SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 3 March 2025

Version 5.01

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

: STEELGUARD FM 550

- : 00346594
- n : Not available.
 - : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	 PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu Sumare / SP, Brasil 55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Suatrans Cotec 0800 14 8110 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, bladder, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Code 00346594 Product name STEELGUA	RD FM 550	Date of issue	3 March 2025	Version	5.01
Section 2. Hazards	s iden	tification			
		entage of the mixture consisty: 57.8%	sting of ingredient(s) of u	nknown acute d	ermal
	Perce	entage of the mixture consisty: 50.6%	sting of ingredient(s) of u	nknown acute ir	nhalation
		entage of the mixture consis ic environment: 22.7%	sting of ingredient(s) of u	nknown hazards	s to the
GHS label elements					
Hazard pictograms	•				
Signal word	: Dang	er			
Hazard statements	May b Cause Cause Harm May c Suspe Suspe	y flammable liquid and vapo be harmful in contact with s es skin irritation. es serious eye irritation. ful if inhaled. cause respiratory irritation. ected of causing cancer. ected of damaging fertility of ful to aquatic life with long	kin. or the unborn child.		
Precautionary statements			0		
Prevention	proteo heat,	ot handle until all safety pre ctive gloves, protective clot hot surfaces, sparks, open release to the environmen ing.	hing and eye or face prot flames and other ignitior	ection. Keep av sources. No sr	way from moking.
Response	POIS CENT conta water	oosed or concerned: Get m ON CENTER or doctor if yo FER or doctor if you feel un minated clothing and wash for several minutes. Remo nue rinsing. If eye irritation	bu feel unwell. IF ON SK well. Wash with plenty o it before reuse. IF IN E bye contact lenses, if pres	IN: Call a POIS f water. Take o YES: Rinse caut sent and easy to	ON ff iously with o do.
Storage	: Store	in a well-ventilated place. I	Keep container tightly clo	sed.	
Disposal		se of contents and contain nternational regulations.	er in accordance with all	local, regional, ı	national
Other hazards which do not result in classification	subst	nged or repeated contact n ance that may emit formalo at curing temperatures grea	lehyde if stored beyond i		

Brazil

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

CAS number

: Mixture

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
xylene	20 - <30	1330-20-7
Polyphosphoric acids, ammonium salts	20 - <30	68333-79-9
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-methylpropyl ester, polymer with	12.5 - <15	68240-06-2
ethenylbenzene and 2-ethylhexyl 2-propenoate		
melamine	7 - <10	108-78-1
pentaerythritol	7 - <10	115-77-5
titanium dioxide	7 - <10	13463-67-7
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro	5 - <7	63449-39-8
ethylbenzene	3 - <5	100-41-4
toluene	0.1 - <0.2	108-88-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first	а	id measures
Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate medi	<u>ca</u>	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments		In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	;	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

English (US)

Code	00346594		Date of issue	3 March 2025	Version	5.01
Product nam	ie	STEELGUARD FM 550				

Section 4. First aid measures

- Skin contact Ingestion
- May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	uipment and emergency p	rocedures
For non-emergency personnel	cuate surrounding areas. Ke ering. Do not touch or walk th flares, smoking or flames in h vide adequate ventilation. We	g any personal risk or without suitable training. ep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from prough spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. pazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. ear appropriate respirator when ventilation is personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	š ,	to deal with the spillage, take note of any ble and unsuitable materials. See also the cy personnel".
Environmental precautions	ns and sewers. Inform the rel ronmental pollution (sewers, v	and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, evant authorities if the product has caused waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. ht if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eng	glish (US) B	Brazil 4/1-	
Eng	glish (US) B	Brazil 4/1	

Section 6. A	Section 6. Accidental release measures				
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.				
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.				

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters Occupational exposure limits

English (US)

Brazil

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name			Exposure limits		
₩ylene			Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil 11/2001) [Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)] TWA 8 hours: 78 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 340 mg/m ³ .		
pentaerythritol			ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m ³ .		
titanium dioxide			ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m ³ . Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles.		
ethylbenzene			Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil 11/2001) TWA 8 hours: 78 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 340 mg/m ³ .		
toluene			Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil 11/2001) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 78 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 290 mg/m ³ .		
Recommended monitoring procedures	:		riate monitoring standards. Reference to nods for the determination of hazardous		
Appropriate engineering controls	:	contaminants below any recommende	ls to keep worker exposure to airborne ed or statutory limits. The engineering controls concentrations below any lower explosive		
Environmental exposure controls	 Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensu they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. 				
ndividual protection measur	es				
Hygiene measures	:	before eating, smoking and using the Appropriate techniques should be use	bughly after handling chemical products, lavatory and at the end of the working period. In the remove potentially contaminated clothing reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and tation location.		
Eye protection Skin protection	1	Chemical splash goggles.			
Hand protection	:	be worn at all times when handling ch this is necessary. Considering the par check during use that the gloves are s should be noted that the time to break	s complying with an approved standard should emical products if a risk assessment indicates rameters specified by the glove manufacturer, still retaining their protective properties. It athrough for any glove material may be rers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of the of the gloves cannot be accurately		

English	(US)	Brazil
	(/	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

•	• •
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Not recommended: nitrile rubber Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance						
Physical state	1	Liquid.				
Color	4	White.				
Odor	:	Characteristic.				
рН	1	Not applicable.				
Melting point	:	Not available.				
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)				
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 6°C (42.8°F)				
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.				
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.				
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.				
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.				
Vapor density	:	Not available.				
Relative density	:	1.29				
Solubility(ies)		Media	Result			
	1	cold water	Not soluble			
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.				
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.				
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.				
Viscosity	:	Øynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.				
		Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >				

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingree	dients.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occ	cur.
Conditions to avoid	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	I
Incompatible materials	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reaction oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	ns:
Hazardous decomposition products	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde. carbonyl halides metal oxide	

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xy lene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Polyphosphoric acids, ammonium salts	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.74 g/kg	-
melamine	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5190 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3161 mg/kg	-
pentaerythritol	LD50 Oral	Rat	18500 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro	LD50 Oral	Rat	26100 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
5	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation		
xy lene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-		
Conclusion/Summary		-					
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Sensitization							

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	:	There are	e no data a	available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	1	There are	e no data a	available on the mixture itself.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>				
Not available.				
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are	e no data a	available on the mixture itself.
Carcinogenicity				
Not available.				
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are	e no data a	available on the mixture itself.
Classification				
Product/ingredient name		OSHA	IARC	NTP

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
x ylene	-	3	-
melamine	-	2B	-
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
toluene	-	3	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
x ylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-methylpropyl ester, polymer with ethenylbenzene and 2-ethylhexyl 2-propenoate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
melamine	Category 2		urinary system
ethylbenzene	Category 2		hearing organs
toluene	Category 2		-

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, bladder, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

English (US)

Brazil

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure Potential acute health effects		Not available.
Eye contact		Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation		Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact		May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	<u>/sic</u>	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Date of issue

Section 11. Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	1	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	1	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	1	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
STEELGUARD FM 550	6050.1	2891.3	N/A	19.7	2.5
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
Polyphosphoric acids, ammonium salts	4740	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
melamine	3161	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
pentaerythritol	18500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro	26100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Polyphosphoric acids, ammonium salts	Acute EC50 730.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
melamine titanium dioxide ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 200 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours 48 hours 48 hours -

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
kylene ethylbenzene toluene	-		- - -		Readily Readily Readily	/

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
vylene melamine pentaerythritol	3.12 -1.22 -1.7	7.4 to 18.5 3.8 1.26	Low Low Low
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro ethylbenzene	7.46 to 11.48 3.6	- 79.43	High Low
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition coefficient

: Not available.

English (US)

STEELGUARD FM 550

Date of issue

3 March 2025

5.01

Section 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 33
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according	:	Not applicable.
to IMO instruments		

English (US)

Brazil

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

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Date of previous issue	: 11/17/2023	
Version	: 5.01	
Prepared by	: EHS	
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemica IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Good by Rail UN = United Nations 	ls
References	ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.