# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2023.

Date of issue/Date of revision 17 February 2025 Version 8.02

Section 1. Identification			
Product name	: HPC INDUSTRIAL ALKYD LVOC GLOSS 4308H MEDIUM YELLOW		
Product code	: 00396981		
Other means of identification	: Not available.		
Product type	: Liquid.		
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	: 🖉 onsumer applications, Professional applications, Used by spraying.		
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.		
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.		
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG Architectural Coatings Canada, Inc. 1550, rue Ampère, bureau 500 Boucherville (Québec) J4B 7L4 Canada +1 450-655-3121</li> </ul>		
	PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272		
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)		
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762		

# Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1 This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the</li> </ul>

Canada Page: 1/18

Product name HPC INDUSTRIAL ALKYD LVOC GLOSS 4308H MEDIUM YELLOW

### Section 2. Hazard identification

	protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).	
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Danger	
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS)) Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.</li> </ul>	
Precautionary statement		
General	: Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.	
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.	
Storage	: Store locked up.	
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Supplemental label elements	<ul> <li>Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. DANGER</li> <li>RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE SOAKED WITH THIS PRODUCT MAY SPONTANEOUSLY CATCH FIRE IF IMPROPERLY DISCARDED. IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH USE, PLACE RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE IN A SEALED WATER-FILLED METAL CONTAINER.</li> <li>Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 38.1% (oral), 60.3% (dermal), 82.4% (inhalation)</li> </ul>	

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Product name	: HPC INDUSTRIAL ALKYD LVOC GLOSS 4308H MEDIUM YELLOW
Other means of identification	: Not available.

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
tert-butyl acetate	Acetic acid, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester; tert- Butyl-acetate; tert-Butyl ester of acetic acid; Acetic acid, tert-butyl ester; 1,1-Dimethylethyl ester acetic acid; T- BUTYL ACETATE; tertiary butyl acetate; tBAc; acetic acid, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester; Tertiairy butyl acetate; Butyl acetate	10 - 30*	540-88-5
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; Hydrotreated heavy naphtha (petroleum); Hydrotreated light steam cracked naphtha residuum (petroleum); Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy; Hydrotreated light, steam cracked naphtha residuum, petroleum; Hydrotreated heavy naphtha; Naphtha, (petroleum), heavy, hydrotreated; NAPHTHA	10 - 30*	64742-48-9
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Straight run kerosine; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, medium aliphatic; Medium aliphatic solvent naphta, petroleum; Solvent naphtha medium aliphatic; Solvent naphtha, medium aliph.; Stoddard Solvent; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic; MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM); Straight run white spirit; White spirit type 0, regular flash point; Medium aliphatic solvent naphtha (petroleum) C9-C12	5 - 10*	64742-88-7
titanium dioxide	Titanium oxide; Titanium oxide (TiO2); CI 77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutile; C.I. Pigment White 6; titanium dioxide coated with isopropoxytitanium triisostearate, containing by weight 1,5 % or more but not more than 2,5 % of isopropoxytitanium triisostearate; glass flakes (CAS RN 65997-17-3): — of a thickness of 0,3 µm or more but not more than 10 µm, and — coated with titanium dioxide (CAS RN 13463-67-7) or iron oxide (CAS RN 18282- 10-5); titanium dioxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00; C.I. 77891; E 171; titanium(IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00	5 - 10*	13463-67-7
			anada Page: 3/18
			anada Page: 3/18

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

A chloro a a a trifluorotoluono	Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-;	1 - 5*	98-56-6
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-; Benzene, 1-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl)-; 4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride; 1-chloro-4- (trifluoromethyl)benzene; Toluene, p- chloro-alpha,alpha,alpha-trifluoro-; p- chloro- $\alpha, \alpha, \alpha$ -trifluorotoluene; para- chlorobenzotrifluoride; PCBTF; 4-trifluoromethylchlorobenzene; p- chlorobenzotrifluoride; parachlorobenzotrifluoride		30-30-0
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zirconium salt (1:? ); Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zirconium salt; Zirconium 2-ethylhexanoate; Zirconium salt of 2-ethylhexanoic acid; Aliphatic monocarboxylic acid (C6-28) salt (Pb, Cu, Mn, Zn, Zr, Ce, Cd, Sn, Sr, Co); 2-Ethylhexanoic acid zirconium salt; HEXANOATE, 2-ETHYL-, ZIRCONIUM; ZIRCONIUM OCTOATE; Zirconium 2-ethylhexanoate (component unspecified)	0.5 - 1.5*	22464-99-9
2-butanone oxime	butanone oxime; ethyl methyl ketoxime; ethyl methyl ketone oxime; 2-Butanone, oxime; METHYL ETHYL KETOXIME; METHYL ETHYL KETONE OXIME; ethyl methyl ketoxime; ethyl methyl ketone oxime; N-Butan-2-ylidenehydroxylamine; MEKO; Butan-2-one oxime; Methyl alkyl (C2-4) ketoxime	0.1 - 1*	96-29-7
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	Mixed C9-13-neoalkanoic acids, cobalt salts; C9-13-Neoalkanoic acids, cobalt(2+) salts; Fatty acids, (C=9-13)-neo-, cobalts salts	0.1 - 1*	68955-83-9
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	Neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt (1:?); Cobalt neodecanoate; Cobalt neodeconoate; Cobalt(II) 7,7-dimethyloctanoate; Aliphatic monocarboxylic acid (C6-28) salt (Pb, Cu, Mn, Zn, Zr, Ce, Cd, Sn, Sr, Co); Neodecanoic acid cobalt salt; NEODECANOATE, COBALT	0.1 - 1*	27253-31-2
ethylbenzene	Benzene, ethyl-; Phenylethane; Ethylbenzol; photosensitive emulsion consisting of cyclized polyisoprene containing: — 55 % or more but not more than 75 % by weight of xylene (CAS RN 1330-20-7) and — 12 % or more but not more than 18 % by weight of ethylbenzene (CAS RN 100-41-4); EB; Mono-(or di-) methyl (ethyl,bromoallyl, bromopropyloxycarbonyl orchloropropyloxycarbonyl) benzene	0.1 - 1*	100-41-4

Canada Page: 4/18

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.</li> <li>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. Inhalation : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion **Over-exposure signs/symptoms** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: Eye contact pain or irritation watering redness Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations : Adverse symptoms may include the following: Skin contact irritation dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Section 4. First-aid measures

Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

•	•
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	<ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.</li> </ul>
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	: Ingestion of product or cured coating may be harmful. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

	;	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
occupational hygiene		Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
tert-butyl acetate	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 8 hours: 200 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) [butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [butyl acetates, all isomers] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [butyl acetates] STEV 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWAEV 8 hours: 50 ppm. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 250 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.		
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. titanium dioxide	None. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Mineral Spirits] TWA 8 hours: 525 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Total dust. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)		

### Product name HPC INDUSTRIAL ALKYD LVOC GLOSS 4308H MEDIUM YELLOW

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWAEV 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: total
	particulate matter.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	4/2021)
	STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
	TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	IPEL (-)
	TWA: 0.57 ppm.
	STEL: 1.71 ppm.
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	[Zirconium and compounds]
	OEL 8 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Zr).
	OEL 15 minutes: $10 \text{ mg/m}^3$ (as Zr).
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	4/2024) [zirconium and compounds]
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Zr).
	STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Zr).
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)
	[Zirconium and compounds]
	STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Zr).
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as $Zr$ ).
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)
	[Zirconium and compounds]
	TWAEV 8 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Zr).
	STEV 15 minutes: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Zr).
2-butanone oxime	IPEL (-)
	TWA: 3 ppm.
	STEL: 9 ppm.
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	4/2024) [cobalt and inorganic compounds]
	Skin sensitizer, Inhalation sensitizer.
	TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m³ (as Co). Form:
	Total.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	4/2024) [cobalt and inorganic compounds
	(inhalable)] Skin sensitizer , Inhalation
	sensitizer.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)
	[Cobalt and inorganic compounds]
	TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Co).
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)
	[Cobalt elemental, and inorganic
	compounds] Skin sensitizer, Inhalation
	sensitizer.
	TWAEV 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Co).
	Form: inhalable aerosol fraction.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	4/2021) [Cobalt and inorganic
	compounds]
	STEL 15 minutes: 0.06 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (measured
	as Co).
	TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (measured as
	Co).
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	Canada Page: 9/18

### Product name HPC INDUSTRIAL ALKYD LVOC GLOSS 4308H MEDIUM YELLOW

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	<ul> <li>4/2024) [cobalt and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitizer , Inhalation sensitizer. TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m³ (as Co). Form: Total.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) [cobalt and inorganic compounds (inhalable)] Skin sensitizer , Inhalation sensitizer.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Cobalt and inorganic compounds] TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m³ (as Co).</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [Cobalt elemental, and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitizer , Inhalation sensitizer. TWAEV 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m³ (as Co).</li> <li>Form: inhalable aerosol fraction.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) [Cobalt and inorganic compounds]</li> <li>STEL 15 minutes: 0.06 mg/m³ (measured as Co).</li> </ul>
ethylbenzene	TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (measured as Co). <b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b> OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . OEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . OEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024)</b> TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)</b> TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)</b> TWAEV 8 hours: 20 ppm. <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)</b> STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures	:	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls	•	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	s	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	÷	For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
		Recommended: nitrile rubber
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	•	Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air- fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

		Canada	Page: 11/18
Decomposition temperature	Not available.		
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.		
Flash point	Closed cup: 20°C (68°F)		
Boiling point	>37.78°C (>100°F)		
Melting point	Not available.		
рН	Not applicable.		
Odor	Characteristic.		
Color	Yellow.		
Appearance Physical state	Liquid.		

### Product name HPC INDUSTRIAL ALKYD LVOC GLOSS 4308H MEDIUM YELLOW

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flammability	: Not available.		
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.		
Vapor pressure	: Not available.		
Vapor density	: Not available.		
Relative density	: 1.03		
Density(lbs / gal)	: 8.6		
Solubility/icc)	Media	Result	
Solubility(ies) :	cold water	Not soluble	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.		
Viscosity	Kinematic (room te	Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)	
% Solid. (w/w)	: 54.969	54.969	
Particle characteristics			
Median particle size	: Not applicable.		

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

#### Product name HPC INDUSTRIAL ALKYD LVOC GLOSS 4308H MEDIUM YELLOW

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name		Result		Dose
tert-butyl acetate		Rat - Oral	- LD50	4100 mg/kg
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated he	avy	Rat - Oral		>6 g/kg
			ermal - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium	ı aliph.	Rat - Oral		>5000 mg/kg
			ermal - LD50	>3000 mg/kg
titanium dioxide		Rat - Oral		>5000 mg/kg
			ermal - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
			ation - LC50 Dusts and	>6.82 mg/l [4 hours]
		mists		
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene			ermal - LD50	>2.7 g/kg
		Rat - Oral		13 g/kg
			ation - LC50 Vapor	33080 mg/m <sup>3</sup> [4 hours]
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt			ermal - LD50	>5 g/kg
		Rat - Oral		>5 g/kg
2-butanone oxime			ermal - LD50	1100 mg/kg
		Rat - Oral		100 mg/kg
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt			ale - Oral - LD50	1098 mg/kg
ethylbenzene		Rat - Oral		3.5 g/kg
			ermal - LD50	17.8 g/kg
			ation - LC50 Vapor	17.8 mg/l [4 hours]
Presidente O e restant a re				
Product Conclusion	:	There are no	o data available on the n	nixture itself.
Skin corrosion/irritation				
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no	o data available on the n	nixture itself.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation				
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no	o data available on the n	nixture itself.
Respiratory corrosion/irritation				
		Thora are pr	o data available on the n	aixtura itealf
Conclusion/Summary		mere are no		
Product/ingredient name		Species		Result
			. 1.2.	
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt		Mouse - s OECD 42		<u>Result</u> : Sensitizing
		UECD 42	29	
Skin				
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no	o data available on the n	nixture itself.
Respiratory				
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no	o data available on the n	nixture itself.
lutagenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no	o data available on the n	nixture itself.
arcinogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary		There are no	o data available on the n	nixture itself.
Classification				
			NTD	
Product/ingredient name	OSHA		NTP	
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-	
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	-	2B	-	
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	-	2B		d to be a human carcinogen.
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	-	2B	Reasonably anticipate	d to be a human carcinogen.
	-	2B	-	
ethylbenzene	•	ŀ	+	
	2B, 3, 4			
Carcinogen Classification IARC: 1, 2A,		human carcino	gen; Reasonably anticipated	d to be a human carcinogen
Carcinogen Classification IARC: 1, 2A, code: NTP: Known OSHA: +	n to be a		gen; Reasonably anticipated	d to be a human carcinogen
Carcinogen Classification IARC: 1, 2A, code: NTP: Known	n to be a		gen; Reasonably anticipated	d to be a human carcinogen
Carcinogen Classification IARC: 1, 2A, code: NTP: Known OSHA: +	n to be a		gen; Reasonably anticipate	d to be a human carcinogen

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	Result		
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3		
4-chloro- $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ -trifluorotoluene	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3		
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3		

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated expo	<u>sure)</u>		
Product/ingredient name	Result		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central nervous system (CNS)) - Category 1		
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (gastrointestinal tract) (oral) - Category 1		
ethylbenzene	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 2		
nervous syste Contains mat	erial which causes damage to the following organs: brain, skin, central em (CNS). erial which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, espiratory tract, adrenal, eye, lens or cornea.		

#### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Solvent näphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Inhalation	<ul> <li>Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.</li> </ul>
Skin contact Ingestion	<ul> <li>Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> </ul>

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Product name HPC INDUSTRIAL ALKYD LVOC GLOSS 4308H MEDIUM YELLOW

# Section 11. Toxicological information

	-	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Delayed and immediate effect	ind also chronic effects from short and long term exposure	
Conclusion/Summary	There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains T has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2 classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a li coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 wh product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or m spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vap concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may re adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Sy and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drow and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence the exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud nois cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. In the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingesticause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where know delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of expresence.	2B iquid with no hen the hist from f exposure por esult in m irritation mptoms vsiness e of the at repeated se can If splashed ion may pwn, om short-
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential delayed effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential delayed effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential chronic health eff		
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
General	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prol repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently to very low levels.	dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of expo	sure.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	May damage fertility or the unborn child.	
	Canada	Page: 15/19

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
HPC INDUSTRIAL ALKYD LVOC GLOSS 4308H MEDIUM YELLOW	14982.7	8680.6	N/A	N/A	N/A
tert-butyl acetate	4100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	13000	2500	N/A	33.08	N/A
2-butanone oxime	500	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	1098	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5

# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species
titanium dioxide	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water >100 mg/l [48 hours]	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Acute - LC50 >100 mg/l [96 hours]	Fish
ethylbenzene	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water 1.8 mg/l [48 hours]	Daphnia
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water 1 mg/l	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

: Not available.

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Result
ethylbenzene	79% [10 days] - Readily

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
tert-butyl acetate	1.64	-	Low
2-butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition coefficient

: Not available.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Section 14. Transport information

	TDG	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

- TDG : None identified. IMDG : None identified.
- IATA : None identified.
- intra : None identified.
- Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Proof of classification statement

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).

Product name HPC INDUSTRIAL ALKYD LVOC GLOSS 4308H MEDIUM YELLOW

### Section 15. Regulatory information

**National Inventory List** 

Canada inventory ( DSL )

: All components are listed or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Date of issue/Date of revision	17 February 2025
Organization that prepared the SDS	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

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