# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue 3/4/2025 (month/day/year) SDS Number: A00147-5300000044

Version 8

# Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name : DIMETCOTE 302H GREEN RESIN

Product code : 00335609

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Industrial applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

**Uses advised against**: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

C. Supplier's or Importer's

information

**Email Address** 

: PPG SSC (680-090)

19, Yeocheon-ro 217beon-gil, Nam-gu,

Ulsan, Korea

Tel: +82-52-210-8222 Korea.MSDS@PPG.COM

**Emergency telephone** 

number:

**. 1**82-52-210-8331

# Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and

the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol :









Signal word : Danger

Korea (GHS) Page: 1/13

**Product name DIMETCOTE 302H GREEN RESIN** 

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**Hazard statements** :  $\sqrt{226}$  - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** 

: P280 - Wear eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.

P242 - Use non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Response** :  $\mathbb{P}$ 391 - Collect spillage.

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Never use water to extinguish.

P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P321 - Specific treatment (see the label).

Storage : \$\overline{\pi}403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403 + P235 - Keep cool.

**Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

C. Other hazards which do

not result in classification

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **CAS** number/other identifiers

**CAS number** : Not applicable.

Chemical name	Common name	Identifiers	%
<b>Z</b> ínc	ZINC	CAS: 7440-66-6	50 -
			<60
		EC: 231-175-3	
Portland cement	portland cement	CAS: 65997-15-1	10 -<20
		EC: 266-043-4	
Methyl n-amylketone	HEPTAN-2-ONE	CAS: 110-43-0	10 -<20
		EC: 203-767-1	
zinc oxide	ZINC OXIDE	CAS: 1314-13-2	1 - <5
		EC: 215-222-5	
n-Butyl acetate	N-BUTYL ACETATE	CAS: 123-86-4	1 - <5

Korea (GHS) Page: 2/13

Product code 00335609 Date of issue 3/4/2025 (month/day/year) Version 8
Product name DIMETCOTE 302H GREEN RESIN

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

A. Eve contact	: Ch
A. LVE CUITACT	. (711

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

EC: 204-658-1

**B.** Skin contact

: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

C. Inhalation

: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

**D.** Ingestion

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

E. Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### A. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

Korea (GHS) Page: 3/13

Date of issue 3/4/2025 (month/day/year) Version 8

Product code 00335609

**Product name DIMETCOTE 302H GREEN RESIN** 

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- C. Special equipment for fire-fighting
- : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Fire-fighting procedures :
  - : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

- A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
- : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- B. Environmental precautions
- : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
- C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

- A. Precautions for safe handling
- : Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Korea (GHS) Page: 4/13

Date of issue 3/4/2025 (month/day/year) Version 8

**Product name DIMETCOTE 302H GREEN RESIN** 

### Section 7. Handling and storage

B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Product code 00335609

: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### A. Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
Portland cement	ISHA Article 42 (Republic of Korea,	
	1/2020)	
	TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³.	
Methyl n-amylketone	ISHA Article 42 (Republic of Korea,	
•	1/2020)	
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.	
zinc oxide	ISHA Article 42 (Republic of Korea,	
	1/2020)	
	STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m³.	
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³.	
	TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable	
	dust.	
n-Butyl acetate	ISHA Article 42 (Republic of Korea,	
	1/2020)	
	STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.	
	TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.	

Recommended monitoring procedures

- : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
- B. Appropriate engineering controls
- : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** 

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### C. Personal protective equipment

**Respiratory protection** 

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

**Eye protection** 

: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.

Korea (GHS) Page: 5/13

**Product name DIMETCOTE 302H GREEN RESIN** 

### **Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying

and protection
 : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be

different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately

estimated.

Gloves : butyl rubber

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task

being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static

discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**Hygiene measures**: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and

safety showers are close to the workstation location.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

A. Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Green.

B. Odor : Characteristic.
C. Odor threshold : Not available.
D. pH : Not applicable.
E. Melting/freezing point : Not available.

F. Boiling point/boiling

range

: Closed cup: 37°C (98.6°F)

: >37.78°C (>100°F)

G. Flash point : Closed cup: 37°C (98.6
H. Evaporation rate : 0.46 (butyl acetate = 1)

I. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.J. Lower and upper : Not available.

explosive (flammable)

limits

K. Vapor pressure : 0.4 kPa (3 mm Hg)

L. Solubility(ies) : Media Result

<mark>⊭</mark>old water Not soluble

**Solubility in water** : 0.1 g/l

Vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 2.47

Partition coefficient: n- : Not applicable.

O. octanol/water

Korea (GHS) Page: 6/13

**Product name DIMETCOTE 302H GREEN RESIN** 

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

P. Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
peptan-2-one	393	739.4	

Q. Decomposition temperature

: Not available.

**Viscosity** 

S.

: Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

Molecular weight : Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

A. Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

B. Conditions to avoid

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

C. Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

D. Hazardous decomposition products

Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

A. Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

**Inhalation** : May cause respiratory irritation.

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Korea (GHS) Page: 7/13

**Product name DIMETCOTE 302H GREEN RESIN** 

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness dryness cracking

blistering may occur

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

#### B. Health hazards

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>Z</b> ínc	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.4 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Methyl n-amylketone	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10.206 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.6 g/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitization** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Korea (GHS) Page: 8/13

**Product name DIMETCOTE 302H GREEN RESIN** 

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Fortland cement	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
-	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

#### **Potential chronic health effects**

General: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Additional information**

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Chemical name	Identifiers	GHS Classification
<b>Z</b> ínc	CAS: 7440-66-6	PYROPHORIC SOLIDS - Category 1
	EC: 231-175-3	SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES, WHICH IN
		CONTACT WITH WATER, EMIT FLAMMABLE
		GASES - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
Portland cement	CAS: 65997-15-1	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EC: 266-043-4	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) -
		Category 3
Methyl n-amylketone	CAS: 110-43-0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	EC: 203-767-1	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
zinc oxide	CAS: 1314-13-2	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
	EC: 215-222-5	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

Korea (GHS) Page: 9/13

Product code 00335609 Product name DIMETCOTE		f issue 3/4/2025 (month/day/year)	Version 8
Section 11. Toxico	ological information		
n-Butyl acetate	CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Categor SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TO: EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract in Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TO: EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -	XICITY (SINGLE ritation) -

# Section 12. Ecological information

### A. **Ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
<b>Z</b> ínc	Acute EC50 0.106 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 354 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Chronic EC10 27.3 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - <i>Raphidocelis</i> subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Chronic EC10 6.3 μg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic LC10 185 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	30 days
Methyl n-amylketone	Acute LC50 131 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

### B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Methyl n-amylketone n-Butyl acetate		69 % - Readily - 28 days 83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Methyl n-amylketone	-	-	Readily
n-Butyl acetate	-	-	Readily

### C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Methyl n-amylketone	2.26	-	Low
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low

### D. Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition coefficient

: Not available.

E. Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Korea (GHS) Page: 10/13

**Product name DIMETCOTE 302H GREEN RESIN** 

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

### A. Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

#### **B.** Disposal precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **Section 14. Transport information**

	UN	IMDG	IATA
A. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
B. UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
C. Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
D. Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
E. Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized))	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

UN : None identified.

**IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

IATA : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation

regulations.

### F. Special precaution which a user to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or tranportation

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Korea (GHS) Page: 11/13

**Product name DIMETCOTE 302H GREEN RESIN** 

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### A. Regulation according to ISHA

ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)

: None of the components are listed.

**ISHA** article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission) : None of the components are listed.

**Article 2 of Youth Protection** Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth

: It is not allowed to sell to persons under the age of 19.

#### **Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors**

The following components have an OEL:

**ISHA Enforcement Regs**: None of the components are listed.

**Annex 19 (Exposure** standards established for harmful factors)

**ISHA Enforcement Regs** 

Annex 11-5 (Harmful factors subject to Work

**Environment** 

The following components are listed: portland cement, methyl n-amyl ketone, zinc oxide, n-butyl acetate

Measurement)

**Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check-**

up)

Standard of Industrial Safety and Health **Annex 12 (Hazardous** substances subject to control)

ISHA Enforcement Regs : The following components are listed: Methyl n-amyl ketone, Zinc oxide

: The following components are listed: zinc and its compounds, methyl n-amyl ketone, zinc and its compounds, n-butyl acetate

#### B. Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act

: The following components are listed: Zinc and its compounds, Zinc and its Article 11 (TRI)

compounds

Article 18 Prohibited (K-

**Reach Article 27)** 

: None of the components are listed.

**Article 19 Subject to** authorization (K-Reach

Article 25)

: None of the components are listed.

Article 20 Restricted (K-

**Reach Article 27)** 

: None of the components are listed.

**Article 20 Toxic** 

**Chemicals (K-Reach** 

Article 20)

: Not applicable

**Korea inventory** : All components are listed or exempted. **Article 39 (Accident** 

**Precaution Chemicals**)

: None of the components are listed.

Korea (GHS) Page: 12/13

**Product name DIMETCOTE 302H GREEN RESIN** 

### Section 15. Regulatory information

C. <u>Dangerous Materials</u> Safety Management Act : Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid

Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid

Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III

Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited

D. Wastes regulation : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

E. Regulation according to other foreign laws

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for

: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

regulations specific for the product

### Section 16. Other information

A. References : Korean Ministry of Environment; Chemical Control Act

Korean Ministry of Labor; Industrial Safety and Health Act

**NIER Notice** 

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, AQUIRE (Aquatic toxicity Information

Retrieval) ECOTOX Database System.

B. First issue date : 11/2/2018
C. Date of issue/Date of : 3/4/2025

revision

D. Version : 8
Prepared by : EHS

E. Other

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

Korea (GHS) Page: 13/13