## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3 March 2025 Version : 3



# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : DIMETCOTE 9 LIQUID

Product code : 00335622

Other means of identification

Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Industrial applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

**Uses advised against**: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311 Fax +32-33606435

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Supplier** 

+31 20 4075210

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition**: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Fram. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

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### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** 









Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : Fighly flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from **Prevention** 

heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid

release to the environment.

Response : Collect spillage.

**Storage** : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

280, P210, P273, P391, P403 + P233, P501

**Hazardous ingredients** 

Supplemental label

elements

: propan-2-ol and toluene

: Not applicable.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Not applicable.

**Special packaging requirements** 

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

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## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% by weight	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
propan-2-ol	REACH #: 01-2119457558-25 EC: 200-661-7 CAS: 67-63-0 Index: 603-117-00-0	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≥5.0 - ≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
tetraethyl silicate	REACH #: 01-2119496195-28 EC: 201-083-8 CAS: 78-10-4 Index: 014-005-00-0	≥5.0 - ≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
toluene	REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3 Index: 601-021-00-3	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1] [2]
zinc chloride	EC: 231-592-0 CAS: 7646-85-7 Index: 030-003-00-2	<1.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 350 mg/ kg STOT SE 3, H335: C ≥ 5% M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 10	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

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<sup>[1]</sup> Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

<sup>[2]</sup> Substance with a workplace exposure limit

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#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact**: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids

apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

**Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

**Skin contact**: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

**Ingestion**: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

**Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous combustion** products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special precautions for** fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

#### **6.2 Environmental** precautions

: Kvoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
propan-2-ol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4.
	TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin.
	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 375 mg/m³.
	STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 568 mg/m³.
tetraethyl silicate	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022)
	TWA 8 hours: 5 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 44 mg/m³.
toluene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin.
	TWA 8 hours: 192 mg/m³.
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 384 mg/m³.
	STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
zinc chloride	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Zinc chloride]
	TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m³. Form: Fume.
	STEL 15 minutes: 2 mg/m³. Form: Fume.

## procedures

Recommended monitoring: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure		Value
<mark>p</mark> ropan-2-ol	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	500 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	888 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	Effects: Systemic	26 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral	Effects: Systemic	51 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	89 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	178 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	319 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1-methoxy-2-propanol	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	Effects: Systemic	33 mg/kg bw/day
, , ,	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	43.9 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	78 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	183 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	369 mg/m³

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>-</u>	<del>-</del> <del>-</del>		
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	553.5 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	553.5 mg/m³
tetraethyl silicate	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	1.8 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Short term -	Effects: Local	5.3 mg/m³
	Inhalation		
	DNEL - General population - Long term -	Effects: Local	5.3 mg/m³
	Inhalation		
	DNEL - General population - Short term -	Effects: Systemic	5.3 mg/m³
	Inhalation		
	DNEL - General population - Long term -	Effects: Systemic	5.3 mg/m³
	Inhalation		
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	6.3 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	44 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	44 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	44 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	44 mg/m³
toluene	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	Effects: Systemic	8.13 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term -	Effects: Local	56.5 mg/m³
	Inhalation		50.5 / 3
	DNEL - General population - Long term -	Effects: Systemic	56.5 mg/m³
	Inhalation	<b>E</b> #*	400
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	192 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	192 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	226 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Short term -	Effects: Local	226 mg/m³
	Inhalation	Effectes Oceatemais	000 / 3
	DNEL - General population - Short term -	Effects: Systemic	226 mg/m³
	Inhalation	Effects: Systemis	29.4 mg/kg bu/dov
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	384 mg/kg bw/day 384 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation  DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	
	DIVEL - WORKERS - SHORL TELLI - IIIII AIAIION	Effects: Systemic	384 mg/m³

#### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail - Method	Value
oropan-2-ol	Fresh water - Assessment Factors	140.9 mg/l
•	Marine water - Assessment Factors	140.9 mg/l
	Secondary Poisoning	160 mg/kg
	Fresh water sediment	552 mg/kg dwt
	Marine water sediment	552 mg/kg dwt
	Sewage Treatment Plant - Assessment Factors	2251 mg/l
	Soil	28 mg/kg dwt
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Fresh water - Assessment Factors	10 mg/l
	Marine water - Assessment Factors	1 mg/l
	Sewage Treatment Plant - Assessment Factors	100 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment - Equilibrium Partitioning	41.6 mg/kg
	Marine water sediment - Equilibrium Partitioning	4.17 mg/kg
	Soil - Equilibrium Partitioning	2.47 mg/kg
oluene	Fresh water - Sensitivity Distribution	0.68 mg/l
	Marine water - Sensitivity Distribution	0.68 mg/l
	Sewage Treatment Plant - Sensitivity Distribution	13.61 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment - Equilibrium Partitioning	16.39 mg/kg dwt
	Marine water sediment	16.39 mg/kg dwt

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Hand protection

Chemical splash goggles. Use eye protection according to EN 166.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Gloves** 

: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

Recommended: nitrile rubber, butyl rubber

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid. Colour : Green.

**Odour** Characteristic. : Not determined. Melting point/freezing point **Boiling point or initial boiling** : >37.78°C

point and boiling range

**Flammability** 

: Not determined. There are no data available on the mixture itself. : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion

limit

Flash point

Closed cup: 15.56°C

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
1-methoxy-2-propanol	270	518	

**Decomposition temperature** 

: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

pН

: Not applicable. insoluble in water.

: Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. **Viscosity** 

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

**Solubility** 

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

Solubility in water : 55.8 g/l

Partition coefficient n-octanol/

water (log Pow)

: Not applicable.

Vapour pressure : 4 kPa (30.3 mm Hg)

**Relative density** : 1.03

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

#### 9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of **Explosive properties** 

vapour or dust with air is possible.

**Oxidising properties** : Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

**Evaporation rate** : 2.54 (butyl acetate = 1)

No additional information.

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## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

**10.5** Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly.

Zauses serious eye irritation.

Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose / Exposure
propan-2-ol	Rat - Oral - LD50	5045 mg/kg
	Toxic effects: Behavioral - Altered sleep time	
	(including change in righting reflex) Behavioral -	
	Somnolence (general depressed activity)	
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	12800 mg/kg
	Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence	
	(general depressed activity)Behavioral -	
	IrritabilityGastrointestinal - Nausea or vomiting	
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	72600 mg/m³ [4 hours]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	13 g/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	5.2 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	>7000 ppm [6 hours]
tetraethyl silicate	Rat - Oral - LD50	6270 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	5.878 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	10 to 16 mg/l [4 hours]
toluene	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	8.39 g/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	5580 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	49 g/m³ [4 hours]
zinc chloride	Rat - Oral - LD50	0.35 g/kg

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
halation (vapours)	143.09 mg/l

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Conclusion/Summary** 

**Skin**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Eyes : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Respiratory**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Mutagenicity** 

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
propan-2-ol 1-methoxy-2-propanol tetraethyl silicate toluene zinc chloride	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	- - -	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

#### Conclusion/Summary :

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
foluene	Category 2	-	-

#### Conclusion/Summary

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Conclusion/Summary

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

English (GB) Europe 12/18

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Potential delayed effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Potential chronic health effects

General: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis.

**Carcinogenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity**: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Other information : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding

dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to

unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

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Eliqiisii (GB)	Europe	13/10

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose / Exposure
propan-2-ol	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	10.1 g/l [48 hours]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water Acute - LC50	Fish - Goldfish Daphnia - Daphnia	>4500 mg/l [96 hours] 23300 mg/l [48 hours]
zinc chloride	Acute - LC50	Fish	0.4 to 2.2 mg/l [96 hours]
	Chronic - EC10 - Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	58 μg/l [21 days]
	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	22 μg/l [72 hours]
	Chronic - EC10 - Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	10 μg/l [72 hours]
	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia galeata - Neonate	0.14 mg/l [48 hours]

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Foxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
toluene	-	-	Readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
propan-2-ol	0.05	-	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
tetraethyl silicate	3.18	-	Low
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

English (GB)	Europe	14/18
	<b>=</b> a.opo	1-17 10

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Koc
propan-2-ol	0.54	3.4364
1-methoxy-2-propanol	1.02	10.447
tetraethyl silicate	1.72	52.828
toluene	2.07	117.115

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

#### **Hazardous waste**

#### **European waste catalogue (EWC)**

Waste code	Waste designation	
08 01 99	wastes not otherwise specified	

#### **Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)	Ì
Container	15 01 06	mixed packaging	

#### **Special precautions**

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

English (GB)	Europe	15/18

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## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	=	II	II	=
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(zinc chloride)	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

≤5 kg.

Tunnel code : (D/E)

ADN : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or

≤5 kg.

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation

regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for

user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in

bulk according to IMO

instruments

: Not applicable.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

**Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation** 

#### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

<u>Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous</u> substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	Entry Number ( REACH )
METCOTE 9 LIQUID	3
toluene	48

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## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Labelling : Not applicable.

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

Not listed.

#### **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### **Danger criteria**

Category

**P**5c

E2

## 15.2 Chemical safety

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Abbreviations and acronyms**

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

<b>⊮</b> 225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

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#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Acute Tox. 4 **ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4** Aquatic Acute 1 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Eve Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 Repr. 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 Skin Corr. 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 STOT RE 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE -

Category 2

STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -

Category 3

**History** 

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Prepared by : EHS Version : 3

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