SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision 27 January 2025

Version 10



Section 1. Identification

Product code : 40930-BHARD/2.4L

Product identifier : PHENGUARD 930/935/940 HARDENER

Recommended use and restrictions

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against

: Not applicable.

Supplier's details

: PPG Industries Australia Pty Limited

(ABN 82 055 500 939) 14-20 McNaughton Rd CLAYTON Victoria 3168

Tel: (03) 9263 6000 Fax: (03) 9263 6970

24/7 Emergency telephone

number

: Australia 1800 883 254 / New Zealand 0800 000 096 For international shipping emergencies: 1-412-391-1618

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : DANGER

Hazard statements : Flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid breathing vapour.

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Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Response F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED:

> Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. **Storage**

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national **Disposal**

and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

: Not applicable.

result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture : Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable. **EC** number Mixture.

Ingredient name	CAS number	% (w/w)
xylene	1330-20-7	10 - <30
3-aminopropyldiethylamine	104-78-9	10 - <30
benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	10 - <30
2-methylpropan-1-ol	78-83-1	1 - <10
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	1477-55-0	1 - <10
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1 - <10
N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine	1760-24-3	1 - <10

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment or have an OEL and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running

water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical

attention.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Ingestion

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contactInhalationCauses serious eye damage.May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising

from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with

the risk of a subsequent explosion.

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Section 5. Firefighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

•3W Hazchem code

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

x ylene	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 10/2022) [Xylene (o-, m-, p- isomers)] STEL 15 minutes: 655 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 350 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 80 ppm.
benzyl alcohol	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2023) Absorbed through skin. PEAK 15 minutes: 44 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. PEAK 15 minutes: 10 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. TWA 8 hours: 22 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 5 ppm.
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 10/2022) TWA 8 hours: 152 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 10/2022) Absorbed through skin. PEAK: 0.1 mg/m³.

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Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

ethylbenzene Safe Work Australia (Australia, 10/2022)

STEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

For products that are sprayed, where practicable use a spray booth designed and maintained in accordance with AS/ NZS 4114.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Gloves
Body protection

: nitrile neoprene

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Restrictions on use

: Not applicable.

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Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

References: Eye protectors should conform to AS/NZS 1336 and AS/NZS 1337. Chemical-resistant gloves should conform to AS/NZS 2161.1. Respiratory protection should conform to AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. Occupational footwear should conform to AS/NZS 2210.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. : Clear. Colour Odour : Amine-like. **Odour threshold** : Not available. : Not applicable. **Melting point** : Not available.

: >37.78°C (>100°F) **Boiling point**

Flash point : Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F)

: Not available. **Evaporation rate** : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

: Not available. Vapour pressure Vapour density : Not available.

Relative density 0.93

Bulk Density (g/cm³) : 0.93

Media Result Solubility(ies) cold water Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-: Not applicable.

octanol/water

: 225°C (437°F) **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

Viscosity : 30 - <40 s (ISO 6mm)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. Reactivity

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7). When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
x ylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
3-aminopropyldiethylamine	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	524 mg/kg	-
, , , ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	550 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
m-phenylenebis	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	700 ppm	1 hours
(methylamine)				
,	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male,	>3100 mg/kg	-
		Female		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
ethylenediamine				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2413 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
m-phenylenebis (methylamine)	Skin - Severe irritant	Rat	-	mg 4 hours	4 hours

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Eyes** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitisation

•	Route of exposure	Species	Result
m-phenylenebis (methylamine)	skin	Mouse	Sensitising

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself. : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Respiratory

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

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Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
kylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
3-aminopropyldiethylamine	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes: Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: **Eye contact**

pain watering redness

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion

> stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. Can form nitrosamines in the presence of certain organic materials and if heated. Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. Exposure to amine vapor has been reported to cause transient corneal edema described as blue haze, halo effect, foggy or blurred vision for several hours. This condition is typically temporary and does not cause permanent visual effects. When the proper eye protection specified in Section 8 is worn, exposure is significantly reduced and the condition has not been observed.

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects

Long term exposure

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential immediate

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Reproductive toxicity: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
PHENGUARD 930/935/940 HARDENER xylene 3-aminopropyldiethylamine benzyl alcohol 2-methylpropan-1-ol m-phenylenebis(methylamine) ethylbenzene N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine	2188.7 4300 550 1200 2830 930 3500 2413	2173.4 1700 524 N/A 2460 N/A 17800 N/A	83501.1 N/A N/A N/A N/A 4500 N/A N/A	35.1 11 N/A N/A 24.6 N/A 17.8 N/A	10.2 N/A N/A 1.5 N/A N/A N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
3-aminopropyldiethylamine	Acute EC50 34 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 30.16 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 146.6 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl) ethylenediamine	EC50 597 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
3-aminopropyldiethylamine	OECD 301A Ready Biodegradability - DOC Die-Away Test	90 to 100 % - Read days	ily - 28	-	-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10	days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	S	Biodegradability
kylene 3-aminopropyldiethylamine benzyl alcohol ethylbenzene	-		- - -		Readily Readily Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

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Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	Low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low
m-phenylenebis	0.18	2.69	Low
(methylamine)			
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers

Section 14. Transport information

	ADG	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3470	UN3470	UN3470
UN proper shipping name	PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE	PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE	PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE
Transport hazard class (es)	8 (3)	8 (3)	8 (3)
Packing group	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

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Section 14. Transport information

Additional information

ADG : None identified.

Hazchem code : •3W

: None identified. **IMDG** : None identified. **IATA**

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SUSMP : Not scheduled

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

No listed substance

Australia inventory (AIIC) : All components are listed or exempted. **New Zealand (NZIoC)** : All components are listed or exempted.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Any other relevant information

History

Date of issue/Date of : 27 January 2025

revision

Date of previous issue : 6/15/2022 **Prepared by** : EHS

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Section 16. Any other relevant information

Key to abbreviations

: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) NOHSC = National Occupational Health and Safety Commission SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons

UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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