SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue

8 March 2025

Version 3

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name : DIMETCOTE 9 LIQUID

Product code : DI9-A.01
Other means of identification : Not available.

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:

Supplier : PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda

Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu

Sumare / SP, Brasil

55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria)

Email address: : HazComLatam@ppg.com

Emergency telephone number

0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Suatrans Cotec 0800 14 8110 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 3

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

Target organs : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the reproductive system, liver, heart, spleen, upper respiratory tract, skin,

central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea, stomach.

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the

aquatic environment: 35.7%

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Product name DIMETCOTE 9 LIQUID

Section 2. Hazards identification

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. **Hazard statements**

Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear

protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor.

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a Response

POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. **Storage**

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture Other means of : Not available. identification

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

%	CAS number	
30 - <60	67-63-0	
20 - <30	11099-06-2	
10 - <12.5	1332-58-7	
7 - <10	107-98-2	
7 - <10	78-10-4	
3 - <5	108-88-3	
3 - <5	12001-26-2	
0.5 - <1	7646-85-7	
	30 - <60 20 - <30 10 - <12.5 7 - <10 7 - <10 3 - <5 3 - <5	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

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Product name DIMETCOTE 9 LIQUID

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the

eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is presented as the seek immediate medical advice.

: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large specific treatments : quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness

Skin contact : Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

gredient name Exposure limits		
Sopropyl alcohol	Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil,	
	11/2001) Absorbed through skin.	
	TWA 8 hours: 310 ppm.	
	TWA 8 hours: 765 mg/m³.	
Kaolin	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)	
	TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable	
	fraction.	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)	
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.	
	TWA 8 hours: 184 mg/m ³ .	
	STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.	
	STEL 15 minutes: 369 mg/m³.	
tetraethyl silicate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)	
	TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.	
	TWA 8 hours: 85 mg/m³.	
toluene	Ministry of Labor and Employment (E	
	11/2001) Absorbed through skin.	
	TWA 8 hours: 78 ppm.	
	TWA 8 hours: 290 mg/m³.	
Mica-group minerals	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)	
	TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³. Form: Respirable	
	fraction.	
zinc chloride	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Zinc	
	chloride]	
	TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m³. Form: Fume.	
	STEL 15 minutes: 2 mg/m³. Form: Fume.	

procedures

Recommended monitoring: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye protection
Skin protection
Hand protection

: Chemical splash goggles.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Gloves

: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

Recommended: nitrile rubber, butyl rubber

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. Color : Gray.

Odor : Characteristic.

pH : Not applicable.

Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point : >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 15.56°C (60°F)
Evaporation rate : 2.54 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas)
Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

Not available.Not available.

Vapor pressure : 4 kPa (30.3 mm Hg)

Vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 1.03

Solubility(ies) : Media Result

cold water Not soluble

Water Solubility at room

temperature

: 55.8 g/l

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity

: Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

Incompatible materials: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

	Species	Dose	Exposure
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	72600 mg/m ³	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	5045 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	6270 mg/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.07 mg/l	4 hours
LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	10 to 16 mg/l	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5.878 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	6270 mg/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	0.35 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral Rat LD50 Oral Rat LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Oral Rat LC50 Inhalation Vapor Rat LD50 Dermal Rabbit LD50 Oral Rat LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal Rabbit Rat LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Oral Rat Rabbit Rat LD50 Oral Rat Rabbit Rat LD50 Oral Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat LC50 Inhalation Vapor Rat LD50 Dermal Rabbit Rat Rabbit	LD50 Dermal Rabbit 12800 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat 5045 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat 6270 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists Rat >5.07 mg/l LD50 Oral Rat >5000 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Vapor Rat >7000 ppm LD50 Dermal Rat 5.2 g/kg LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists Rat 10 to 16 mg/l LD50 Dermal Rat 5.878 g/kg LD50 Oral Rat 6270 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Vapor Rat 49 g/m³ LD50 Dermal Rabbit 8.39 g/kg LD50 Oral Rat 5580 mg/kg

Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Eyes: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

<u>Sensitization</u>

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
sopropyl alcohol toluene	-	3	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

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Section 11. Toxicological information

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
sopropyl alcohol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
tetraethyl silicate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
zinc chloride	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
toluene	Category 2	-	-
zinc chloride	Category 2	-	-

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Target organs

> Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the reproductive system, liver, heart, spleen, upper respiratory tract, skin,

central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea, stomach.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Isopropyl alcohol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact : Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

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Product name DIMETCOTE 9 LIQUID

Section 11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Eye contact

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/

or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
METCOTE 9 LIQUID	N/A	N/A	N/A	143.1	N/A
Isopropyl alcohol	5045	12800	N/A	72.6	N/A
Silicic acid, ethyl ester	6270	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	5200	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
tetraethyl silicate	6270	5878	N/A	11	N/A
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A
zinc chloride	350	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information : Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
sopropyl alcohol	Acute EC50 10.1 g/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
zinc chloride	Acute EC50 22 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 5.64 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	4 days
	Acute EC50 0.2 mg/l	Crustaceans	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.14 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia galeata</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.4 to 2.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 10 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Chronic EC10 58 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	21 days

Persistence/degradability

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Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
voluene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
⊯ opropyl alcohol	0.05	-	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
tetraethyl silicate	3.18	-	Low
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition coefficient

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(zinc chloride)	Not applicable.

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Section 14. Transport information

Additional information

: None identified. **Brazil**

: 33 Risk number

IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation IATA

regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of previous issue 8/19/2023

Version : 3 **Prepared by** : EHS

Key to abbreviations : ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

Goods by Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Rail

UN = United Nations

References : ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014

ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

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Product name DIMETCOTE 9 LIQUID

Section 16. Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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