SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 16 January 2025

Version 5.04

Section 1. Product and company identification

| Product name |
|-------------------------------|
| Product code |
| Other means of identification |
| Product type |

- : SIGMADUR 550 AMARELO SINAL RAL 1003
- : 5500059L.20
- : Not available.
 - : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

| Uses advised against | Reason |
|----------------------|--------|
| Not applicable. | |

| Supplier's details: | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Supplier | PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu Sumare / SP, Brasil 55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria) |
| Email address: | : HazComLatam@ppg.com |
| Emergency telephone number | : 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Suatrans Cotec 0800 14 8110 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Classification of the substance or mixture | : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 |
|--|--|
| | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 |
| | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
| | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 |
| | TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 |
| | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract |
| | irritation) - Category 3 |
| | AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 |
| | AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 |
| Target organs | : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea. |

| English (US) Brazil | |
|---------------------|--|
|---------------------|--|

| Code 5500059L.20 | | Date of issue | 16 January 2025 | Version | 5.04 |
|---|-----------------|--|---|---|------------------------------|
| Product name SIGMADUR | 550 / | AMARELO SINAL RAL 1003 | | | |
| Section 2. Hazards | s ic | lentification | | | |
| | t | Percentage of the mixture consisting coxicity: 5.6% Percentage of the mixture consisting coxicity: 22.4% | | | |
| | I | Percentage of the mixture consisting aquatic environment: 17.6% | ı of ingredient(s) of unk | nown hazards | to the |
| GHS label elements | | | | | |
| Hazard pictograms | : | | | | |
| Signal word | : \ | Warning | | | |
| Hazard statements | | Flammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the Harmful to aquatic life with long lastin | | | |
| Precautionary statements | | | | | |
| Prevention | ; | Obtain special instructions before us and eye or face protection. Keep aw lames and other ignition sources. No ventilating or lighting equipment. Us static discharges. Avoid release to t horoughly after handling. | ay from heat, hot surfa o smoking. Use explo e non-sparking tools. | aces, sparks, o sion-proof elec Take action to | pen trical, prevent |
| Response | | F exposed or concerned: Get medic POISON CENTER or doctor if you fe CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. contaminated clothing and wash it be water for several minutes. Remove of Continue rinsing. If eye irritation per | eel unwell. IF ON SKIN . Wash with plenty of v efore reuse. IF IN EYE contact lenses, if prese | I: Call a POISC water. Take of S: Rinse cauti nt and easy to | DN f ously with do. |
| Storage | : : | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep | o container tightly close | ed. Keep cool. | |
| Disposal | | Dispose of contents and container in and international regulations. | accordance with all lo | cal, regional, n | ational |
| Other hazards which do not result in classification | : 1 | Prolonged or repeated contact may o | dry skin and cause irrita | ation. | |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

CAS number

: Mixture

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

: Not applicable.

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|---|------------|------------|
| xylene | 30 - <60 | 1330-20-7 |
| barium sulfate | 12.5 - <15 | 7727-43-7 |
| ethylbenzene | 5 - <7 | 100-41-4 |
| n-butyl acetate | 5 - <7 | 123-86-4 |
| titanium dioxide | 3 - <5 | 13463-67-7 |
| calcium carbonate | 2 - <3 | 471-34-1 |
| Silica, vitreous | 1 - <2 | 60676-86-0 |
| bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate | 0.2 - <0.5 | 41556-26-7 |
| toluene | 0.1 - <0.2 | 108-88-3 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact | : | Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. |
|---|-----------|---|
| Inhalation | : | Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. |
| Skin contact | : | Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. |
| Ingestion | : | If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. |
| Indication of immediate medi | <u>ca</u> | l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |
| Notes to physician Specific treatments | | In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |
| Potential acute health effects | | |
| Eye contact | 4 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Inhalation | | Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. |
| Skin contact | - | May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. |



3/14

Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

| Section 5. Fire-fig | ghting measures |
|--|---|
| Extinguishing media | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protect | ive equipment and emergency procedures |
|-------------------------------|---|
| personnel | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions : | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. |

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

4/14

| Code Product na | 5500059L.2 me S | | Date of issue AMARELO SINAL RAL 1003 | 16 January 2025 | Version | 5.04 |
|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---|---|---|--|
| Sectio | on 6. Ac | ccidenta | al release measures | | | |
| Small spil | I | a A a | Stop leak if without risk. Move con nd explosion-proof equipment. Di Iternatively, or if water-insoluble, a ppropriate waste disposal contain- ontractor. | lute with water and mop ubsorb with an inert dry m | up if water-solu aterial and pla | ıble. ce in an |
| Large spil | I | a s c a L | Stop leak if without risk. Move con nd explosion-proof equipment. Ap ewers, water courses, basements iffluent treatment plant or proceed ombustible, absorbent material e.g nd place in container for disposal Dispose of via a licensed waste dis naterial may pose the same hazard | pproach release from upv or confined areas. Wasl as follows. Contain and g. sand, earth, vermiculite according to local regulat posal contractor. Contar | vind. Prevent e h spillages into collect spillage or diatomace ions (see Sect ninated absorb | entry into an with non- ous earth ion 13). pent |

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe : handling | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|---|
| Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities | Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

5.04

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| ₩ylene | Ministry of Labor and Employment (Braz 11/2001) [Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)] TWA 8 hours: 78 ppm. | | |
| barium sulfate | TWA 8 hours: 340 mg/m ³ . ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable fraction. | | |
| ethylbenzene | Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazi 11/2001) TWA 8 hours: 78 ppm. | | |
| n-butyl acetate | TWA 8 hours: 340 mg/m ³ . ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) [Butyl acetates] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. | | |
| titanium dioxide | TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m ³ . Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles. | | |
| calcium carbonate | ACGIH TLV (United States) TWA: 10 mg/m ³ . Form: Total dust. TWA: 3 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable. | | |
| toluene | Ministry of Labor and Employment (Braz 11/2001) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 78 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 290 mg/m ³ . | | |
| Recommended monitoring procedures | Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. | | |
| Appropriate engineering controls | Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. | | |
| Environmental exposure controls | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. | | |
| ndividual protection measu | | | |
| Hygiene measures | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. | | |
| Eye protection Skin protection | Chemical splash goggles. | | |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| • | • • |
|--|---|
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Body protection Other skin protection | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be |
| | selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u> | | | | |
|--|---|-------------------------|---------------|--|
| Physical state | : | iquid. | | |
| Color | 1 | Yellow. | ellow. | |
| Odor | 1 | Not available. | ot available. | |
| рН | : | Not applicable. | | |
| Melting point | : | Not available. | | |
| Boiling point | : | >37.78°C (>100°F) | | |
| Flash point | : | Closed cup: 25°C (77°F) | | |
| Evaporation rate | : | Not available. | | |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : | Not available. | | |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : | Not available. | | |
| Vapor pressure | : | Not available. | | |
| Vapor density | : | Not available. | | |
| Relative density | : | 1.29 | | |
| | | Media | Result | |
| Solubility(ies) | • | cold water | Not soluble | |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : | Not applicable. | | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : | Not available. | | |
| Decomposition temperature | : | Not available. | | |
| | | | | |

English (US)

| Code 5500059L.20 | Date of issue | 16 January 2025 | Version | 5.04 |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|-------------------|------------|
| Product name SIGMADU | JR 550 AMARELO SINAL RAL 1003 | | | |
| Section 9. Physic | al and chemical proper | ties | | |
| Viscosity | : Dynamic (room temperature): Not Kinematic (room temperature): No Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mn | t available. | | |
| Viscosity | : 60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm) | | | |
| Section 10. Stabi | lity and reactivity | | | |
| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to rea | ctivity available for this p | product or its in | gredients. |
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. | | | |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storag | nder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. | | |
| Conditions to avoid | : When exposed to high temperatur products. | es may produce hazardo | ous decomposi | tion |
| Incompatible materials | : Keep away from the following mate oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, str | | exothermic read | ctions: |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Depending on conditions, decomp carbon oxides nitrogen oxides su oxides | | | |

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|--------------|----------|
| x ylene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1.7 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4.3 g/kg | - |
| barium sulfate | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 17.8 mg/l | 4 hours |
| - | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 17.8 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3.5 g/kg | - |
| n-butyl acetate | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | >21.1 mg/l | 4 hours |
| - | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 2000 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >17600 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 10.768 g/kg | - |
| titanium dioxide | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >6.82 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| calcium carbonate | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 6450 mg/kg | - |
| bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3.125 g/kg | - |
| 4-piperidyl) sebacate | | | | |
| toluene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 49 g/m³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 8.39 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5580 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|---------------------------|------------|--|--------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| x ylene | Skin - Mod | erate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | | mg | |
| Conclusion/Summary | | | | | | |
| Skin | : There ar | e no data av | ailable on the mix | cture itself. | | |
| Eyes | : There ar | e no data av | ailable on the mi | cture itself. | | |
| Respiratory | : There ar | e no data av | ailable on the mix | cture itself. | | |
| <u>Sensitization</u> | | | | | | |
| Not available. | | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | | | | | | |
| Skin | : There ar | e no data av | ailable on the mix | dure itself. | | |
| Respiratory | : There ar | There are no data available on the mixture itself. | | | | |
| Mutagenicity | | | | | | |
| Not available. | | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | • There ar | e no data av | ailable on the mix | turo itsolf | | |
| Carcinogenicity | | | | | | |
| Not available. | | | | | | |
| Not available. | | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There ar | e no data av | ailable on the mix | cture itself. | | |
| Classification | | | | | | |
| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP | | | |
| x ylene | - | 3 | - | | | |
| ethylbenzene | - | 2B · | - | | | |
| titanium dioxide | - | 2B · | - | | | |

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

-

_

Reproductive toxicity

Silica, vitreous

toluene

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

3

3

-

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. <u>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</u>

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| xylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|------|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| | Category 2 Category 2 | - | hearing organs - |

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|--------------|--|
| ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

| Information on the likely routes of exposure | : Not available. |
|---|---|
| Potential acute health effec | <u>ts</u> |
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Inhalation | : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. |
| Skin contact | : May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Symptoms related to the ph Eye contact Inhalation | Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation |
| | coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |

| Skin contact | Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
|--------------|---|
| Ingestion | Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

| Conclusion/Summary | There are no data available on the mixture itself. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. |
|---|--|
| Short term exposure Potential immediate effects | There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Potential delayed effects Long term exposure | There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Potential immediate effects | There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Potential delayed effects | There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Potential chronic health eff | <u>S</u> |
| Not available. | |
| General | Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. |
| Carcinogenicity | Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. |
| Mutagenicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

| Brazil | |
|--------|--------|
| | Brazil |

5.04

Reproductive toxicity

: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| SIGMADUR 550 AMARELO SINAL RAL 1003 | 11559.8 | 4053.3 | N/A | 25.2 | 3.2 |
| xylene | 4300 | 1700 | N/A | 11 | 1.5 |
| barium sulfate | N/A | 2500 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| ethylbenzene | 3500 | 17800 | N/A | 17.8 | 1.5 |
| n-butyl acetate | 10768 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| calcium carbonate | 6450 | 2500 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate | 3125 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| toluene | 5580 | 8390 | N/A | 49 | N/A |

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|
| ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia | - |
| n-butyl acetate | Acute LC50 18 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| titanium dioxide | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> | 48 hours |
| calcium carbonate | Acute EC10 >14 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |

Persistence/degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | | Dose | | Inoculum |
|--|----------------------------|--------|----------------------------------|------|--|------------|
| ethylbenzene n-butyl acetate | - TEPA and OECD 301D | | dily - 10 days dily - 28 days | - | | - |
| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | | Photolysis | | Biodeg | radability |
| vylene ethylbenzene n-butyl acetate toluene | - - - - | | - - - - | | Readily Readily Readily Readily | / / |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| Viene | 3.12 | 7.4 to 18.5 | Low |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | 79.43 | Low |
| n-butyl acetate | 2.3 | - | Low |
| toluene | 2.73 | 8.32 | Low |

| English (US) | Brazil | 12/14 |
|--------------|--------|-------|
| | | |

Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition | |
|----------------------|--|
| coefficient (Koc) | |

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | Brazil (ANTT) | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | III | III | III |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

Additional information

| Brazil | : None identified. |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| Risk number | : 30 |
| IMDG | : None identified. |
| ΙΑΤΑ | : None identified. |

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

| Code Product nam | 5500059L 1e | .20 SIGMADUR 550 AMARELO SINAL | Date of issue RAL 1003 | 16 January 2025 | Version | 5.04 |
|---------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|---------|------|
| Sectio | n 14. | Transport informa | ation | | | |

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

| <u>History</u> | |
|------------------------|---|
| Date of previous issue | : 11/25/2024 |
| Version | : 5.04 |
| Prepared by | : EHS |
| Key to abbreviations | ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations |
| References | : ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency |
| | |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.