SAFETY DATA SHEET

DIMETCOTE 9H LIQUID



Date of issue 8 March 2025

Version 17

1. Product and company identification

Product name	: DIMETCOTE 9H LIQUID
Product code	: DI9H-A
Product type	: Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of t	substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	Consumer applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	Coating.	
Uses advised against	Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777	
Emergency telephone number	: 078 574 2777	

2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification	 AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs. (blood system, central nervous system (CNS), systemic toxicity)

2. Hazards identification

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (blood system, central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs, spleen)

Precautionary statements		
General	Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.	
Response	F exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately al contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.	
Storage	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.	
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.	

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number: Not applicable.CSCL number: Not available.			
Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
Sílicic acid, ethyl ester	25 - <50	11099-06-2	Not available.
Isopropyl alcohol	10 - <12.5	67-63-0	2-207
Tetraethoxysilane	10 - <12.5	78-10-4	2-2048
3-butoxypropan-2-ol	7 - <10	5131-66-8	2-2424; 7-97
Mica	7 - <10	12001-26-2	Not available.
Trimethoxy(methyl)silane	2 - <3	1185-55-3	2-2052; 2-2053
iron hydroxide oxide yellow	1 - <2	51274-00-1	Not available.
Ethanol	1 - <2	64-17-5	2-202
Butyl acetate	1 - <2	123-86-4	2-731
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	1 - <2	64742-95-6	Not available.
Xylene	0.2 - <0.5	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60
Ethyl Benzene	0.1 - <0.2	100-41-4	3-28; 3-60
Crystalline silica (quartz)	<0.1	14808-60-7	1-548
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	<0.1	14808-60-7	1-548

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. 	
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.	
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. 	
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. 	

Most important sympton	ns/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health e	effects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Zauses damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/s	ymptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures		
Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Product code DI9H-A Product name DIMETCOTE 9H LIQUID

6. Accidental release measures

Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into
sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an
effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-
combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth
and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13).
Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent
material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for
emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling : Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage : Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Jsopropyl alcohol	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023)
	OEL-C: 400 ppm.
	OEL-C: 980 mg/m ³ .
	Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,
	6/2020)
	TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.
tetraethyl silicate	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023)
	OEL-M 8 hours: 10 ppm.
	OEL-M 8 hours: 85 mg/m ³ .
n-butyl acetate	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023)
	OEL-M 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	OEL-M 8 hours: 475 mg/m ³ .
	Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,
	Japan Page: 5/16

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Gloves	: butyl rubber	
	be worn at all times when handlin this is necessary. Considering th check during use that the gloves should be noted that the time to be different for different glove manu several substances, the protection estimated.	ng chemical products if a risk assessment indicates ne parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, are still retaining their protective properties. It preakthrough for any glove material may be facturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of on time of the gloves cannot be accurately
Hand protection		loves complying with an approved standard should
Skin protection	. enemiesi opison goggioo.	
Eye protection	Appropriate techniques should be	vatory and at the end of the working period. e used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. ore reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and vorkstation location.
Hygiene measures		thoroughly after handling chemical products, before
Individual protection measu	ires	
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requirement	rk process equipment should be checked to ensure ts of environmental protection legislation. In some engineering modifications to the process equipment sions to acceptable levels.
Appropriate engineering controls	or other engineering controls to k below any recommended or statu keep gas, vapor or dust concentr explosion-proof ventilation equip	
Recommended monitoring procedures		propriate monitoring standards. Reference to methods for the determination of hazardous
		silica] OEL-C: 0.03 mg/m³. Form: Respirable dust.
crystalline silica, respirable p	owder (>10 microns)	silica] OEL-C: 0.03 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable dust. Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023) [Respirable crystalline
crystalline silica, respirable p	owder (<10 microns)	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023) [Respirable crystalline
		OEL-M 8 hours: 20 ppm. OEL-M 8 hours: 87 mg/m ³ . Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020) TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
ethylbenzene		Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023) Absorbed through skin. OEL-M 8 hours: 20 ppm.
		Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020) [xylene] TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
		(Japan, 5/2023) OEL-M 8 hours: 50 ppm. OEL-M 8 hours: 217 mg/m³.
xylene		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance			
Physical state	: Liquid.		
Odor	: Characteristic.		
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)		
Flash point	: Closed cup: 12.78°C	; (55°F)	
Evaporation rate	: 2.09 (butyl acetate =	1)	
Vapor pressure	: 4.1 kPa (30.4 mm H	g)	
Relative density	: 1.11		
Solubility/ico)	Media	Result]
Solubility(ies)	cold water	Not soluble	

10. Stability and reactivity				
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.			
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.			
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.			
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.			
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides			

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Sílicic acid, ethyl ester	LD50 Oral	Rat	6270 mg/kg	-
Isopropyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	72600 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5045 mg/kg	-
Tetraethoxysilane	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	10 to 16 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5.878 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6270 mg/kg	-
3-butoxypropan-2-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.2 g/kg	-
Trimethoxy(methyl)silane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>42.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>9500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	11685 mg/kg	-
iron hydroxide oxide yellow	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.05 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
Ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	17100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
light aromatic				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Ethyl Benzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
₩ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500 mg	-

Sensitization

••••••	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Trimethoxy(methyl)silane	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
kopropyl alcohol	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS),
-	Category 3	-	systemic toxicity Respiratory tract
Tetraethoxysilane	Category 1	-	irritation blood system
-	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
-	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
3-butoxypropan-2-ol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Trimethoxy(methyl)silane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Ethanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
-	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
-	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs
-	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Ethyl Benzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
-	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
sopropyl alcohol	Category 1	-	blood system
-	Category 2	-	liver, respiratory organs, spleen
Tetraethoxysilane	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
-	Category 2	-	kidneys
Mica	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Trimethoxy(methyl)silane	Category 2	-	liver, thyroid
Ethanol	Category 1	-	liver
-	Category 2	-	central nervous system (CNS)
Xylene	Category 1	-	nervous system, respiratory organs
Ethyl Benzene	Category 1	-	hearing organs, nervous system
Crystalline silica (quartz)	Category 1	-	immune system, kidneys, respiratory organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effec	ts	
Eye contact	-	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	:	Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the ph	iys	ical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effect	<u>ts:</u>	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ect</u>	<u>s</u>
General	:	Zauses damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	:	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
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44. Taxia ala nia al infamo ati

11. Toxicological information

- Mutagenicity
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity
- : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
METCOTE 9H LIQUID	N/A	141755.7	N/A	476.1	N/A
Silicic acid, ethyl ester	6270	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Isopropyl alcohol	5045	12800	N/A	72.6	N/A
Tetraethoxysilane	6270	5878	N/A	N/A	N/A
3-butoxypropan-2-ol	2200	3100	N/A	N/A	N/A
Trimethoxy(methyl)silane	11685	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
Ethanol	7000	17100	N/A	124.7	N/A
Butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
Ethyl Benzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A

Other information

Folonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
sopropyl alcohol Trimethoxy(methyl)silane	Acute EC50 10.1 g/L Fresh water Acute LC50 >110 mg/l Acute LC50 >100000 mg/l Acute EC50 7640 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish Fish Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish	48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 48 hours 96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Ethyl Benzene	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Fish Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	96 hours 48 hours -

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
Butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days		-		-
Ethyl Benzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability	
Ethanol Butyl acetate Xylene	-		-		Readily Readily Readily	
Ethyl Benzene	-		-		Readily	/

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12. Ecological information

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
sopropyl alcohol	0.05	-	Low
Tetraethoxysilane	3.18	-	Low
3-butoxypropan-2-ol	1.2	-	Low
Ethanol	-0.35	-	Low
Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Ethyl Benzene	3.6	79.43	Low

Mobility in soil	
Soil/Water partition coefficient	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

14. Transport information

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

15. Regulatory information

Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class I petroleums	II	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	200 L

Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

None of the components are listed.

Industrial Safety and Health Act

Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

None of the components are listed.

Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Propyl alcohol, (Propyl alcohol (Includes isomers of alkyl groups.)(2025-04))	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	494, 2-1780 (2025-04)
Tetraethoxysilane	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	(2023-04) 356, 2-1249 (2025-04)
1-Butoxy-2-propanol(2026-04)	≤10	Listed	2-1748 (2026-04)
Trimethoxy(methyl)silane(2026-04)	≤10	Listed	(2026-04) 2-1434 (2026-04)
Iron oxide	≤10	Listed	192, 2-624 (2025-04)
Ethanol	≤10	Listed	61, 2-205 (2025-04)
Butyl acetate, (Butyl acetate (Includes isomers of alkyl groups.)(2025-04))	≤10	Listed	181, 2-603 (2025-04)
Petroleum naphtha	≤10	Listed	330, 2-1142 (2025-04)
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2
Silica, crystalline(2025-04)	≤10	Listed	2-578 (2025-04)
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70, 2-247 (2025-04)

15. Regulatory information

Chemicals requiring notification

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Propyl alcohol, (Propyl alcohol (Includes isomers of alkyl groups.)(2025-04))	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	494, 2-1780
Tetraethoxysilane	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	(2025-04) 356, 2-1249 (2025-04)
1-Butoxy-2-propanol(2026-04)	≤10	Listed	2-1748 [´]
Trimethoxy(methyl)silane(2026-04)	≤10	Listed	(2026-04) 2-1434 (2020-04)
Iron oxide	≤10	Listed	(2026-04) 192, 2-624 (2025-04)
Ethanol	≤10	Listed	61, 2-205
Butyl acetate, (Butyl acetate (Includes isomers of alkyl groups.)(2025-04))	≤10	Listed	(2025-04) 181, 2-603 (2025-04)
Petroleum naphthá	≤10	Listed	330, 2-1142
Xylene	≤10	Listed	(2025-04) 136, 2-426 (2025-04)
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2
Silica, crystalline(2025-04)	≤10	Listed	2-578 (2025-04)
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	(2025-04) 70, 2-247 (2025-04)

Carcinogens based on Article 577-2 of the Ordinance on ISH

None of the components are listed.

<u>Mutagen</u>

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid	: Not listed
Occupational Safety and Health Law	: Inflammable, Combustible
Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	: Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	: Not listed
Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	: Not listed
ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances	: Inflammable, Combustible
Lead regulation	: Not listed
Organic solvents poisoning prevention	: Class 2

15. Regulatory information

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
sopropyl alcohol	≥10 - ≤20	Priority assessment	102
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	49
Xylene	≤10	Priority assessment	125
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	50
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	201
Propane-1,2-diol	≤10	Priority assessment	106
Cumene	≤10	Priority assessment	126
1-Butanol	≤10	Priority assessment	124
Toluene	≤10	Priority assessment	46
Benzene	≤10	Priority assessment	45
Naphthalene	≤10	Priority assessment	76

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available. Law

Explosives Control Law

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Not available. of pollution of the ocean

Maritime Safety Law

Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

Container class

None of the components are listed.

	· · · · ·
Road law	: Not available.
Japan inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.
List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste	: Not listed
JSOH Carcinogen	: 🗭 roup 2B

16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8 March 2025
Date of previous issue	: 8/19/2023
Version	: 17
Prepared by	: EHS

16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous
,	Goods by Inland Waterway
	ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of
	Dangerous Goods by Road
	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods
	by Rail
	UN = United Nations
	hat has shanned from providually issued version

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.