# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Safety Data Sheet according to GB/T 16483-2008 and GB/T 17519-2013



Date of issue/Date of revision 16 January 2025

Version 2.02

2			

Section 1. Chem	ical product and company identification
Product code	: 00473977
Product name	: SIGMADUR 520 BASE RAL 9005
Product name	: SIGMADUR 520 BASE RAL 9005
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Supplier's details	: PPG Coatings (Kunshan) Co., Ltd 53 Jinyang Road, Lujia Town, 215331 Kunshan City, Jiangsu Province, P.R. China Tel: 86 512 57678859 Fax: 86 512 57678857
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: 00 86 532 83889090

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 and GB 30000-2013

#### **Emergency overview**

Liquid. Black.

Characteristic.

Flammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

### See Section 12 for environmental precautions.

China Page: 1/15

Section 2. Hazard	Is identification
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3         ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5         SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2         SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A         SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1         CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2         AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2         AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2         Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 42.9%         Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 58.6%     </li> </ul>
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Physical and chemical hazards	: Flammable liquid and vapor.

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**Health hazards** 

: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Environmental hazards	: Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture

: Mixture

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number	: Not applicable.
------------	-------------------

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
arium sulfate	25 - <40	7727-43-7
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl	10 - <25	37237-99-3
2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono(2-methyl-		
2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	10 - <25	64742-95-6
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - <10	95-63-6
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	1 - <10	14807-96-6
ethylbenzene	1 - <10	100-41-4
xylene isomers mixture	1 - <10	1330-20-7
n-butyl acetate	1 - <10	123-86-4
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1 - <10	108-65-6

China Page: 3/15

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	1 - <10	108-67-8
n-propylbenzene	1 - <10	103-65-1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.1 - <1	41556-26-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

most important sympton	is/enects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health e	effects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sy</u>	<u>/mptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It<br/>may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.<br/>Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear<br/>gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and<br/>explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.<br/>Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an<br/>appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal<br/>contractor.Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and<br/>explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into
  - explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

procedures       national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure       : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.         Individual protection measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, beforeating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eye protection       : Chemical splash goggles.	Ingredient name		Exposure limits		
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene       ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.         Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) PC-TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: total dust.         ethylbenzene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) PC-TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .         xylene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) PC-TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .         n-butyl acetate       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) PC-TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .         mesitylene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) PC-TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .         mesitylene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) PC-TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .         Recommended monitoring procedures       Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering control sto keep worker exposure to alforne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure controls       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befor eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated dothing Contaminated work clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. <td>parium sulfate</td> <td></td> <td>GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)</td>	parium sulfate		GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)		
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene       ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.         Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) PC-TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable dust.         ethylbenzene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) PC-TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .         xylene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) PC-TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .         n-butyl acetate       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) PC-TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .         mesitylene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) PC-TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .         mesitylene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) PC-TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .         Recommended monitoring procedures       : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring status: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .         Recommended monitoring procedures       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls do keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure controls       : Use only with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, furme scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.         ethylogene measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befor eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated dothing Contaminated work clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showe			PC-TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Ba).		
Tale , not containing asbestiform fibres       TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.         GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)       PC-TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m <sup>2</sup> , Form: total dust.         ethylbenzene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)         PC-TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .         xylene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)         PC-TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .         n-butyl acetate       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)         PC-TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .         mesitylene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)         PC-TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .         mesitylene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)         PC-TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .         mesitylene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)         PC-TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .         procedures       St hours: 10 ppm.         Recommended monitoring       :       Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering       :       Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommende or statutory	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene				
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)         PC-TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m³, Form: total dust.       PC-TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m³, Form: respirable dust.         ethylbenzene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)         xylene       PC-TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³.         n-butyl acetate       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) [Xylene]         n-butyl acetate       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 100 mg/m³.         mesitylene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) [Xylene]         Recommended monitoring       Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-prof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure       : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensur they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, furme scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.         dividual protection measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befor eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate te	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
ethylbenzene       PC-TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: total dust.         ethylbenzene       PC-TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable dust.         respirable dust.       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)         PC-TWA 8 hours: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .         n-butyl acetate       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)         mesitylene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)         PC-TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .         mesitylene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)         PC-TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .         Recommended monitoring procedures       Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring states, 7/2023)         Recommended monitoring procedures       : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring states, 7/2023)         Recommended monitoring controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or stutury limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure contaminants below any recommended or stutury limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure contaminants below any recommended or stutury limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	Talc . not containing asbesti	form fibres			
dust.       PC-TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable dust.         ethylbenzene       GEZ 21 (China, 11/2022) PC-TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . PC-STEL 15 minutes: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . PC-STEL 15 minutes: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . PC-STEL 15 minutes: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . PC-STEL 15 minutes: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . PC-STEL 15 minutes: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .         Recommended monitoring procedures       : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure controls       : Emissions from ventilation or or work process equipment should be checked to ensur they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, furm scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.         ctividual protection measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befor eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Contaminated work clothing should not	<i>,</i> 5				
ethylbenzene       PC-TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable dust.         ethylbenzene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) PC-TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . PC-STEL 15 minutes: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . PC-STEL 15 minutes: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . PC-STEL 15 minutes: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . PC-STEL 15 minutes: 00 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . PC-STEL 15 minutes: 00 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . PC-STEL 15 minutes: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . <br< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u</td></br<>			u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u		
ethylbenzene       respirable dust.         gBz 2.1 (China, 11/2022)       PC-TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³.         yylene       GBz 2.1 (China, 11/2022) [Xylene]         n-butyl acetate       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 150 mg/m³.         mesitylene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) [Xylene]         mesitylene       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 100 mg/m³.         GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)       PC-TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³.         GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)       PC-TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³.         GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 300 mg/m³.         Machine Monitoring       Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor of dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure       : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensur they comply with the requirements of environmental products, befor eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Contaminated clothing Contaminated vork clothing should not be allowed out of the working period. Appropriate tech					
ethylbenzene       GDZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)         xylene       PC-TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³.         xylene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) [Xylene]         n-butyl acetate       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 150 mg/m³.         mesitylene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) [Xylene]         mesitylene       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 100 mg/m³.         Mesitylene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)         PC-TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³.       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 100 mg/m³.         procedures       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)         Recommended monitoring       :         Recommended monitoring       :         Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       :         Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure       :         Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce e					
xylene       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 150 mg/m³.         n-butyl acetate       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) [Xylene]         mesitylene       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 100 mg/m³.         GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)       PC-TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³.         PC-STEL 15 minutes: 100 mg/m³.       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)         PC-TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³.       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 300 mg/m³.         mesitylene       ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)         [trimethyl benzene, isomers]       TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.         Recommended monitoring       : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure       : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection measures         Hygiene measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befor eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing Contaminated clothing Should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated cloth	ethylbenzene		•		
xylene       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 150 mg/m³.         rxylene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) [Xylene]         n-butyl acetate       PC-TWA 8 hours: 50 mg/m³.         mesitylene       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 100 mg/m³.         mesitylene       PC-TWA 8 hours: 50 mg/m³.         Recommended monitoring       : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure       : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.         idividual protection measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befor eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	etryisenzene				
xyleneGBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) [Xylene] PC-TWA 8 hours: 50 mg/m³. PC-STEL 15 minutes: 100 mg/m³. GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) PC-TWA 8 hours: 50 mg/m³. PC-STEL 15 minutes: 300 mg/m³. 					
n-butyl acetate       PC-TWA 8 hours: 50 mg/m³.         n-butyl acetate       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 100 mg/m³.         mesitylene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)         PC-TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³.       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 300 mg/m³.         Recommended monitoring       :         Recommended monitoring       :         Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       :         Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure controls       :         Environmental exposure       : <td>vylene</td> <td></td> <td></td>	vylene				
n-butyl acetate       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 100 mg/m³.         GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)       PC-TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³.         mesitylene       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 300 mg/m³.         Recommended monitoring procedures       Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure controls       Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, futers or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.         ndividual protection measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befor eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Contaminated work clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eye protection       : Chemical splash goggles.	Xylerie				
n-butyl acetate       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)         PC-TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³.         PC-STEL 15 minutes: 300 mg/m³.         ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)         [trimethyl benzene, isomers]         TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.         Recommended monitoring       : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls have repuirements below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls be explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure controls       : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.         Idividual protection measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befor eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eye protection       : Chemical splash goggles.					
mesitylene       PC-TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³.         PC-STEL 15 minutes: 300 mg/m³.       ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)         [trimethyl benzene, isomers]       TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.         Recommended monitoring procedures       : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure controls       : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensur they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.         dividual protection measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befor eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should not be allowed out of the working period. Appropriate techniques should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eye protection       : Chemical splash goggles. <td>n hutul acetate</td> <td></td> <td></td>	n hutul acetate				
mesitylene       PC-STEL 15 minutes: 300 mg/m³.         ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [trimethyl benzene, isomers]         Recommended monitoring procedures       : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure controls       : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.         adividual protection measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befor eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Contaminated work clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eye protection       : Chemical splash goggles.					
mesitylene       ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.         Recommended monitoring procedures       : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure controls       : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensur they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.         ndividual protection measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befor eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing contaminated work clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eye protection       : Chemical splash goggles.					
Itemation       Itemation         Recommended monitoring procedures       : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure       : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensurt they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.         adividual protection measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befor eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated cothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eye protection       : Chemical splash goggles.	we are the day of a		•		
TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.         Recommended monitoring procedures       : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure controls       : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensur they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.         Individual protection measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befor eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated cothing Contaminated work clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eye protection       : Chemical splash goggles.	mesitylene				
Recommended monitoring       : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure controls       : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.         Idividual protection measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eye protection       : Chemical splash goggles.					
proceduresnational guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.Appropriate engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensur they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.Individual protection measures Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befor eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Contaminated clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye protection: Chemical splash goggles.			TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.		
controlsventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.ndividual protection measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befor eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye protection: Chemical splash goggles.		national guidance docume	nts for methods for the determination of hazardous		
controlsthey comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.ndividual protection measuresWash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye protection:Chemical splash goggles.		ventilation or other engine contaminants below any re also need to keep gas, va	ering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne ecommended or statutory limits. The engineering control por or dust concentrations below any lower explosive		
<ul> <li>Hygiene measures</li> <li>Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.</li> <li>Eye protection</li> </ul>		they comply with the requi cases, fume scrubbers, fill			
<ul> <li>eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.</li> <li>Eye protection : Chemical splash goggles.</li> </ul>	dividual protection measu	res			
Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye protection: Chemical splash goggles.	Hygiene measures				
		Appropriate techniques sh Contaminated work clothir contaminated clothing before	ould be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing og should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash pre reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety		
	Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles.			
	(4) (4) (5) (5) (5) (5) (7)				

Product code 00473977

Product name SIGMADUR 520 BASE RAL 9005

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	uid.	
Color	ck.	
Odor	aracteristic.	
Boiling point	′.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	sed cup: 33°C (91.4°F)	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	available.	
Relative density	2	
Solubility(ies)	dia Result	
oolubility(los)	d water Not soluble	
Viscosity	amic (room temperature): Not available. ematic (room temperature): Not available. ematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s	]

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Product code 00473977

Product name SIGMADUR 520 BASE RAL 9005

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
parium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
methyl ester, polymer with butyl				
2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene,				
1,2-propanediol mono(2-methyl-				
2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic				
acid				
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
light aromatic				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
xylene isomers mixture	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
n-propylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	6040 mg/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
4-piperidyl) sebacate				
rritation/Corrosion				
rritation/Corrosion		1		

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
ylene isomers mixture	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500 mg	-

### **Sensitization**

China Page: 9/15

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono (2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-propylbenzene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-

### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

### Potential acute health effects

- **Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation

- No known significant effects or critical ba
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

	-
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GMADUR 520 BASE RAL 9005 barium sulfate Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene ethylbenzene xylene isomers mixture n-butyl acetate	27544.3 N/A 8400 5000 3500 4300 10768	3489.3 2500 3480 N/A 17800 1700 N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	59.4 N/A N/A 18 17.8 11 N/A	5.6 N/A N/A 1.5 1.5 1.5 N/A

China Page: 11/15

Product code 00473977 Product name SIGMADUR 520 BASE RAL 9005		Date of is	sue 16 Jan	Version 2.02	
Section 11. Toxicological info	rmation				
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	6190	N/A	N/A	30	N/A
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	24	N/A
n-propylbenzene	6040	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

### **Other information**

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours -
n-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours 96 hours

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene n-butyl acetate	- TEPA and OECD 301D		idily - 10 days idily - 28 days	-		-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	83 % - Rea	dily - 28 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
ethylbenzene xylene isomers mixture n-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	- - - -		- - -		Readily Readily Readily Readily	/ /

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low	
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low	
xylene isomers mixture	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low	
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low	
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	3.42	186.21	Low	
n-propylbenzene	3.69	-	Low	

China Page: 12/15

# Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	China	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III	Ш	III	Ш
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)	Not applicable.

#### Additional information

CN	: None identified.
UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq$ 5 L or $\leq$ 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	<ul> <li>The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.</li> </ul>

Product code 00473977

Product name SIGMADUR 520 BASE RAL 9005

# Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user	:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not applicable.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

China inventory (IECSC)	: All components are listed or exempted.
References	<ul> <li>Production Safety Law of the People's Republic of China Code of Occupational Disease Prevention of the People's Republic of China Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China Fire Control Law of the People's Republic of China Regulations on the Control over Safety of Dangerous Chemicals Occupational exposure limits for hazardous agents in the workplace chemical hazardous agents (GBZ2.1) General rule for classification and hazard communication of chemicals (GB13690) Safety data sheet for chemical products - Content and order of sections (GB/ T16483) Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheet for chemical products (GB/ T17519) General rule for preparation of precautionary label for chemicals (GB15258) Safety rules for classification, precautionary label for chemicals (GB15258) Safety rules for classification, precautionary labeling and precautionary statements of chemicals (GB30000.2-29)</li> </ul>
	of chemicals (GB30000.2-29)

# Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 16 January 2025
Date of previous issue	: 12/20/2023
Version	: 2.02
	EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

### Section 16. Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.