SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 28 February 2025

Version 2.02

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

- : SIGMAFAST 278 BASE RAL 7035
- : 000001183260
- : 00437570; 00453938; 00469781
- : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	 PPG INDUSTRIES CHILE S.A. Puerto Madero 9710, Of. 23 Pudahuel - Chile Teléfono: +56 (2) 2571 0750 Fax: +56 (2) 2571 0752
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: +56 (2) 2777 1994 (RITA CHILE)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, brain.
	Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs,
	the nervous system, the reproductive system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 43.2%

GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	To not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.
Classification according to NCh382:	;	3
Label according to NCh2190:	:	

Date of issue

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

CAS number

: Mixture

: 00437570; 00453938; 00469781

Date of issue

CAS number/other identifiers

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
F alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	15 - <20	14807-96-6
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	15 - <20	1675-54-3
xylene	5 - <7	1330-20-7
titanium dioxide	5 - <7	13463-67-7
benzyl alcohol	2 - <3	100-51-6
Phenol, styrenated	1 - <2	61788-44-1
1-methoxy-2-propanol	1 - <2	107-98-2
ethylbenzene	1 - <2	100-41-4
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	1 - <2	68609-97-2
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	0.5 - <1	7779-90-0

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first	а	id measures
Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate medio	ca	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments		Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	÷	May cause respiratory irritation.

English (US)

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Section 4. First aid measures

- Skin contact Ingestion
- Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protection	ctiv	ve equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel		No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	-	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Section 6. Accidental release measures		
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.	

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

English (US)

Version

Tala mat containte a state of		- Miniating of Lissith (Ob. 1. 0/0040)
Alc , not containing asbestife	orm fibres	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018)
		TWA 8 hours: 1.75 mg/m ³ . Form:
		Respirable fraction.
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)pher	lyijpropane	Not regulated.
xylene		Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018) [Xilend
		TWA 8 hours: 380 mg/m ³ .
		TWA 8 hours: 87 ppm.
		STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
		STEL 15 minutes: 651 mg/m ³ .
titanium dioxide		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
		TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m ³ . Form: respirab
		fraction, finescale particles.
benzyl alcohol		Not regulated.
Phenol, styrenated		Not regulated.
1-methoxy-2-propanol		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
		TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 184 mg/m ³ .
		STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
		STEL 15 minutes: 369 mg/m ³ .
ethylbenzene		Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018)
-		TWA 8 hours: 380 mg/m ³ .
		TWA 8 hours: 87 ppm.
		STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.
		STEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m ³ .
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkylo	xv)methvl] derivs.	Not regulated.
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	<i>,,</i> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Not regulated.
Recommended monitoring procedures		e to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to nts for methods for the determination of hazardous juired.
Appropriate engineering	: Use only with adequate ve	ntilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust
controls		ering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne
		commended or statutory limits. The engineering contr
		or or dust concentrations below any lower explosive
	limits. Use explosion-proo	
Environmental exposure		or work process equipment should be checked to ensu
controls		ements of environmental protection legislation. In som
		ers or engineering modifications to the process
	equipment will be necessa	ry to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection measur	es	
Hygiene measures		I face thoroughly after handling chemical products,
nygiene measures		d using the lavatory and at the end of the working perio
		build be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing
		g should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash
		bre reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
	showers are close to the w	orkstation location.
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles.	
Skin protection		

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	
Gloves	: butyl rubber	
Body protection Other skin protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be 	
	selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.	3

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

		-	-		
Appearance					
Physical state	1	Liquid.			
Color	1	Gray.			
Odor	1	Aromatic. [Slight]			
рН	1	Not applicable.	ot applicable.		
Melting point	1	Not available.			
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)			
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°	F)		
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.			
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.			
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.			
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.			
Vapor density	1	Not available.			
Relative density	:	1.7			
Solubility(icc)		Media	Result		
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water	Not soluble		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.			
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.			
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.			

English (US)

Chile

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Product name SIGMAFA	ST 278 BASE RAL 7035			
Section 9. Physic	al and chemical proper	ties		
Viscosity	: Dynamic (room temperature): Not Kinematic (room temperature): >40 Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm	00 mm²/s (>400 cSt)		
Viscosity	: > 100 s (ISO 6mm)			
Section 10. Stabi	lity and reactivity			
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to read	ctivity available for this p	roduct or its in	gredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage	e and use, hazardous rea	actions will not	occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperature products.	es may produce hazardo	us decompos	tion
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following mate oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, str		xothermic read	ctions:
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomport carbon oxides halogenated comport			ing materials

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

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AUU			CILY

øís-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	LD50 Dermal			
phenyl]propane		Rabbit	23000 mg/kg	-
			0.0	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
5	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-
Phenol, styrenated	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5010 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3550 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
oxirane, mono[LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>4000 mg/kg	-
(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]				
derivs.				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	17100 mg/kg	-
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.7 mg/l	4 hours
· · · /	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion								
Product/ingredient name	Result			Species	Score	9	Exposure	Observation
øis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	Eyes - Mild	irritant		Rabbit	-	:	24 hours	-
1 12 1	Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae			Rabbit	0.4	:	24 hours	-
	Skin - Eder			Rabbit	0.5		4 hours	-
	Skin - Eryth		schar	Rabbit	0.8		4 hours	-
	Skin - Mild			Rabbit	-		4 hours	-
xylene	Skin - Mode	erate ir	ritant	Rabbit	-		24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary								1
Skin	: There ar	e no da	ata avail	able on the mi	xture itse	lf.		
Eyes	: There ar	e no da	ata avail	able on the mi	xture itse	lf.		
Respiratory	: There ar	e no da	ata avail	able on the mi	xture itse	lf.		
Sensitization								
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure		Specie	Species		Resul	t	
s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)	skin		Mouse		Sensitizing			
phenyl]propane			N		Constitution			
Phenol, styrenated	skin		Mouse	Ise Sensitizing				
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin				able on the mi				
Respiratory	: There ar	e no da	ata avail	able on the mi	xture itse	lf.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>								
Not available.								
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	e no da	ata avail	able on the mi	xture itse	lf.		
Carcinogenicity								
Not available.								
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
Classification	. more ur							
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NT	P				
s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	-	3	-					
xylene	-	3	-					
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-					
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-					

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
√alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	•••	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, brain.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
benzyl alcohol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	;	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
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Section 11. Toxicological information

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Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		

Section 11. Toxicological information

	-
General	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GMAFAST 278 BASE RAL 7035	23523.2	13112.5	N/A	110.4	14.2
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	15000	23000	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
benzyl alcohol	1200	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Phenol, styrenated	3550	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	5200	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	17100	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
Phenol, styrenated	Acute EC50 3.8 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	EC50 844 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
denvs.	EC50 7.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	LC50 >1.8 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l	Fish	30 days

Persistence/degradability

English (US	Chile	12/15

Section 12. Ecological information

	<u> </u>			•		
Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
Phenol, styrenated ethylbenzene oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	OECD 301F - OECD Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	79 % - Rea	eadily - 28 days Idily - 10 days Idily - 28 days	-		
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biode	gradability
pis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane xylene benzyl alcohol Phenol, styrenated ethylbenzene oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	- - - - -		-		Not rea Readil Readil Not rea Readil Readil	y y adily y

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ylene benzyl alcohol 1-methoxy-2-propanol ethylbenzene oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	3.12 0.87 <1 3.6 3.77	7.4 to 18.5 - - 79.43 160 to 263	Low Low Low Low Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition coefficient

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and
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Section 13. Disposal considerations

contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(bis-[4- (2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane)	Not applicable.

Additional inform	nation
UN	: This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.2.
Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Special precaution	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk to IMO instrumer	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product	 NCh 382 - Hazardous substances - General terminology and classification. NCh 2245 - Material Safety Data Sheet for Chemicals - Contents and section order. D. S. 148 - Sanitary regulations on hazardous waste management. D. S. 298 - Transport of dangerous goods by road. D. S. 374 - Limit for Lead content in paints. D. S. 594 - Regulation on basic sanitary and environmental conditions at workplace.

English (US)

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Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of previous issue	: 1/10/2025
Version	: 2.02 EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods
References	UN = United Nations : ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.