607-025-00-1			
ethylbenzene	REACH #:	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[1] [2]
	01-2119489370-35		Acute Tox. 4, H332	
	EC: 202-849-4		STOT RE 2, H373	
	CAS: 100-41-4		(hearing organs)	
	Index: 601-023-00-4		Asp. Tox. 1, H304	
			Aquatic Chronic 3,	
			H412	
1,3-bis[12-hydroxy-octadecamide-	REACH #:	<1.0	Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]
N-methylene]-benzene	01-2119962189-26		Aquatic Chronic 4,	
	CAS: 911674-82-3		H413	
<b>5</b>	Index: 616-198-00-2	.0.07	0 0	- 43
Reaction mass of bis	REACH #:	≤0.37	Skin Sens. 1A, H317	[1]
(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)			Repr. 2, H361f	
sebacate and methyl	EC: 915-687-0		Aquatic Acute 1, H400	
1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl	CAS: 1065336-91-5		(M=1)	
sebacate			Aquatic Chronic 1,	
			H410 (M=1)	
			See Section 16 for	
			the full text of the H	
			statements declared	
			above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. Xylene: Several REACH registrations cover the REACH registered substance with xylene isomers, ethylbenzene (and toluene). The other REACH Registrations include: 01-2119555267-33 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene, 01-2119486136-34 Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8, 01-2119539452-40 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene. Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

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Eye contact

: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation

: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

**Skin contact** 

: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 3/17

SIGMADUR 550 BASE REDBROWN VN2740-69

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact** : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin

reaction.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness dryness cracking

: No specific data. Ingestion

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

: No specific treatment. **Specific treatments** 

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous combustion** 

products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

4/17 English (GB) **United Kingdom (UK)** 

SIGMADUR 550 BASE REDBROWN VN2740-69

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fre-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to British standard BS EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

5/17 English (GB) United Kingdom (UK)

SIGMADUR 550 BASE REDBROWN VN2740-69

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
√ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene	EU OEL (Europe)
	TWA: 19 ppm.
	TWA: 100 mg/m³.
xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [xylene, o-,m-,p-
	or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL 15 minutes: 441 mg/m³.
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³.
	STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
n-butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)
	STEL 15 minutes: 966 mg/m³.
	STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 724 mg/m³.
	TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.
ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL 15 minutes: 552 mg/m³.

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 6/17

Code : 00384424 Date of issue/Date of revision : 16 January 2025 **SIGMADUR 550 BASE REDBROWN VN2740-69** 

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.	
TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.	
TWA 8 hours: 441 mg/m³.	

### **Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
<b>k</b> ylene	EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) [Xylene, o-, m-,
	p- or mixed isomers]
	BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine].
	Sampling time: post shift.

## procedures

**Recommended monitoring**: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres -Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### **DNELs/DMELs**

DNEL DNEL Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
> 0.1% cumene    DNEL   DNEL   Long term Dermal   DNEL   Long term Dermal   DNEL   Long term Dermal   DNEL   Long term Dermal   11 mg/kg bw/day   General population   Systemic   General population	Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	150 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
DNEL Long term Dermal 11 mg/kg bw/day 5 mg/kg bw/day 6 mg/m³ 6 6						-
DNEL Long term Dermal 11 mg/kg bw/day 5 mg/kg bw/day 6 mg/m³ 6 6		DNEL	Long term Dermal	25 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
xylene DNEL DNEL Long term Oral DNEL Long term Dral DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Short term Dermal DNEL Short term Dermal DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Short term Dermal DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Dermal DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Sho		DNEL			General population	
xylene DNEL Dnet Long term Oral DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Short term Dranal DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Short term Dermal DNEL Short term Dermal DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Dermal DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL		DNEL	Long term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
DNEL   Long term Oral   Long term Inhalation   DNEL   Long term Inhalation   DNEL   Long term Inhalation   DNEL   Long term Dermal   DNEL   Long term Inhalation   DNEL   Short term Inhalation   DNEL   Long term Dermal   DNEL   Long term Dermal   DNEL   Long term Dermal   DNEL   Long term Inhalation   DNEL   Long term Inhalation   DNEL   Long term Dermal   DNEL   Long term Inhalation		DNEL	Long term Oral			
DNEL DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	xylene	DNEL		5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
DNEL DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m³	General population	Local
DNEL DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m³		Systemic
DNEL Dng term Dermal DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term I		DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day		
DNEL DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Short term Dermal DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Short		DNEL		212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
DNEL DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL DNEL DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m³	Workers	Local
DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Short term Dermal DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inha		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
DNEL DNEL DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m³	General population	Local
n-butyl acetate  DNEL DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Oral DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
n-butyl acetate    DNEL   DNEL   Long term Inhalation   DNEL   DNEL   Long term Dermal   Long term Dermal   DNEL   Long term Dormal   Long term Dormal   DNEL   Long term Dormal   Long term Dormal   DNEL   Long term Inhalation   DNEL   Long term Inhalation   DNEL   Long term Inhalation   DNEL   Short term Inhalation   DNEL   Long term Inhalation   DNEL   Short term Inhalation   DNEL   Short term Inhalation   DNEL   Short term Inhalation   DNEL   Short term Inhalation   DNEL   Long term Inhalation   DNEL   Long term Inhalation   DNEL   Short term Inhalation   DNEL   Long term Inhalation		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m³	Workers	Local
DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Oral Short term Oral DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long te		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
DNEL DNEL DNEL Long term Oral Short term Oral DNEL DNEL DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	n-butyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL		DNEL	Long term Dermal	11 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
DNEL DNEL DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL		DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
DNEL DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL		DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
DNEL DNEL DNEL Cong term Dermal DNEL DNEL Cong term Inhalation DNEL Co		DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
DNEL DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation D		DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Lo		DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
DNEL DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL		DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
DNEL DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
DNEL DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	35.7 mg/m³	General population	Local
DNEL DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	48 mg/m³		
DNEL DNEL DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	General population	Local
DNEL DNEL DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
ethylbenzene  DNEL DMEL DMEL DMEL DMEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DN		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m³		Local
ethylbenzene  DMEL DMEL DMEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DN		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
DMEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DN		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
DNEL Long term Oral Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Oral Long term Oral Long term Oral Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation DNEL Lo	ethylbenzene	DMEL	Long term Inhalation		Workers	Local
DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation T7 mg/m³ General population Systemic Systemic			Short term Inhalation	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
DNEL Long term Inhalation 77 mg/m³ Workers Systemic						
DNEL Long term Inhalation 77 mg/m³ Workers Systemic						
DNEL Long term Dermal 180 mg/kg bw/day   Workers   Systemic		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³		Systemic
Diver Leady to the Domain   100 mg/kg bw/day   Workers   Oysterme		DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic

7/17 English (GB) **United Kingdom (UK)** 

SIGMADUR 550 BASE REDBROWN VN2740-69

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 293 mg/m³ | Workers | Local

#### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.327 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.018 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0981 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	35.6 mg/l	-
	Soil	0.0903 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	0.01 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Sewage Treatment Plant	9.6 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	1.37 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Soil	2.68 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg	-

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Eye/face protection Skin protection

Chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. butvl rubber

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 8/17

SIGMADUR 550 BASE REDBROWN VN2740-69

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Brownish-red.

Odour : Characteristic.

Odour threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flammability (solid, gas) : liquid

**Upper/lower flammability or** 

**explosive limits** 

: Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: 24°C (75.2°F)

Auto-ignition temperature :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
(2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-1H-benzimidazol-5-yl)-3-oxo-2-[[2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]azo]butyramide	290	554	

pH : Not applicable.

Not applicable. insoluble in water.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

Miscible with water : No.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure :

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vap	our pressu	re at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
probutyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			

Relative density : 1.34

SIGMADUR 550 BASE REDBROWN VN2740-69

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

**Explosive properties** 

: The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of vapour or dust with air is possible.

Oxidising properties

: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

 Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono (2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3160 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat - Female Rabbit Rat	3492 mg/kg 1.7 g/kg 4.3 g/kg	- -
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rat Rabbit Rat	>21.1 mg/l 2000 ppm >17600 mg/kg 10.768 g/kg	4 hours 4 hours -
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat	17.8 mg/l 17.8 g/kg 3.5 g/kg	4 hours -
1,3-bis[12-hydroxy-octadecamide-N-methylene]-benzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.08 mg/l	4 hours
Reaction mass of bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>3170 mg/kg	-

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 10/17

SIGMADUR 550 BASE REDBROWN VN2740-69

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

LD50 Oral Rat - Male, 3230 mg/kg Female

Conclusion/Summary
Acute toxicity estimates

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
MGMADUR 550 BASE REDBROWN VN2740-69	N/A	18047.4	N/A	105.1	N/A
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene	3492	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A
Reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	3230	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
<b>x</b> ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Skin
 There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Eyes
 There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Respiratory
 There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitisation** 

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono (2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid	skin	Mouse	Sensitising

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 11/17

**SIGMADUR 550 BASE REDBROWN VN2740-69** 

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
<b>e</b> thylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene xylene ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Information on likely routes**: Not available.

of exposure

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact** : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic

skin reaction.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

: Not available. Potential delayed effects

Long term exposure

12/17 **United Kingdom (UK)** English (GB)

SIGMADUR 550 BASE REDBROWN VN2740-69

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

General: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/

or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
√ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene	EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
1,3-bis[12-hydroxy- octadecamide-N-methylene]- benzene	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Reaction mass of bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	EC50 1.68 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
pipendyi sebadate	LC50 0.9 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene	-	75 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-

### Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene	-	-	Readily
xylene n-butyl acetate	-		Readily Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

English (GB)	United Kingdom (UK)	13/17
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Code : 00384424 SIGMADUR 550 BASE REDBROWN VN2740-69

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<b>x</b> ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

**12.6 Other adverse effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

### **Hazardous waste**

#### Waste catalogue

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

### **Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging	Waste catalogue	
Container	15 01 06	mixed packaging

#### Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 14/17

SIGMADUR 550 BASE REDBROWN VN2740-69

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

### **Additional information**

ADR/RID : None identified.

**Tunnel code** : (D/E)

: The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank **ADN** 

vessels.

**IMDG** : None identified. : None identified. IATA

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO

instruments

: Not available.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture **UK (GB)/REACH**

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

**Substances of very high concern** 

None of the components are listed.

: Not applicable. **Explosive precursors** 

**Ozone depleting substances** 

Not listed.

### Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	Entry Number (REACH)
SIGMADUR 550 BASE REDBROWN VN2740-69	3
	28
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene	28

Labelling : Restricted to professional users.

**Seveso Directive** 

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

15/17 United Kingdom (UK) English (GB)

**SIGMADUR 550 BASE REDBROWN VN2740-69** 

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### **Danger criteria**

**Category** 

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### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and

Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

No. 720 and amendments

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Carc. 1B, H350	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

### **Full text of abbreviated H statements**

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
	Harmful if inhaled.
H332	1.6
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H350	May cause cancer.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### **Full text of classifications**

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 4	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 1B	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B

Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

SIGMADUR 550 BASE REDBROWN VN2740-69

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Flam. Liq. 2
Flam. Liq. 3
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2
REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A

STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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Prepared by : EHS Version : 1.04

#### **Disclaimer**

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English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 17/17