### SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2023.

Date of issue/Date of revision 15 February 2025

Version 6.02

### Section 1. Identification

Product name : HI-TEMP 900 ALUMINUM RESIN

Product code : 00440534

Other means of : Not available.

identification

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

**Uses advised against**: Not applicable.

Supplier : PPG Architectural Coatings Canada, Inc.

1550, rue Ampère, bureau 500 Boucherville (Québec) J4B 7L4

Canada

+1 450-655-3121

PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272

Emergency telephone

number

: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada)

SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)

**Technical Phone Number**: 888-977-4762

### Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B

Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms





Canada Page: 1/20

### **Product name HI-TEMP 900 ALUMINUM RESIN**

### Section 2. Hazard identification

### Signal word

: Danger

**Hazard statements** 

: Flammable liquid and vapor.

Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

#### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** 

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

#### Response

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

## Storage Disposal

: Store locked up.

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

## Supplemental label elements

: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 40.6% (oral), 59.2% (dermal), 24.4% (inhalation)

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

**Product name** 

: HI-TEMP 900 ALUMINUM RESIN

Other means of identification

: Not available.

**CAS** number/other identifiers

Canada Page: 2/20

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
dimethyl carbonate	Carbonic acid, dimethyl ester; METHYL CARBONATE	7 - 13*	616-38-6
glass, oxide, chemicals	Glass, oxide; Glassy sodium phosphate; Lead borosilicate glass enamel flux; Sodium calcium magnesium polyphosphate; Sodium calcium magnesium silica polyphosphate; Sodium calcium polyphosphate; Sodium zinc potassium polyphosphate; Fibrous glass; glass, fibrous; Glass; Sodium zinc polyphosphate	5 - 10*	65997-17-3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Kerosine - unspecified; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic; (Polyethyl) benzenes; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy arom ultra low naphthalene; Heavy aromatic solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha; Heavy solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom; AROMATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE; Solvent Naphtha (petroleum)	5 - 10*	64742-94-5
Wollastonite	Calcium silicate; calcium silicate, naturally occurring as wollastonite; Wollastonite (Ca (SiO3)); Fibres-Natural Mineral Fibres, Wollastonite; Aedelforsite; CALCIUM METASILICATES; wollastonite dust; wollastonie; calcium,dioxido(oxo)silane	5 - 10*	13983-17-0
Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether (MW<=700)		5 - 10*	28064-14-4
aluminium powder (stabilised)	aluminium powder (stabilised)	5 - 10*	7429-90-5
Mica-group minerals	Mica group minerals; Dimonite; mica; Micatex; Minerals, mica group; Silicate, mica; Silicates (less than 1 % crystalline silica) Mica; Silicates, Mica; Zimmwaldite; Roscoelite; Phlogopite	5 - 10*	12001-26-2
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-; Benzene, 1-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl)-; 4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride; 1-chloro-4- (trifluoromethyl)benzene; Toluene, p- chloro-alpha,alpha,alpha-trifluoro-; p- chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene; para- chlorobenzotrifluoride; PCBTF; 4-trifluoromethylchlorobenzene; p- chlorobenzotrifluoride; parachlorobenzotrifluoride	5 - 10*	98-56-6
barium diboron tetraoxide	Boric acid (HBO2), barium salt (2:1); Boric acid (HBO2), barium salt; Barium metaborate; Boric acid, Barium salt;	3 - 7*	13701-59-2

Canada Page: 3/20

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	barium borate; Barium bis(dioxoborate); BARIUM METABORATE MONOHYDRATE		
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics		1 - 5*	64742-48-9
butanone	ethyl methyl ketone; 2-Butanone; Methyl ethyl ketone; MEK; 2-Butanone (Methyl ethyl ketone); Methyl acetone; butane-2-one; 2-oxobutane; methyl ethyl ketone; butanone-2; ketobutan; MEC; MEETCO; MEK; methyl acetone; methylethylketone; oxobutane; ethylmethylketone;; butan-2-one; Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK) (I,T)	0.5 - 1.5*	78-93-3
1-nitropropane	Propane, 1-nitro-; Nitropropane; 1-NP; nitropropane-1; Antiseptic Preservative	0.5 - 1.5*	108-03-2
naphthalene	White tar; Tar camphor; Naphthalin; naphthalene, pure; naphthalene, crude; MOTH FLAKES; Naphthalene (8CA & 9CA); naphthalene [PAH, POM]; NAPHTHALENE, REFINED; NAPHTHALENE, MOLTEN; naphtalene	0.1 - 1*	91-20-3
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	alpha-quartz; Silica, crystalline (quartz); Silica, Crystalline Quartz; SILICA, CRYSTALLINE, QUARTZ; Silica- Crystalline, Quartz; Silica - Crystalline Quartz; Silica-Crystalline : Quartz; Silica, crystalline - quartz	0.1 - 1*	14808-60-7
ethylbenzene	Benzene, ethyl-; Phenylethane; Ethylbenzol; photosensitive emulsion consisting of cyclized polyisoprene containing: — 55 % or more but not more than 75 % by weight of xylene (CAS RN 1330-20-7) and — 12 % or more but not more than 18 % by weight of ethylbenzene (CAS RN 100-41-4); EB; Mono-(or di-) methyl (ethyl,bromoallyl, bromopropyloxycarbonyl) orchloropropyloxycarbonyl) benzene	0.1 - 1*	100-41-4

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Canada Page: 4/20

Date of issue 15 February 2025 Version 6.02

### Product code 00440534

**Product name HI-TEMP 900 ALUMINUM RESIN** 

### Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact**: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the

eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

**Skin contact**: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

Canada Page: 5/20

### **Product name HI-TEMP 900 ALUMINUM RESIN**

### Section 4. First-aid measures

#### **Protection of first-aiders**

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

**Unsuitable extinguishing** media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways. drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Canada Page: 6/20

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

### **Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### **Special precautions**

: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental

Canada Page: 7/20

### **Section 7. Handling and storage**

contamination.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Canada Page: 8/20

**Product name HI-TEMP 900 ALUMINUM RESIN** 

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.

Wollastonite

Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether (MW<=700) Aluminium powder (stabilized)

#### filament]

TWAEV 8 hours: 1 fibers/cm³. Form: RESPIRABLE FIBRES (other than respirable asbestos fibres): Objects, other than respirable asbestos fibres, longer than 5  $\mu$ m, having a diameter of less than 3  $\mu$ m and a ratio of length to diameter of more than 3:1..

TWAEV 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: inhalable aerosol fraction.

### CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [Fibres - Artificial Vitreous Mineral Fibres (note 4) - Fibrous glass, microfibres]

TWAEV 8 hours: 1 fibers/cm³. Form: RESPIRABLE FIBRES (other than respirable asbestos fibres): Objects, other than respirable asbestos fibres, longer than 5  $\mu$ m, having a diameter of less than 3  $\mu$ m and a ratio of length to diameter of more than 3:1..

None

## CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)

TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable particulate matter..

## CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [Wollastonite]

TWAEV 8 hours: 10 mg/m³. Form: total particulate matter.

TWAEV 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: respirable aerosol fraction.

None.

#### CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)

OEL 8 hours: 10 mg/m³. Form: Metal Dust. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) [aluminum metal and insoluble compounds]

TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m³. Form: Respirable. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Aluminum metal and insoluble compounds]

TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m³. Form: Respirable particulate matter..

## CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [aluminum and its compounds]

TWAEV 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: respirable aerosol fraction.

# CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) [Aluminum pyro powders and metal dust]

STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m³ (measured as Al). Form: Metal dust.

AI). FOITII. Metal dust.

STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m³ (measured as

Canada Page: 9/20

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Mica-group minerals

4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene

barium diboron tetraoxide

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics butanone

Al). Form: Pyro powder.

TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³ (measured as Al).

Form: Metal dust.

TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³ (measured as Al).

Form: Pyro powder.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)

OEL 8 hours: 3 mg/m³. Form: Respirable. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m³. Form: Respirable. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)

TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m³. Form: Respirable

particulate matter..

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)

TWAEV 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³. Form: respirable aerosol fraction.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)

STEL 15 minutes: 6 mg/m³. Form: respirable fraction.

TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m³. Form: respirable fraction.

IPEL (-)

TWA: 0.57 ppm. STEL: 1.71 ppm.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)
[Barium and soluble compounds]

OEL 8 hours: 0.5 mg/m³ (as Ba).

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) [barium and soluble compounds]

TWA 8 hours: 0.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as Ba).

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Barium and soluble compounds]

TWA 8 hours: 0.5 mg/m³ (as Ba).

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [Barium, soluble compounds]

TWAEV 8 hours: 0.5 mg/m³ (as Ba). CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) [Barium and soluble compounds]

STEL 15 minutes: 1.5 mg/m³ (measured as

TWA 8 hours: 0.5 mg/m³ (measured as Ba).

wa a nours: 0.5 mg/m² (measured a

None.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)

OEL 15 minutes: 300 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 200 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 590 mg/m³. OEL 15 minutes: 885 mg/m³.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,

**4/2024)** Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)

Canada Page: 10/20

**Product name HI-TEMP 900 ALUMINUM RESIN** 

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 300 ppm.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)

TWAEV 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWAEV 8 hours: 150 mg/m³. STEV 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEV 15 minutes: 300 mg/m³.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,

4/2021)

STEL 15 minutes: 300 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)

OEL 8 hours: 91 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. OEL 8 hours: 25 ppm.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,

4/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)

TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)

TWAEV 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWAEV 8 hours: 91 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)

STEL 15 minutes: 40 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)

Absorbed through skin.
OEL 15 minutes: 15 ppm.
OEL 8 hours: 10 ppm.
OEL 8 hours: 52 mg/m³.
OEL 15 minutes: 79 mg/m³.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,

**4/2024)** Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)

Absorbed through skin.
TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)

Absorbed through skin. TWAEV 8 hours: 10 ppm.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,

**4/2021)** Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 15 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)

OEL 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m³. Form:

Respirable particulate.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) [silica, crystalline - alpha quartz and cristobalite]

TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form:

Respirable.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)

1-nitropropane

naphthalene

crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)

Canada Page: 11/20

ethylbenzene

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

[Silica, Crystalline (Quartz/Tripoli)]

TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Respirable

particulate matter...

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [Silica Crystalline -Quartz]

TWAEV 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form:

respirable aerosol fraction.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)

TWA 8 hours: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form:

respirable fraction.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)

OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. OEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. OEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,

4/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)

TWAEV 8 hours: 20 ppm.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,

4/2021)

STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

procedures

**Recommended monitoring**: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**Appropriate engineering** controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection **Skin protection** 

: Chemical splash goggles.

Canada Page: 12/20

**Product name HI-TEMP 900 ALUMINUM RESIN** 

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Gloves

: butyl rubber

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Silvery.
Odor : Hydrocarbon.
pH : Not applicable.
Melting point : Not available.
Boiling point : >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 29°C (84.2°F)

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure: Not available.Vapor density: Not available.

Relative density : 1.59

Density ( lbs / gal ) : 13.27

Media

Solubility(ies) : Media Result cold water Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

: Not applicable.

octanol/water

Canada Page: 13/20

### **Product name HI-TEMP 900 ALUMINUM RESIN**

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

% **Solid.** (w/w) : 64.04

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

**Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl

halides metal oxide/oxides

### Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose
dimethyl carbonate	Rat - Oral - LD50	12.9 g/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	2.5 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor	140000 mg/m³ [4 hours]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Rat - Oral - LD50	>5 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and	>5.2 mg/l [4 hours]
	mists	
aluminium powder (stabilised)	Rat - Oral - LD50	>15900 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and	>5 mg/l [4 hours]
	mists	
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>2.7 g/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	13 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor	33080 mg/m³ [4 hours]
barium diboron tetraoxide	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	100 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and	1.5 mg/l [4 hours]
	mists	
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes,	Rat - Oral - LD50	>6 g/kg
isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics		
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
butanone	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	6480 mg/kg

Canada Page: 14/20

### **Product name HI-TEMP 900 ALUMINUM RESIN**

### Section 11. Toxicological information

	Rat - Oral - LD50	2737 mg/kg
1-nitropropane	Rat - Oral - LD50	0.455 g/kg
naphthalene	Rat - Oral - LD50	490 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>20 g/kg
ethylbenzene	Rat - Oral - LD50	3.5 g/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	17.8 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor	17.8 mg/l [4 hours]

**Product Conclusion** 

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Skin corrosion/irritation** 

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory corrosion/irritation** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitization** 

Skin

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
glass, oxide, chemicals	-	3	-
Wollastonite	-	3	-
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	_	2B	-
naphthalene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
crystalline silica, respirable powder	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
(<10 microns)			_
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### **Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

Product/ingredient name	Result
dimethyl carbonate	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
butanone	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

	Canada	Page: 15/20
1		

### **Product name HI-TEMP 900 ALUMINUM RESIN**

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result
naphthalene	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) -
	Category 2
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE)
microns)	(inhalation) - Category 1
ethylbenzene	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE)
-	(hearing organs) - Category 2

#### **Target organs**

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, brain,

central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs,

the nervous system, the reproductive system, liver, digestive system, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, adrenal, muscle tissue.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### Information on the likely routes of exposure

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: Harmful if swallowed.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Canada Page: 16/20

**Product name HI-TEMP 900 ALUMINUM RESIN** 

### Section 11. Toxicological information

### Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatique, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

#### **Short term exposure**

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Potential delayed effects**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

General

: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity

: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
HI-TEMP 900 ALUMINUM RESIN dimethyl carbonate 4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	870.0 12900 13000	3682.1 2500 2500	N/A N/A N/A	762.4 140 33.08	14.9 N/A N/A
barium diboron tetraoxide butanone 1-nitropropane naphthalene	100 2737 455 490	2500 6480 1100 N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A 11 N/A	1.5 N/A 1.5 N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5

Canada Page: 17/20

**Product name HI-TEMP 900 ALUMINUM RESIN** 

### **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species
dimethyl carbonate	Acute - LC50 >100 mg/l [96 hours]	Fish
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	NOEL - Fresh water OECD [Daphnia Magna	Daphnia
	Reproduction Test] 0.48 mg/l [21 days]	
ethylbenzene	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water 1.8 mg/l [48 hours]	Daphnia
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water 1 mg/l	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Result
ethylbenzene	79% [10 days] - Readily

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
dimethyl carbonate Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	0.354 2.8 to 6.5	-	Low High
heavy arom.			
butanone	0.3	-	Low
1-nitropropane	0.79	-	Low
naphthalene	3.4	85.11	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/Water partition coefficient

: Not available.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do

Canada Page: 18/20

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

### **Section 14. Transport information**

	TDG	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic)	(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic)	Not applicable.

### **Additional information**

**TDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.

: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. **IMDG** 

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation **IATA** 

regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

**Proof of classification** 

statement

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous

Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).

### Section 15. Regulatory information

**National Inventory List** 

Canada inventory (DSL) : All components are listed or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Date of issue/Date of

15 February 2025

Organization that prepared

: EHS

the SDS

revision

Canada Page: 19/20 Product code 00440534 Date of issue 15 February 2025 Version 6.02

### **Product name HI-TEMP 900 ALUMINUM RESIN**

### Section 16. Other information

### **Key to abbreviations**

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group

SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

Canada Page: 20/20