# SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2023.

Date of issue/Date of revision 13 February 2025

Version 12

### Section 1. Identification

Product name : HPC RUST PREVENTATIVE ALKYD SG 4306 WHITE BASE

Product code : 00407128

Other means of : Not available.

identification

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Consumer applications, Professional applications, Used by spraying.

**Use of the substance/** 

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against : Not applicable.

Supplier : PPG Architectural Coatings Canada, Inc.

1550, rue Ampère, bureau 500 Boucherville (Québec) J4B 7L4

Canada

+1 450-655-3121

PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada)

SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)

**Technical Phone Number**: 888-977-4762

### Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1

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### Product name HPC RUST PREVENTATIVE ALKYD SG 4306 WHITE BASE

### Section 2. Hazard identification

This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

# GHS label elements Hazard pictograms







### Signal word Hazard statements

: Danger

: Flammable liquid and vapor.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS))

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

#### **Precautionary statements**

**General** 

**Prevention** 

Response

Storage Disposal

Supplemental label elements

: Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

- : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
- : F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
- : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- : Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. DANGER RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE SOAKED WITH THIS PRODUCT MAY SPONTANEOUSLY CATCH FIRE IF IMPROPERLY DISCARDED. IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH USE, PLACE RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE IN A SEALED WATER-FILLED METAL CONTAINER.

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### Product name HPC RUST PREVENTATIVE ALKYD SG 4306 WHITE BASE

### Section 2. Hazard identification

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 31.5% (oral), 51.7% (dermal), 57.1% (inhalation)

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

**Product name** 

: HPC RUST PREVENTATIVE ALKYD SG 4306 WHITE BASE

Other means of identification

: Not available.

### **CAS** number/other identifiers

| Ingredient name                            | Synonyms  | % (w/w)  | CAS number |
|--|---|----------|------------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Straight run kerosine; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, medium aliphatic; Medium aliphatic solvent naphta, petroleum; Solvent naphtha medium aliphatic; Solvent naphtha, medium aliph.; Stoddard Solvent; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic; MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM); Straight run white spirit; White spirit type 0, regular flash point; Medium aliphatic solvent naphtha (petroleum) C9-C12  | 10 - 30* | 64742-88-7 |
| Limestone                                  | Calcium carbonate; Marble; calcite;<br>MARBLE DUST; VALERITE; GROUND<br>LIMESTONE; LIMESTONE FLOUR;<br>LIMESTONE, GROUND; Agstone;<br>CALCIUM CARBONATE (MARBLE)  | 10 - 30* | 1317-65-3  |
| titanium dioxide                           | Titanium oxide; Titanium oxide (TiO2); CI 77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutile; C.I. Pigment White 6; titanium dioxide coated with isopropoxytitanium triisostearate, containing by weight 1,5 % or more but not more than 2,5 % of isopropoxytitanium triisostearate; glass flakes (CAS RN 65997-17-3): — of a thickness of 0,3 µm or more but not more than 10 µm, and — coated with titanium dioxide (CAS RN 13463-67-7) or iron oxide (CAS RN 18282- 10-5); titanium dioxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00; C.I. 77891; E 171; titanium(IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00 | 10 - 30* | 13463-67-7 |
| Kaolin                                     | Argilla; Porcelain clay; Hydrite; Hydrated aluminum silicate; Clay; China clay; μ- [1,3-dioxodisiloxane-1,3-diolato(2-)-κΟ1: κΟ3](dioxo)dialuminum dihydrate; E 559; kaolin; China clay; aluminium silicate, hydrated; oxo-oxoalumanyloxy-[oxo (oxoalumanyloxy)silyl]oxysilane dihydrate; Clay (kaolin); KAOLIN DUST  | 1 - 5*   | 1332-58-7  |

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# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| occurrent of composition                            |  |          |            |
|---|--|----------|------------|
| Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, neodymium (3+) salt (3:1)  | Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, neodymium(3+) salt; Neodymium tris(2-ethylhexanoate)  | 0.1 - 1* | 73227-23-3 |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns) | alpha-quartz; Silica, crystalline (quartz);<br>Silica, Crystalline Quartz; SILICA,<br>CRYSTALLINE, QUARTZ; Silica-<br>Crystalline, Quartz; Silica - Crystalline<br>Quartz; Silica-Crystalline : Quartz; Silica,<br>crystalline - quartz  | 0.1 - 1* | 14808-60-7 |
| 2-butanone oxime                                    | butanone oxime; ethyl methyl ketoxime; ethyl methyl ketone oxime; 2-Butanone, oxime; METHYL ETHYL KETOXIME; METHYL ETHYL KETONE OXIME; ethyl methyl ketoxime; ethyl methyl ketone oxime; N-Butan-2-ylidenehydroxylamine; MEKO; Butan-2-one oxime; Methyl alkyl (C2-4) ketoxime   | 0.1 - 1* | 96-29-7    |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | alpha-quartz; Silica, crystalline (quartz);<br>Silica, Crystalline Quartz; SILICA,<br>CRYSTALLINE, QUARTZ; Silica-<br>Crystalline, Quartz; Silica - Crystalline<br>Quartz; Silica-Crystalline : Quartz; Silica,<br>crystalline - quartz  | 0.1 - 1* | 14808-60-7 |
| ethylbenzene  | Benzene, ethyl-; Phenylethane; Ethylbenzol; photosensitive emulsion consisting of cyclized polyisoprene containing: — 55 % or more but not more than 75 % by weight of xylene (CAS RN 1330-20-7) and — 12 % or more but not more than 18 % by weight of ethylbenzene (CAS RN 100-41-4); EB; Mono-(or di-) methyl (ethyl,bromoallyl, bromopropyloxycarbonyl orchloropropyloxycarbonyl) benzene                              | 0.1 - 1* | 100-41-4   |
| cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)                        | Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, cobalt(2+) salt (2: 1); Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, cobalt(2+) salt; Cobalt octoate; Cobalt 2-ethylhexanoate; Cobalt(2+) bis(2-ethylhexanoate); Cobalt (II) 2-ethylhexanoate; Aliphatic monocarboxylic acid (C6-28) salt (Pb, Cu, Mn, Zn, Zr, Ce, Cd, Sn, Sr, Co); 2-Ethylhexanoic acid cobalt(2+) salt; Cobaltous octoate; HEXANOATE, 2-ETHYL-, COBALT (II); HEXANOIC ACID, 2-ETHYL, COBALT(2+)SALT | 0.1 - 1* | 136-52-7   |

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

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### Product name HPC RUST PREVENTATIVE ALKYD SG 4306 WHITE BASE

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact**: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the

eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

**Skin contact**: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

**Ingestion**: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic

skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

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### Product name HPC RUST PREVENTATIVE ALKYD SG 4306 WHITE BASE

### Section 4. First-aid measures

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways. drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### **Special precautions**

: Ingestion of product or cured coating may be harmful. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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### Product name HPC RUST PREVENTATIVE ALKYD SG 4306 WHITE BASE

### Section 7. Handling and storage

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits** 

| Ingredient name                            | Exposure limits   |
|--|---|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Mineral Spirits]            |
| Limestone                                  | TWA 8 hours: 525 mg/m³.  CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)     |
| Limestone                                  | [Calcium carbonate]   |
|  | OEL 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .                                 |
|  | CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,                             |
|  | 4/2024)   |
|  | TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³. Form: Total dust. STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m³. |
|  | TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m³. Form: respirable                              |
|  | fraction.   |
|  | CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)                               |
|  | TWAEV 8 hours: 10 mg/m³. Form: total                                |
|  | particulate matter.  CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,            |
|  | 4/2021) [Limestone]   |
|  | STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m³.  |
|  | TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³.  |
|  | CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,                                 |
|  | 4/2021) [Calcium carbonate]   |
|  | STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m³.  |
|  | TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .                                 |
| titanium dioxide                           | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)                              |
|  | OEL 8 hours: 10 mg/m³.  |
|  | CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,                             |
|  | 4/2024)   |
|  | TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³. Form: Total dust.                            |
|  | CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³.       |
|  | CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)                               |
|  | TWAEV 8 hours: 10 mg/m³. Form: total                                |
|  | particulate matter.   |
|  | CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,                                 |
|  | 4/2021)   |
|  | STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m³.  |
|  | TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .                                 |
| Kaolin                                     | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)                              |
|  | OEL 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable.                             |

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, neodymium(3+) salt (3:1) crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)

2-butanone oxime

crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable

particulate matter...

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)

TWAEV 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable aerosol fraction.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)

STEL 15 minutes: 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable fraction.

TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable fraction.

None.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)

OEL 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable particulate.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) [silica, crystalline - alpha quartz and cristobalite]

TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Silica, Crystalline (Quartz/Tripoli)]

TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable particulate matter..

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [Silica Crystalline -Quartz]

TWAEV 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable aerosol fraction.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)

TWA 8 hours: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable fraction.

IPEL (-)

TWA: 3 ppm. STEL: 9 ppm.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)

OEL 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form:

Respirable particulate.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) [silica, crystalline - alpha quartz and cristobalite]

TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Silica, Crystalline (Quartz/Tripoli)]

TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³. Form: Respirable particulate matter...

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [Silica Crystalline -Quartz]

TWAEV 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable aerosol fraction.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

ethylbenzene

cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,

TWA 8 hours: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form:

respirable fraction.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)

OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. OEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. OEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,

4/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)

TWAEV 8 hours: 20 ppm.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)

STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) [cobalt and inorganic compounds]

Skin sensitizer, Inhalation sensitizer. TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m³ (as Co). Form:

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) [cobalt and inorganic compounds (inhalable)] Skin sensitizer, Inhalation

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Cobalt and inorganic compounds]

TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m³ (as Co). CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [Cobalt elemental, and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitizer, Inhalation sensitizer.

TWAEV 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m³ (as Co). Form: inhalable aerosol fraction.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) [Cobalt and inorganic compounds]

STEL 15 minutes: 0.06 mg/m³ (measured as Co).

TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m³ (measured as

Co).

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

procedures

**Recommended monitoring**: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection
Skin protection
Hand protection

: Safety glasses with side shields.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately

estimated.

Gloves

: butyl rubber

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Not available.
Odor : Characteristic.
pH : Not applicable.
Melting point : Not available.
Boiling point : >37.78°C (>100°F)

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flash point : Closed cup: 41°C (105.8°F)

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. **Flammability** : Not available. : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits Vapor pressure

: Not available. : Not available.

**Relative density** : 1.26 Density (lbs/gal) : 10.52

Media Result Solubility(ies)

cold water Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Vapor density

: Not applicable.

: Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. **Viscosity** 

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>21 cSt)

% Solid. (w/w) : 72.531

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous** reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name                    | Result                            | Dose                 |
|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Rat - Oral - LD50                 | >5000 mg/kg          |
|  | Rabbit - Dermal - LD50            | >3000 mg/kg          |
| Limestone                                  | Rat - Oral - LD50                 | 6450 mg/kg           |
| titanium dioxide                           | Rat - Oral - LD50                 | >5000 mg/kg          |
|  | Rabbit - Dermal - LD50            | >5000 mg/kg          |
|  | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and | >6.82 mg/l [4 hours] |
|  | mists                             |                      |
| Kaolin                                     | Rat - Oral - LD50                 | >5000 mg/kg          |
|  | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and | >5.07 mg/l [4 hours] |
|  | mists                             |                      |
| 2-butanone oxime                           | Rabbit - Dermal - LD50            | 1100 mg/kg           |
|  | Rat - Oral - LD50                 | 100 mg/kg            |
| ethylbenzene                               | Rat - Oral - LD50                 | 3.5 g/kg             |
|  | Rabbit - Dermal - LD50            | 17.8 g/kg            |
|  | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor     | 17.8 mg/l [4 hours]  |
| cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)               | Rabbit - Dermal - LD50            | >5 g/kg              |
|  | Rat - Oral - LD50                 | 3129 mg/kg           |

**Product Conclusion** 

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Skin corrosion/irritation** 

Conclusion/Summary

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

**Conclusion/Summary** 

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory corrosion/irritation** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitization** 

Skin

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Classification** 

| Product/ingredient name                             | OSHA | IARC | NTP  |
|---|------|------|--|
| titanium dioxide                                    | -    | 2B   | -  |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns) | +    | 1    | Known to be a human carcinogen.                  |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | +    | 1    | Known to be a human carcinogen.                  |
| ethylbenzene  | -    | 2B   | -  |
| cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)                        | -    | 2B   | Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen. |

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

### Reproductive toxicity

|  | Canada | Page: 13/18 |
|--|--------|-------------|
|--|--------|-------------|

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### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Result   |
|-------------------------|--|
|                         | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name  | Result  |
|--|---|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.                       | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central nervous system (CNS)) - Category 1  |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) ethylbenzene | SPECIFIC TARGÉT ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (inhalation) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 2 |

**Target organs** 

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, skin, eyes. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS), stomach.

### **Aspiration hazard**

| Product/ingredient name                                 | Result  |
|---|---|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic

skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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skeletal malformations

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Short term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects

Potential chronic health effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Conclusion/Summary** 

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**General** 

: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity

: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

**Numerical measures of toxicity** 

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

| Product/ingredient name                        | Oral (mg/<br>kg) | Dermal<br>(mg/kg) | Inhalation<br>(gases)<br>(ppm) | Inhalation<br>(vapors)<br>(mg/l) | Inhalation<br>(dusts<br>and mists)<br>(mg/l) |
|--|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| PPC RUST PREVENTATIVE ALKYD SG 4306 WHITE BASE | N/A              | 4712.5            | N/A                            | N/A                              | N/A  |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.     | N/A              | 2500              | N/A                            | N/A                              | N/A  |
| Limestone                                      | 6450             | N/A               | N/A                            | N/A                              | N/A  |
| 2-butanone oxime                               | 500              | 1100              | N/A                            | N/A                              | N/A  |
| ethylbenzene                                   | 3500             | 17800             | N/A                            | 17.8                             | 1.5  |
| cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)                   | 3129             | N/A               | N/A                            | N/A                              | N/A  |

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result  | Species                        |
|-------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| <b>☑</b> mestone        | Acute - LC50 >56000 mg/l [96 hours]               | Fish                           |
| titanium dioxide        | Acute - LC50 - Fresh water >100 mg/l [48 hours]   | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> |
| ethylbenzene            | Acute - EC50 - Fresh water<br>1.8 mg/l [48 hours] | Daphnia                        |
|                         | Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water 1 mg/l               | Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia   |

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Result                  |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| <b>e</b> thylbenzene    | 79% [10 days] - Readily |

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name               | LogPow | BCF   | Potential |
|---------------------------------------|--------|-------|-----------|
| <b>2</b> -butanone oxime ethylbenzene | 0.63   | 5.01  | Low       |
|                                       | 3.6    | 79.43 | Low       |

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/Water partition coefficient

: Not available.

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# Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

# **Section 14. Transport information**

|                             | TDG   | IMDG  | IATA   |  |  |
|-----------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| UN number                   | UN1263  | UN1263  | UN1263   |  |  |
| UN proper shipping name     | PAINT   | PAINT   | PAINT  |  |  |
| Transport hazard class (es) | 3   | 3   | 3  |  |  |
| Packing group               | III   | III   | III  |  |  |
| Environmental hazards       | Yes.  | Yes.  | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |  |  |
| Marine pollutant substances | (Solvent naphtha (petroleum),<br>medium aliph.) | (Solvent naphtha (petroleum),<br>medium aliph.) | Not applicable.  |  |  |

### **Additional information**

: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail. **TDG** 

**IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation **IATA** 

regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

**Proof of classification** statement

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous

Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

**National Inventory List** 

Canada inventory ( DSL ) : All components are listed or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Date of issue/Date of

13 February 2025

revision

Organization that prepared

: EHS

the SDS

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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