SAFETY DATA SHEET ComeX

Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 7 March 2025

Version 8

Date of issue 7 March 2025

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

| Product name | : SIGMACOVER 350 BASE BASE Z |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Product code | : 19a318205 |
| Other means of identification | : Not applicable. |
| Product type | : Liquid. |
| Relevant identified uses of | the substance or mixture and uses advised against |
| Product use | : Consumer applications. |
| Use of the substance/ mixture | : Coating. |
| Uses advised against | Not applicable. |
| Manufacturer | : Comex Industrial Coatings S.A. de C.V. Roberto Fulton No. 4. Colonia San Nicolas, Tlalnepantla de Baz, Estado de México C.P. 54030 Tel. (55) 1669-1800 |
| Customer Service / | |
| Technical Phone Number | : 800 7126-639 (México) |

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

| : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(c) of unknown acute toxicity. |
|--|
| Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 40.2% (oral), 67.7% (dermal), 69% (inhalation) |
| |

GHS label elements

Product name SIGMACOVER 350 BASE BASE Z

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

\$

| Hazard | pictograms |
|--------|------------|



| | v v v |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Signal word | : Danger |
| Hazard statements | H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H313 - May be harmful in contact with skin. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H332 - Harmful if inhaled. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H350 - May cause cancer. H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs, lungs) |
| Precautionary statements | |
| General | P103 - Read label before use. P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. |
| Prevention | P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling. |
| Response | F308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P302 + P312 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P303 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention. |
| Storage | : P405 - Store locked up. P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. |
| Disposal | : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| result in classification | : Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Emits toxic fumes when heated. |
| See toxicological information | n (Section 11) |

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | |
|-------------------|--|
| Product name | |
| Other means of | |

: Mixture : SIGMACOVER 350 BASE BASE Z

identification

: Not applicable.

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|---|--------------|-------------|
| ✓alc , not containing asbestiform fibres | ≥20 - ≤50 | 14807-96-6 |
| Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>≥10 - ≤20</td><td>67924-34-9</td></mw<=1100)<> | ≥10 - ≤20 | 67924-34-9 |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | ≥10 - ≤20 | 14808-60-7 |
| xylene | ≥10 - ≤14 | 1330-20-7 |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns) | ≥10 - ≤20 | 14808-60-7 |
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane | ≥5.0 - ≤10 | 1675-54-3 |
| benzyl alcohol | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | 100-51-6 |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | ≥1.0 - <3.0 | 78-83-1 |
| ethylbenzene | ≥1.0 - ≤3.0 | 100-41-4 |
| 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with | ≥0.10 - ≤2.1 | 220926-97-6 |
| 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine | | |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact | emove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh wa /elids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate med | |
|--------------|--|---------------------|
| Inhalation | emove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not bre egular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respira ained personnel. | |
| Skin contact | emove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroug ater or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents | |
| Ingestion | swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this eep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. | container or label. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| <u>ifects</u> |
|--|
| : Causes serious eye irritation. |
| : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. |
| : May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| |

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

| Notes to physician | : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
|--------------------|--|
| | |

SECTION 4: First aid measures

| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |
|----------------------------|---|
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | | |
|---|---|---|
| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : | If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

| Small spill | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
|-------------|--|
| Large spill | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|---|--|
| Special precautions | : | Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. |

Product name SIGMACOVER 350 BASE BASE Z

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|---|--|
| ralc , not containing asbestiform fibres | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable fraction. |
| Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>None.</td></mw<=1100)<> | None. |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable fraction. |
| xylene | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) |
| Xylone | [Xileno, mezcla] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns) | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable fraction. |
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane | None. |
| benzyl alcohol | None. |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. |
| ethylbenzene | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. |
| 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine | ACGIH TLV (United States) TWA: 10 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable particle. TWA: 3 mg/m ³ (inhalable dust). Form: Respirable particle. |

Key to abbreviations

| С | = Ceiling Limit | STEL | = Short term exposure limit |
|------|---|------|-----------------------------|
| IPEL | Internal Permissible Exposure Limit | TLV | = Threshold Limit Value |
| | | TWA | = Time Weighted Average |

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

| Recommended monitoring procedures | : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |

Individual protection measures

Product name SIGMACOVER 350 BASE BASE Z

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| Hygiene measures | : | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
|--|---|---|
| Eye/face protection <u>Skin protection</u> | 1 | Chemical splash goggles. |
| Hand protection | : | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Gloves | 1 | butyl rubber |
| Body protection | : | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Other skin protection | : | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : | Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. |

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

| | | | Mexico | Page: 7/15 |
|--|---|---------------------------|--------|------------|
| Vapor density | : | Not available. | | |
| Vapor pressure | 4 | Not available. | | |
| Evaporation rate | : | Not available. | | |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | ÷ | Not available. | | |
| Flammability | | Not available. | | |
| Decomposition temperature | : | Not available. | | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 1 | Not available. | | |
| Flash point | : | Closed cup: 31°C (87.8°F) | | |
| Boiling point | 1 | >37.78°C (>100°F) | | |
| Melting point | : | Not available. | | |
| рН | 1 | Not applicable. | | |
| Molecular weight | - | Not applicable. | | |
| Odor threshold | : | Not available. | | |
| Odor | 1 | Not available. | | |
| Color | 1 | Not available. | | |
| Physical state | 1 | Liquid. | | |
| Appearance | | | | |

Version 8

Product name SIGMACOVER 350 BASE BASE Z

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

| Relative density | : | 1.43 | | | |
|--|---|---|-------------|--|--|
| Density(lbs / gal) | : | 11.93 | | | |
| | | Media | Result | | |
| Solubility(ies) | | cold water | Not soluble | | |
| Solubility in water | : | Not available. | | | |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : | Not applicable. | | | |
| Viscosity | : | Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt) | | | |
| % Solid. (w/w) | : | 83.01 | | | |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. |
| Incompatible materials | : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|------------------------|--------------|
| xylene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1.7 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4.3 g/kg | - |
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 23000 mg/kg | - |
| phenyl]propane | LD50 Oral | Rat | 15000 mg/kg | |
| benzyl alcohol | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | 15000 mg/kg >5 mg/l | - 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1200 mg/kg | - |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 24.6 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2460 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2830 mg/kg | - |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 17.8 mg/l | 4 hours |
| - | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 17.8 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3.5 g/kg | - |
| 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | 3.56 mg/l | 4 hours |

Product name SIGMACOVER 350 BASE BASE Z

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| acid, reaction products with | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------|-----|-------------|---|
| 1,3-benzenedimethanamine | | | | |
| and hexamethylenediamine | | | | |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|---|------------------------------------|---------|-------|----------------|-------------|
| xylene | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | mg 24 hours | - |
| F | Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae | Rabbit | 0.4 | 24 hours | - |
| | Skin - Edema | Rabbit | 0.5 | 4 hours | - |
| | Skin - Erythema/Eschar | Rabbit | 0.8 | 4 hours | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 4 hours | - |

Conclusion/Summary Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself. : There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Eyes** Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Sensitization**

| Product/ingredient name | Route of exposure | Ş | Species | Result |
|---|-------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|-------------|
| ቓis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane | skin | ſ | Mouse | Sensitizing |
| Conclusion/Summary | | | | |
| Skin | : There a | re no dat | a available on the mixture itsel | f. |
| Respiratory | : There a | re no dat | a available on the mixture itsel | f. |
| <u>Mutagenicity</u> | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There a | re no dat | a available on the mixture itsel | f. |
| Carcinogenicity | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There a | re no dat | a available on the mixture itsel | f. |
| Classification | | | | |
| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP | |
| vystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | + | 1 | Known to be a human carci | nogen. |
| xylene | - | 3 | - | |
| crystalline silica, respirable | + | 1 | Known to be a human carci | nogen. |
| powder (>10 microns) bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane | - | 3 | - | |
| ethylbenzene | - | 2B | - | |

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Product name SIGMACOVER 350 BASE BASE Z

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| xylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| - | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|--|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Frystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) ethylbenzene 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine | Category 1 Category 2 Category 2 | inhalation - inhalation | - hearing organs lungs |

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, spleen, brain, bone marrow.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| xylene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| benzyl alcohol | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2 |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2 |
| ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

| | Mexico Page: 10/1 |
|---------------------|---|
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
| Over-exposure signs | |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Inhalation | : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. |
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. |

| Product code 19a318205 | Date of issue 7 March 2025 Version 8 | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Product name SIGMACOV | ER 350 BASE BASE Z | | |
| SECTION 11: Toxi | cological information | | |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking | | |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. | | |
| | cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. | | |
| Short term exposure | | | |
| Potential immediate effects | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. | | |
| Potential delayed effects | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. | | |
| Long term exposure | | | |
| Potential immediate effects | There are no data available on the mixture itself. | | |
| Potential delayed effects | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. | | |
| Potential chronic health effe | | | |
| General | : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. | | |
| Carcinogenicity | : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. | | |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | |
| Reproductive toxicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | |
| Numerical measures of toxi | <u>city</u> | | |
| Acute toxicity estimates | | | |
| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg)Dermal (mg/kg)Inhalation (gases) (ppm)Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) | | |
| | | | |

Page: 11/15 **Mexico**

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| SIGMACOVER 350 BASE BASE Z | 6503.7 | 3045.0 | N/A | 26.4 | 3.2 |
|---|--------|--------|-----|------|------|
| xylene | 4300 | 1700 | N/A | 11 | 1.5 |
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane | 15000 | 23000 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| benzyl alcohol | 1200 | 2500 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | 2830 | 2460 | N/A | 24.6 | N/A |
| ethylbenzene | 3500 | 17800 | N/A | 17.8 | 1.5 |
| 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine | 2500 | 2500 | N/A | N/A | 3.56 |

SECTION 12: Ecological information

| <u>Toxicity</u> | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---|----------|--|
| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure | |
| ቓis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane | Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>daphnia magna</i> | 48 hours | |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l | Daphnia | 21 days | |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Acute EC50 1100 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours | |
| ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia | 48 hours | |
| - | Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia | - | |
| 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine | Acute EC50 >100 mg/l | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae) | 72 hours | |
| | Acute EC50 >100 mg/l | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> (Water flea) | 48 hours | |
| | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) | 96 hours | |
| | Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 72 hours | |
| | Chronic NOEC ≥50 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia magna (Water flea) | 21 days | |

Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | | Dose | Inoculum |
|--|--|--|------------|------|------------------------|
| Ethylbenzene 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine | - OECD Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test | 79 % - Readily - 10 9 % - Not readily - 2 | | - | - |
| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | | Photolysis | S | Biodegradability |
| vlene bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane | - | | - | | Readily Not readily |
| benzyl alcohol ethylbenzene | - | | - | | Readily Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

Product name SIGMACOVER 350 BASE BASE Z

SECTION 12: Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | LogP _{ow} | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| ylene benzyl alcohol 2-methylpropan-1-ol ethylbenzene 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine | 3.12 0.87 1 3.6 >6 | 7.4 to 18.5 - - 79.43 - | Low Low Low High |

Mobility in soil

| Soil/Water partition | : Not available. |
|----------------------|------------------|
| coefficient | |

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

| Disposal methods | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, |
|------------------|---|
| | waterways, drains and sewers. |

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | Mexico Classification | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|--------------------|
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | III | | 111 |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. |
| | | I | Mexico Page: 13/15 |

Date of issue 7 March 2025 V

Version 8

Product name SIGMACOVER 350 BASE BASE Z

SECTION 14: Transport information

| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Product RQ (lbs) | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |
| RQ substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

Additional information

| Mexico | : None identified. |
|--------|--------------------|
| IMDG | : None identified. |
| ΙΑΤΑ | : None identified. |

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

| Date of previous issue Organization that prepared the SDS | : 12/20/2023 : EHS |
|---|--|
| Key to abbreviations | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available |

Product name SIGMACOVER 350 BASE BASE Z

SECTION 16: Other information

SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.