SAFETY DATA SHEET

SIGMADUR 550H BASE RAL 8008



Date of issue 16 January 2025

Version 7

1. Product and company identification

Product name	: SIGMADUR 550H BASE RAL 8008	
Product code	: 00438002	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	

Supplier's details: PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe
652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777

Emergency telephone : 078 574 2777 number

2. Hazards identification			
GHS Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 2 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 2		
GHS label elements			
Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	: Danger		
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs) Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (blood system, central nervous system (CNS), nervous system, respiratory organs) Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. 		
Precautionary statements			

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2. Hazards identifi	2. Hazards identification			
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.			
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.			
Storage	: Store locked up.			
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.			
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.			

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
CSCL number	: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
<mark>ቓ</mark> arium sulfate	25 - <50	7727-43-7	1-89
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	5 - <7	64742-95-6	Not available.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3 - <5	95-63-6	3-3427; 3-7
Butyl acetate	3 - <5	123-86-4	2-731
Xylene	3 - <5	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60
Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz)	2 - <3	14807-96-6	Not available.
zinc phosphate	1 - <2	7779-90-0	1-1181; 1-526
3-ethyltoluene	1 - <2	620-14-4	3-15
Ethyl Benzene	0.5 - <1	100-41-4	3-28; 3-60
tert-Butanol	0.2 - <0.5	75-65-0	2-3049
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.2 - <0.5	41556-26-7	5-5501
carbon black	0.1 - <0.2	1333-86-4	5-3328; 5-5222

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first	aid measures
Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

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4. First aid measu	ires			
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.			
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.			
Most important symptoms/	effects, acute and delayed			
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>			
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.			
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Skin contact	 May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. 			
Ingestion	: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.			
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>otoms</u>			
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness			
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations			
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations			
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations			
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary				
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.			
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.			
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.			

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures

5 5	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
·	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for co	the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Small spill : Stop leak if without r explosion-proof equi Alternatively or if wa

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6. Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
	explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into
	sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an
	effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-
	combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13).
	Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for
	emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
7,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023)
	OEL-M 8 hours: 25 ppm.
	OEL-M 8 hours: 120 mg/m ³ .
n-butyl acetate	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023)
	OEL-M 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	OEL-M 8 hours: 475 mg/m ³ .
	Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,
	6/2020)
	TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.
xylene	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023)
	OEL-M 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	OEL-M 8 hours: 217 mg/m ³ .
	Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,
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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

		6/2020) [xylene]	
		TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.	
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres		Japan Society for Occupational Health	
-		(Japan, 5/2023) [Class 1 dusts (Activated	
		charcoal, Alumina, Aluminium, Bentonite,	
		Diatomite, Graphite, Kaolinite, Pagodite,	
		Pyrites, Pyrite cinder)]	
		OEL-M 8 hours: 2 mg/m ³ . Form: Total dust	
		(Class 1 Dust). OEL-M 8 hours: 0.5 mg/m³. Form:	
		Respirable dust (Class 1 Dust).	
ethylbenzene		Japan Society for Occupational Health	
ethylbenzene		(Japan, 5/2023) Absorbed through skin.	
		OEL-M 8 hours: 20 ppm.	
		OEL-M 8 hours: 87 mg/m ³ .	
		Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,	
		6/2020)	
		TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.	
2-methylpropan-2-ol		Japan Society for Occupational Health	
		(Japan, 5/2023) OEL-M 8 hours: 50 ppm.	
		OEL-M 8 hours: 150 mg/m ³ .	
De e e manada da ma e miterria a	. Deference abouild be made to an		
procedures		ppropriate monitoring standards. Reference to methods for the determination of hazardous	
A			
Appropriate engineering controls		on. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants	
controls		utory limits. The engineering controls also need to	
		rations below any lower explosive limits. Use	
	explosion-proof ventilation equip	ment.	
Environmental exposure		rk process equipment should be checked to ensure	
controls		ts of environmental protection legislation. In some	
		engineering modifications to the process equipment	
	will be necessary to reduce emis	sions to acceptable levels.	
ndividual protection measu	res		
Hygiene measures		thoroughly after handling chemical products, before	
		vatory and at the end of the working period.	
		e used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.	
	safety showers are close to the	ore reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and workstation location	
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles.		
Skin protection			
	· Chamical resistant importious	loves complying with an approved standard should	
Hand protection		ploves complying with an approved standard should ng chemical products if a risk assessment indicates	
		ne parameters specified by the glove manufacturer,	
		are still retaining their protective properties. It	
	should be noted that the time to	breakthrough for any glove material may be	
	different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of		
		on time of the gloves cannot be accurately	
	estimated.		

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

o. Exposure cor	in ois/personal protection
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance			
Physical state	: Liquid.		
Odor	: Characteristic.		
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)		
Flash point	: Closed cup: 35°C (9	5°F)	
Relative density	: 1.52		
Solubility(ies)	Media	Result	
Solubility(les)	. cold water	Not soluble	

10. Stability and reactivity			
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.		
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.		
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.		
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.		
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides		

Product name SIGMADUR 550H BASE RAL 8008

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
ight diomatio	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
,	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
zinc phosphate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Ethyl Benzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
tert-Butanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	14100 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2733 mg/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
carbon black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Kylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz)	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Ethyl Benzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
tert-Butanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
parium sulfate	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), respiratory organs
Xylene	Category 1	-	nervous system, respiratory organs
Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz)	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
zinc phosphate	Category 1	-	blood system
Ethyl Benzene	Category 1	-	hearing organs, nervous system
carbon black	Category 1	-	respiratory organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
3-ethyltoluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethyl Benzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available

routes of exposure	Not available.
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact :	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact :	May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion :	May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

11. Toxicological information

Eye contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GMADUR 550H BASE RAL 8008	N/A	2999.3	N/A	110.8	N/A
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	N/A
Butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
Ethyl Benzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A
tert-Butanol	2733	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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11. Toxicological information

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc phosphate	Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l	Fish	30 days
Ethyl Benzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
Butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Rea	dily - 28 days	-		-
Ethyl Benzene	-	79 % - Rea	dily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
Butyl acetate Xylene Ethyl Benzene	- - -		- - -		Readily Readily Readily	/

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
7,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
3-ethyltoluene	3.98	-	Low
Ethyl Benzene	3.6	79.43	Low
tert-Butanol	0.317	5.01	Low

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group			III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)	Not applicable.

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 \text{ L}$ or $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Product code 00438002

Product name SIGMADUR 550H BASE RAL 8008

15. Regulatory information

Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Trimethylbenzene	5.3	Class 1	691
Xylene	3.7	Class 1	80
Trizinc bis(phosphate)	2.0	Class 2	793

Industrial Safety and Health Act

Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

None of the components are listed.

Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Butyl acetate	≤10	Listed	330
	≤10	Listed	404
	≤10	Listed	181
	≤10	Listed	136
	≤10	Listed	70

Chemicals requiring notification

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Petroleum naphtha	≤10	Listed	330
Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	404
Butyl acetate	≤10	Listed	181
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Butanol	≤10	Listed	477
Carbon black	≤10	Listed	130

Carcinogens based on Article 577-2 of the Ordinance on ISH

None of the components are listed.

<u>Mutagen</u>

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid	: Not listed
Occupational Safety and Health Law	: Inflammable
Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	: Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	: Not listed

15. Regulatory information

Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	: Not listed
ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances	: Inflammable
Lead regulation	: Not listed
Organic solvents poisoning prevention	: Class 2

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	49
Xylene	≤10	Priority assessment	125
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	201
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	50
Cumene	≤10	Priority assessment	126
Toluene	≤10	Priority assessment	46
Benzene	≤10	Priority assessment	45
Naphthalene	≤10	Priority assessment	76
Propane-1,2-diol	≤10	Priority assessment	106
2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-Octamethyl-	≤10	Monitoring	40
1,3,5,7,2,4,6,8-tetraoxatetrasilocane		-	
Acetaldehyde	≤10	Priority assessment	26
Formaldehyde	≤10	Priority assessment	25
Ethylene oxide	≤10	Priority assessment	19
1,4-Dioxane	≤10	Priority assessment	80
Chloromethane	≤10	Priority assessment	6

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available. Law

Explosives Control Law

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Not available. of pollution of the ocean

Maritime Safety Law

Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea None of the components are listed.

Container class

None of the components are listed.

Road law	: Not available.
Japan inventory	: At least one component is not listed.
List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste	: Not listed
JSOH Carcinogen	: Group 2B

16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 16 January 2025
Date of previous issue	: 2/6/2024
Version	: 7
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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